"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair Saturday and Sunday; light west winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,566. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

'LEFTY'S' WIDOW DEALS BLOW TO BECKER DEFENSE

Wife of Dead Gunman Gives Corroboration of the Murder Plot.

BIG SURPRISE TO ACCUSED

Mrs. Rosenberg Heard Rose Tell 'Lefty,' Rosenthal Must Be Killed to 'Fix It' with Becker.

PLITT TO AID WHITMAN

Former Becker Press Agent Turns State's Evidence--Knew of Plans for Slaying.

NOT IN CAR, SAYS VALLON

Third Informer Unshaken Under Cross-Examination by Defense—Young Helps Prosecution.

Mrs. Lillian Rosenberg, the young widow of "Lefty Louie" Rosenberg, one of the gunmen, who was executed for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, took the witness stand in the murder trial of ex-Lieut. Charles Becker yesterday afternoon as a witness for the prosecution. She was on the stand just seven minutes and in that time she dealt the most telling blow to the Becker defense that has yet been delivered. After she had told her simple story the general impression prevailed that District Attorney Whitman had played his best card against the former head of the Strong Arm Squad and that he had made the second case against Becker stronger than the first.

"Lefty's Lillie," as the young woman was called by the gangster's friends, gave that corroboration of the murder plot which District Attorney Whitman had been looking for in vain. This young widow, who cannot be called an accomplice in any sense of the word, and who has every reason in the world to be hostile toward Mr. Whitman, came forward and said that "Billiard Ball" Jack Rose told the truth when he said that he hired "Lefty Louie" and the other gunmen at the instigation of Charles Becker.

Mrs. Rosenberg testified that Jack Rose came to her flat in Southern Boulevard at the very time when the newspapers were filled with Rosenthal's charges against Becker, and told her husband that he and his "pals" would be "framed up with a gun" by Lieut. Becker. There was one way, however, of "fixing" it, Rose said, with Becker. That way, Mrs. Rosenberg said "Lefty" was told, was "by you getting the other boys to kill Rosenthal."

Testifies to Aid Justice.

This was the vital testimony that hit Becker so hard. Mrs. "Lefty Louie" had lost her husband through the District Attorney's prosecution of him. She had been humiliated and was ashamed to appear in public, yet in spite of her dislike for Mr. Whitman and her dread of inflicting injury upon ex-Lieut. Becker, a man against whom she bore no malice, she testified, as she explained to a friend, "in the interest of justice."

And this was not the only rebuff which Becker received in the course of a day during which eighteen of the prosecution's witnesses were heard. There were two other very important developments.

First, it became known that Charles B. Plitt, once Becker's press agent and confidential man, had turned State's evidence. Through Plitt, it is expected, Mr. Whitman will show that Becker personally "let him in" on matters pertaining to the murder. Plitt was arrested about a year ago on charges of perjury and indictments are still threatening. His reputation has suffered, and this may mitigate the weight of his testimony, but there is no gainsaying that he would be an important witness.

Another Point Against Becker.

Still another point scored against Becker was the testimony of George H. Young, who was secretary to George S. Dougherty when the latter was Second Deputy Police Commissioner. Mr. Young swore that he had seen Becker in Mr. Dougherty's office on July 18, 1912, and that Becker had seen Rose, who had not surrendered himself, in the inner office talking to Mr. Dougherty. According to Mr. Young, Becker expressed gratification at seeing Rose in custody and said that he was just on his way to tell Mr. Dougherty that he knew something about Rose and where he probably could be found.

Using the testimony of Mr. Young, Mr. Whitman will point out that Becker knew where Rose was in hiding all the time Rose was wanted, but that he made no attempt to arrest him. It was the night before, on July 17, that Becker had obtained the affidavit from Rose in which Rose swore that it was he and not Becker who had financed Rosenthal in the gambling business. Mr. Whitman believes that Becker intended to arrest Rose after getting possession of this affidavit.

On top of all this the jury heard the story of the murder from the lips of Harry Vallon, the third of the informers in the prosecution's case. Like Jack Rose and "Bridgie" Webber, Vallon stood up well under cross-examination.

Continued on Page 4.

FIRES MINES WITH RAYS.

Ulivi's Invention Successful Under Rigid Tests by Italian Navy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, May 16.—The Chronicle's Milan correspondent wires that Giulio Ulivi carried out fresh experiments at Florence yesterday with his invention for blowing up powder magazines and all explosives incased in metal by means of ultra-violet rays projected from a distance.

While Admiral Fornari was sinking four mines to two-thirds their depth in the River Arno yesterday the inventor transported his apparatus to Mount Senario, ten miles away, and placed it behind the hill town of Fiesole, thus adding to the obstacles between himself and the explosives. Within half an hour of the signal Ulivi by his projector exploded all the mines.

Admiral Fornari subjected the system to a further stringent test by sinking in various parts of the river a number of corded metal bombs containing explosives which he prepared himself. Though the task presented enormous difficulties, owing to the conformation of the river, the young engineer from his position on the mountain took only a quarter of an hour in each case to scour the river bed with his rays and locate the bombs.

Ulivi is about to start experiments with a new apparatus capable of setting off any explosives within a radius of eighty miles.

MARY'S LEG A PIPE STEM.

Small Girl Called Out Fire and Police Departments.

Mary Schwartz, 3 years old, chubby and blonde, disturbed the peace of Harrison, N. J., yesterday by causing the Fire and Police Departments to turn out and a section of a perfectly new concrete pavement to be ripped up. Mary is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Schwartz of 231 Harrison Street. She was playing in front of her father's shop yesterday afternoon, when she saw the end of a vent pipe sticking through the sidewalk alongside the house. Mary had screwed the top off. She tried to investigate the interior of the pipe, and finding that her little arm was too short to reach anything, she pushed her fat little right leg down the vacancy—and then trouble began.

Mary tried to withdraw her leg. It would not come out. Mary found that she was in the terrible position of having one foot in the grave, and promptly began to yell. Passers by stopped and tried to pull her out, but the leg had swollen and they could not budge her.

Her parents rushed out of the shop and took their turn; still no result, except that Mary howled a little louder. Then some genius rang for the Fire Department. The police heard about the excitement and they came on the scene. Every one took a turn at trying to get her out, and as each one tried the others stood manfully by and gave good advice. The physical efforts were as fruitless as the advice; still Mary stuck and still she yelled.

In despair, a contractor was telephoned to and a few minutes later he arrived with six men. He took one look and then put his men to work. The new concrete walk was ripped up, and then as they started to remove the ten-foot length of pipe, a plumber happened along. He took the situation in, and after proving to his satisfaction and Mary's distress that she was stuck harder than ever, he took a steel saw and cut the pipe off below her little foot.

Mary and her section of pipe were removed to her home and the family doctor with the assistance of ice-water and grease finally divorced her from the pipe. Mary was more frightened than hurt. Her leg is only slightly bruised, and the final act of her harrowing experience was the deal her father made with the contractor to have the sidewalk repaired.

INSISTS ROOSEVELT GOT PAY

Lenfesty Still Says Colonel Received Money for Brazil Lecture.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Questioned regarding his charge that Col. Roosevelt had received pay for lecturing in Brazil, following an emphatic denial by the Brazilian authorities concerned, John Lenfesty, President of the Lenfesty Milling Company, said to-night that he stood pat on the interview in London in which he made the statement. He added that he obtained his information from sources he considered trustworthy. Nothing, he asserted, had taken place to "raise any doubt in my mind as to the substantial accuracy" of the charge. He added:

"My information was that the organization before which Col. Roosevelt spoke was the Brazilian Historical and Geographical Society of Rio de Janeiro. I do not recall having heard of the Brazil Historical and Geographical Institute, which makes the denial."

MAYOR A TRAFFIC OFFICER.

Mr. Kravlag of Elizabeth Makes Automobilists Obey Law.

ELIZABETH, N. J., May 15.—Mayor Kravlag has constituted himself a traffic officer on Broad Street, the busiest thoroughfare in this city, for two nights in response to many complaints he has received from citizens who have narrowly escaped being run down by motorists. He stands in the middle of the street when a trolley car comes to a stop and, with uplifted hand, just like a traffic officer in New York, halts oncoming autos and sees that they do not pass the stalled trolley car.

The Mayor says there is no need for his services during the day, as the regular traffic men are on duty then. He has not made any arrests, but he says he will arrest the first autoist who fails to obey the traffic regulations and passes a standing trolley car.

NO AMERICAN NEED APPLY.

Mayor of Montreal Limits His $2,500 Jobs.

MONTREAL, May 15.—Because he was an American citizen, T. McG. Black of Pittsburgh, Park Superintendent of this city, was reduced in office to-day to be temporary Assistant Park Superintendent by Mayor Mederic Martin. Dr. Gadbois, a French-Canadian, was appointed Superintendent in his place.

"I will not have a foreigner drawing a salary of $2,500 a year in Montreal," said the Mayor.

"English, Scotch, Irish, or Canadian, but not foreigners," he insisted.

RECORDS BEAR OUT MELLEN'S STORY

Board of Estimate Minutes Show Westchester Road's Charter Was Changed to Suit Him.

ENGINEERS VOTED DOWN

Their Recommendations That Port Chester Line's Grant Be Forfeited Ignored.

MANY DELAYS GRANTED

Mayor McClellan, Controller Metz, McGowan, and Borough Presidents Voted for Concessions.

The changes in the charter of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Company, which the Board of Estimate granted in 1908 to Charles S. Mellen, then President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, to make the charter valuable enough so that the New Haven Directors were willing to give up $1,200,000, the value of 8,000 shares of New Haven stock for it, as Mr. Mellen testified at the hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission in Washington on Thursday were set forth fully in the minutes of the Board of Estimate between June 19, 1908, and Jan. 19, 1909.

The minutes of the Board meetings show that nearly every request the New Haven Company made was granted. The Board of Estimate consisted at that time of George B. McClellan, Mayor; Herman A. Metz, Controller; Patrick F. McGowan, President of the Board of Aldermen; John F. Ahearn, President of the Borough of Manhattan; Bird S. Coler, President of Brooklyn; Louis F. Haffen, President of the Bronx; Lawrence Gresser, President of Queens, and George Cromwell, President of Richmond. Mr. Mellen testified that he obtained thirteen amendments to the charter of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway. In addition he obtained extensions of time while negotiations were under way for the consolidation of the New York and Westchester line with the New York & Port Chester Railroad Company and, finally, the board consented to a merger of the franchises both companies had obtained several years before.

The most important amendments Mr. Mellen obtained were a change of line from that provided in the original franchise for the Westchester Road and a supplementary agreement under which the New Haven was able to construct a high-speed railway to connect with the subway lines. The story of the New Haven's relations with the city authorities in connection with the Westchester Road begins with a fight which started in the Board of Aldermen in 1904 between the New York, Westechester & Boston Railway Company and the New York & Port Chester Railroad Company as to which should obtain a franchise to build and operate a railroad in the Bronx.

Fight for Bronx Railway.

On July 26, 1904, the Committee on Railroads of the Board of Aldermen, consisting of John J. Haggerty, "Little Tim" Sullivan, Frank Gass, John E. McCarthy, Robert F. Downing, John T. McCall, James E. Gaffney, and Moses J. Wafer, reported to the board in favor of an ordinance granting the Westchester Company the right to cross certain streets and highways and to construct and operate a four-track railway in the Bronx. Charles V. Fornes was then President of the board. Alderman Gaffney asked for immediate consideration, and after a prolonged discussion it was passed by a vote of 62 to 8. Those who voted against it were Aldermen Davies, Goodman, Grifenhagen, James, Meyers, Odell, Robinson, and Sturges, all Republicans.

Shortly before the Westchester Company had applied for the franchise, the New York & Port Chester Company had asked for one, but the Westchester Company received the grant after a bitter fight, in which charges of graft were made, which an Aldermanic committee investigated. It was said at the time that the New Haven Road was behind the Westchester line.

This was the last important franchise granted by the Aldermen, for the next year the Legislature passed a bill taking the franchise granting powers from the Aldermen and giving them to the Board of Estimate. Shortly after this bill became a law the Port Chester Company applied to the Board of Estimate for a franchise, and on July 11, 1906, it was granted. The Millbrook Company, a subsidiary of the New Haven, was formed in November, 1906, and it absorbed the Port Chester line. From then on the affairs of the two companies, the Westchester and the Port Chester, were before the Board of Estimate on many occasions, and it was evident that the New Haven, which had obtained about two-thirds of the stock of the Westchester Company, was anxious to merge both lines and operate in the Bronx under one franchise.

Plans for Westchester Line.

The Westchester line was to consist of two divisions, a main line starting at the Harlem River, between Lincoln and Third Avenues, and extending to the city limits on the north, and a branch line, starting from the main line at 180th street and extending to the United States Reservation near Throgs Neck. The tracks of the Port Chester line were to run almost parallel to the Westchester line. The franchise for the Port Chester line called for the expenditure of $800,000 in construction within two years, or the forfeiture of $125,000. The relation of the companies with each other was set forth in this memorandum, which President Mellen sent to the Board of Estimate on Jan. 10, 1908:

This company (the New Haven) owns all the stock of the Millbrook Company, a

Continued on Page 3.

The First-born by Frederick W. Elwell

A beautiful picture by The Times's new process of printing, rotogravure, in half-page size, uncreased.

TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

DIES IN FIRE TRYING TO SAVE HIS MOTHER

Harry Halsted Heard in Cafe That His Home Was Burning.

AGED MOTHER A VICTIM

Burned to Death in Her Bed in South Brooklyn Flat—Her Son Trapped by the Flames.

Mrs. Anne Halsted, 65 years old, a widow, and her twenty-three-year-old son Harry were burned to death when their flat at 280 Columbia Street, Brooklyn, was destroyed by fire last night. The son was not in the building when the fire was discovered, and, learning of it after it had gained considerable headway, he hurried there with several friends. His mother's flat, which was on the top floor of the building, was aflame when he arrived, but, although his friends tried to hold him, he broke away from them and rushed in to save his mother.

His charred body was found on the threshold of her room half an hour later by firemen. Mrs. Halsted was burned to death in her bed. She was a cripple, and had been an invalid for a year.

Harry Halsted, according to his friends, was engaged to marry Miss Ruth Carter of 234 Baltic Street, and was waiting until his mother's health should improve before having the ceremony performed. She was able to be on her feet yesterday for a short while, the first time in a year.

The fire started about 10 o'clock. Mrs. Ellen Meade, 76 years old, who has been the housekeeper and nurse for Mrs. Halsted for several months, was filling two lamps in the dining room, which adjoined Mrs. Halsted's bedroom. She had placed a can of kerosene on the floor and struck a match to light a lamp. The match dropped from her hand, and she went to the kitchen for another. The fallen match lighted the fringe of the table cover, and when Mrs. Meade returned the table and oil were blazing. After a futile effort to extinguish the flames Mrs. Meade ran downstairs.

The fire was seen from Summit Street, which intersects Columbia Street near this point, by several boys and their shouts attracted the attention of Policeman Carl Anderson, who turned in an alarm. The cries of fire were also heard in David Davidson's cafe at Summit and Columbia Streets and Harry Halsted, together with Davidson and a group of friends, hurried to the building.

Mrs. Meade, the housekeeper, was found returning to the scene of the fire. Harry and his friends first tried to break in the hall door to his mother's room, but her bed was against it and they were unsuccessful. Young Halstead then dashed into the fire and smoke through the dining room entrance and failed to reappear.

Last night he worked at 140 Water Street, Manhattan. He was an agent for T. S. & J. D. Negus, manufacturers of nautical instruments.

TWO BABIES DIE IN FIRE.

Sixteen Excited Families Saved from East Side Tenement.

Rose Hirsch, 3 years, and her brother, Isidor, 13 months, children of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Hirsch, were burned to death yesterday afternoon while they were alone in the home of their parents on the third floor of a six-story tenement, 521 East Eleventh Street, between Avenues A and B. The fire swept through the four-room flat, burning the boy in his carriage. The body of the girl was found under a couch.

Fireman Raymond Seaman of Engine 28, responding to a still alarm, arrived at the burning apartment just as Mrs. Esther Roth, living next door, staggered out of it, almost overcome by smoke. With Patrolman Gross of the Fifth Street Station and John Etzel, he took sixteen families to the street, all of them hysterical. The fire was extinguished while the reserves held back the frenzied women and children of the neighborhood.

When she returned home and found that her little daughter and infant son were dead, Mrs. Hirsch collapsed. Fireman Seaman was badly cut by falling glass.

AUTO SMASH IN 5TH AVENUE

One Car Rams Art Shop and Another Turns Turtle.

Shortly after 11 o'clock last night two big automobiles made the turn at Fifty-third Street and Fifth Avenue south, and two other machines coming west through that street trailed into the avenue at the same moment. Another large touring car was passing south and another north.

The drivers became confused and then things happened. One machine ran over the curb and jammed its nose into the art store of Charles of London. Another hit the curb and turned turtle.

The car which turned over was owned by Sherman Day, a lawyer, of 55 Wall Street, whose residence is at 6 East Forty-fourth Street. The chauffeur was Arthur Clark, of 364 West Fiftieth Street. Mr. Day and the chauffeur both jumped as the car started to tilt, and scrambled clear of the machine as it toppled over. E. J. Winn, of 242 West Forty-ninth Street, the owner of the car which smashed the art shop, and the chauffeur, Max Casper, of 33 Attorney Street, were unhurt.

Both cars had to be towed to a garage for repairs. Mr. Day's car had a damaged radiator and a broken wheel. The windshield was later gathered up by the police in a laundry basket. Mr. Winn's engine was damaged.

MOUNT VESUVIUS ACTIVE.

Earthquake Shocks Continue Near Etna, Which Also Is in Eruption.

NAPLES, May 15.—Mount Vesuvius again is active. To-night a high column of vapor and tongues of flame are coming out of the crater.

CATANIA, May 15.—Earthquake shocks continue with alarming frequency. Mount Etna is extremely active. A number of the houses weakened by previous shocks have fallen. Fortunately, however, there have been no fatalities as the populace of the city and countryside is camped in the open.

ARREST HOTEL CLERK FOR STEALING GEMS

Employe of the Carlton House Charged with Taking Jewels Sent to Office Safe.

MAID SAYS HE GOT THEM

Senator Colt's Daughter Borrowed Missing Rings and Necklace from Mrs. Herreshoff to Wear to Party.

Alfred Keller, a room clerk at the Carlton House Apartments, an annex of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, was locked up in the East Fifty-first Street Police Station last night charged with stealing two diamond rings and a diamond necklace which were left with him to be put in the safe of the Carlton House by a servant employed by Mrs. Andrew Anthony of Bristol, R. I., a daughter of Senator Lebaron Colt of Rhode Island. Mrs. Anthony had borrowed the jewels from Mrs. Mildred Herreshoff of 620 West End Avenue to wear at a dinner on May 2 at the Hotel Plaza.

Mrs. Anthony could not obtain her own jewels because they were locked up in a safe in the apartment of Mrs. R. L. Beekman of the Ritz-Carlton and the Beekmans were out of town. Mrs. Herreshoff was staying at the Carlton Apartments while her home was being redecorated.

The warrant for Keller's arrest was signed yesterday by Magistrate Simms in the Yorkville Police Court after he had heard statements from Mrs. Anthony, Mrs. Herreshoff, and Mrs. Anne Dickerson, Mrs. Anthony's servant. Mrs. Anthony said that on May 3, the morning after the party at the Plaza, she put the jewels in a manila envelope and handed them to her maid telling her to leave them at the Carlton House office. Mrs. Dickerson said that she left the Hotel Plaza, where Mrs. Anthony was staying, and went to the Carlton House, where she gave the envelope to Keller. She said that when she entered the Carlton House she was carrying packages belonging to Mrs. Herreshoff and a parrot in a cage. Mrs. Dickerson said that she put the cage on a small table in the lobby of the Carlton House while she delivered the envelope to the clerk. The hotel doorman and another clerk in the hotel, according to the police, have recalled the fact that they saw Mrs. Dickerson enter thus burdened and give the envelope to Keller. Mrs. Dickerson identified Keller as the man who received the envelope.

When Mrs. Herreshoff called at the hotel office for the jewels, she found that there was no record that they had been deposited in the hotel safe. When Keller was questioned, he said that he had never seen Mrs. Dickerson or the envelope.

After his arrest Keller denied the charges again. At the police station last night he said that he was a Swiss, 27 years old, and that he had taken a place in a New York hotel to study American hotel management. His father is a municipal engineer in Switzerland, and a man of property and good social standing.

KILLS WIFE, BLINDS HIMSELF

Husband Heeds Cancer Victim's Supplications and Tries to Die, Too.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 15.—The question of the right to die has been raised again by a tragedy at Herschberg, in Silesia.

Dr. Timme, headmaster of a school there, killed his wife and then attempted to commit suicide. He told the police that his wife suffered such pain from an incurable cancer that for weeks she had implored him to put an end to her sufferings. At last he decided to do so and to take his own life at the same time.

This morning his wife was found dead in bed and Timme gravely wounded. If he recovers he will be blind, as his sight is destroyed.

HAD TWO APPENDICES.

Operation Revealed Condition Unusual in Human Beings.

Dr. Harry M. Biffar of 220 Fourteenth Street, College Point, reported that he had found two appendices in his patient after he had operated yesterday in St. Mary's Hospital on Thomas Smart, 13 years old, son of Thomas E. Smart, proprietor of a hotel in College Point.

The extra appendix branched off from the usual appendix, he said, and was inclosed in a blind pouch about four inches long. The usual appendix was diseased. When it was removed the patient's anatomical curiosity was removed with it. Both were preserved.

"This is the first case of the kind that has ever come to my attention," said Dr. Biffar, "but it is not rare among lower animals for two appendices to exist."

There are a few other cases on record wherein two appendices have been found.

MILLINERS AS CRIMINALS.

Their Measurements Taken When Fined for Labor Law Violation.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 15.—Ten of the leading milliners of this city held an indignation meeting to-night and protested that they had been wronged in two things. They were arrested and fined in a police court to-day because they violated the State law prohibiting them from employing girls after 10 o'clock at night, and when they were brought to the police station their physical measurements were taken.

The labor law was recently put on the Connecticut statute books and is being enforced for the first time by the Factory Inspectors. The milliners were fined $3 and costs each. Previously they were taken to the lock-up and their measurements registered, as is done in the case of criminal offenders.

THE ALL-TOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At the Schulte Stores. —Adv.

PEACE MEETING PUT OFF TWO DAYS; PROTEST TO HUERTA ON PARKS'S DEATH

Silliman Safe and on Way to Capital From Saltillo, British Ambassador Reports

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Vice Consul John R. Silliman, who was imprisoned by Federal officials at Saltillo some time ago, is free and on his way to Mexico City, according to dispatches received to-night by Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador in Washington, from Sir Lionel Carden, the British Minister to Mexico. The dispatch said that Mr. Silliman left Saltillo yesterday for Mexico City.

Gen. Huerta has promised to deliver Mr. Silliman to the Brazilian Legation there and the legation will obtain safe passage for him to the coast.

REBELS COULD EXPEL HUERTA WITH EASE

Cutting Off Capital's Power and Light Would Start Mutiny, Forcing Him to Flee.

BUT THEY PLAN DIRECT WAR

Campaigns of Three Armies Now in Full Swing—Zapata Attacks Suburb of Capital.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—A prominent member of the British colony in Mexico City who arrived here to-day and, because he was returning to the capital, did not wish his name to be used, says that expulsion of Huerta from the city would be easy, whenever the rebels desired to do it, as by cutting the Necaxa power line they would inevitably cause rioting in the capital and probably mutinies among the troops, forcing Huerta to flee.

He adds, however, that, while the rebels are unwilling to join forces with Huerta while the occupation of Vera Cruz by the United States is assisting them against him, they do not wish to have the capital thrown into a state of anarchy, which would make foreign intervention almost inevitable, owing to the large number of foreigners still remaining there.

Europeans are remaining in the capital with but few exceptions, he says, their Governments being unwilling to order them out, although advising those who can leave without inconvenience to do so, particularly the women and children.

The rebels, according to his opinion, know that drastic measures to eliminate Huerta would create a situation that would inevitably react against all Mexicans. He expresses the view that the only reason why the rebels had not rallied to oppose the United States thus far was because its hesitating policy had made them think that Washington did not intend to proceed further. Consequently, he thought, they would not join forces with their former enemies unless they saw that a foreign invasion was inevitable, and that they would not be able to enjoy the spoils of war, even if they triumphed.

This Britisher is firmly convinced, however, that all the Mexicans will oppose Americans, should they proceed further, and, moreover, that the lives of all foreigners in this country will be endangered by any hesitation, when intervention was once begun. He says that the course of the Washington Government thus far has made it practically impossible for foreigners to conduct any business in Mexico, and, therefore, some drastic action soon is inevitable.

He, with other Britishers, think their Government would not have acquiesced in the course Washington has followed unless assured that the matter would be pushed to a finish.

Gen. José Refugio Velasco, who was driven out of Torreon by Villa and arrived at the capital with a fragment of his command, has left Mexico City for the north, accompanied by Gen. Pascual Orozco. A report is current among refugees arriving from the capital to-day that they are on a mission to arrange for an understanding between the Federals and the rebels, looking toward concerted action should an invasion be begun by United States forces.

Refugees from San Luis Potosi state that the Federals, in anticipation of leaving that city, have dynamited many buildings and looted many houses. It is said that foreigners, regardless of nationality, are leaving there as fast as possible, many even attempting to make their way southward overland by horseback or afoot.

According to reports here, Huerta's supply of ammunition is much better than that of the rebels, since he is able to obtain some from Japan, as well as some which is being transshipped through Canada and is landed by small craft at west coast points.

CAPITAL SUBURB ATTACKED.

Zapata's Forces Strike at Topilejo —British Prepare for Defense.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—Private advices from Mexico City report that the Federals at Topilejo, eighteen miles south of the capital, were attacked yesterday by the Zapatistas. No details of the encounter were received.

Continued on Page 2.

BRYAN'S FREE CARS DECLINED BY ENVOYS

Huerta's Delegates Refuse to Accept Any Favors from the State Department.

AGENT SENT TO GREET THEM

Stedman S. Hanks, Acting for Bryan, Meets the Party at Jacksonville and Extends Welcome.

Special to The New York Times.
From a Staff Correspondent.

ON BOARD THE TRAIN WITH THE HUERTA PEACE DELEGATION, Savannah, Ga., May 15.—Following the precedent they set at Vera Cruz, where they refused to accept hospitalities and offers of transportation from the United States Government, the Huerta delegates insisted on paying their way to the peace conference at Niagara Falls, notwithstanding that the State Department had issued orders to railroad officials to transport the delegates at its cost.

"Secretary Bryan telegraphed to me to fix them up," was the way it was put by A. W. Fritot, Division Passenger Agent of the Atlantic Coast line, who looked out for the Mexicans from New Smyrna, Fla., to Savannah, Ga. The State Department arranged for two cars to meet the delegates' train at New Smyrna this morning. One of these, a drawing room and compartment car, was set aside for their use.

Confusion attended the departure of the Mexicans from Key West, and the train left there one hour and twenty-five minutes late last night. No special car had been provided for the delegates and their party owing to a misunderstanding, and as they insisted on a special car, the other passengers were crowded into the remaining cars amid much protest. Among these passengers were Lieut. Gov. J. J. McAllister of Oklahoma and his wife, who were returning from a trip to Havana.

To accommodate all the passengers one sleeper, which usually is dropped at Miami in the small hours of the morning, ran through to Jacksonville, and one passenger was allowed to have a free ride to Miami to save a damage suit he might have instituted for the loss of sleep. At New Smyrna the Mexican party was transferred to a drawing room car. Here Mr. Fritot took charge for the party. He not only knows Spanish, but he had charge of various filibustering expeditions for the Cubans during the insurrection against Spain. At this place Morton Riddle, general manager of the Florida East Coast Railroad, who had come on the train from Key West in his private car, met the Mexicans, who expressed themselves as being pleased with the attentions that had been shown to them. All were cheerful in spite of the hot and dusty journey, even the little six months' old son of Señor Martinez del Campo. Señor Martinez del Campo is an employe of the Mexican Foreign Office. He speaks English fluently, and makes all arrangements for the party, assisted by Señor Rafael Elguero, Secretary of the delegation. He sent several telegrams en route.

When told that the opening of the conference had been postponed to Wednesday Señor Elguero expressed relief.

"It will give us a chance to rest up," he said.

The train reached Jacksonville at 2:10 o'clock this afternoon, having made up the time lost at Key West. Stedman S. Hanks, representing the State Department, came on board there. He said he held no official post.

"I have only come to help the Mexican delegates," he said.

The delegates maintained the silence throughout the trip to which they had set themselves since leaving Vera Cruz. They kept to their private car except when passing to and from the dining car at meal hours. Mr. Hanks did not travel in the Mexican delegation's private car. He had a long talk with them soon after leaving Jacksonville and then left them alone. He said they were most polite, but evidently reluctant to accept any favors.

Before reaching Savannah the Mexicans decided to stop in Washington at least over night before proceeding to Niagara Falls. Mr. Martinze del Campo said their plans were not yet definitely settled. They expect to reach the capital to-morrow afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Stedman S. Hanks, who was sent by Secretary Bryan to meet the Mexican delegates to the Niagara Falls Conference and accompany them to Washington, is clerk to the Third Assistant Secretary of State. He is a Harvard graduate and served as private secretary to Whitelaw Reid when Mr. Reid was Ambassador to Great Britain.

ENVOYS HAVE NO CREDENTIALS

Hence Mexico City Thinks Their Mission May Be Futile.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—Some of the refugees arriving here from Mexico City state that the Huerta envoys have gone to the Niagara Falls conference without credentials of any kind. Therefore great doubt was being expressed in political circles there whether they would be allowed to participate in the conference.

This, in their opinion, would leave conditions as they were at the beginning, with the added fact that the United States had demonstrated to the world that it was willing to do everything possible to avoid hostilities.

Demand for Report on Killing of Our Soldier by Maass's Men.

GARRISON WANTS ACTION

No Ultimatum Sent, but "Hostile Act" Is Said to Have Been Charged.

HOPEFUL OF PEACE MEETING

Delay to May 20 Only to Oblige Huerta Delegates, Who Want a Rest.

REBELS FREE TO GET ARMS

This Government Will Not Obstruct Importations Sent Through Tampico.

FEDERALS WON'T BLOCKADE

Return of Their Gunboats Not Expected—"Shadowed" to Safeguard Our Transports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—A message of protest concerning the case of Private Parks, believed to have been executed by Gen. Maass' forces near Vera Cruz, has been sent to the Huerta Government.

It is even said that Huerta has been advised that, unless information as to the soldier's fate is promptly forthcoming, this Government will consider that "an unfriendly and hostile act" has been committed.

One message to Huerta was dispatched yesterday afternoon through Señor Riano, the Spanish Ambassador here, who is handling Mexican affairs. He saw Mr. Bryan, and the subject was discussed. In the conference Mr. Bryan expressed grave concern as to Private Park's safety and either asked Señor Riano to send a message or accepted the Ambassador's offer to do so. But that message was far from an ultimatum. As Señor Riano described it to-night, it was more in the nature of an inquiry, and no answer has come so far.

It is, of course, possible that Mr. Bryan has sent the more urgent communications to Gen. Huerta, reported to-day, through the Brazilian Legation in Mexico City.

There is reason to believe that the difference between the message to Huerta as sent by Secretary of State Bryan and the message the War Department would have liked to send, and, perhaps, believes has been sent, marks the difference in attitude to the whole Mexican question between Mr. Bryan and Mr. Garrison. This difference has appeared sharply in the past, and it was even said that at a recent Cabinet meeting the subject of Mexico was not mentioned for fear that Mr. Bryan and Mr. Garrison would join issues too pointedly.

Mr. Garrison seems to think that the Parks case has passed the stage of inquiry, and that "representations" of a severe character are now being made on the subject. His department, he said this afternoon, had done all it could on the subject and was convinced that Parks was dead. That was the assumption, he said, on which the whole question was referred to the State Department.

"The War Department can do no more," said Mr. Garrison, in effect, this afternoon. "It has done all it can do, and has turned the matter over to the State Department. I am informed that representations on the part of this Government are being made to the Huertista Government. My information is that Private Parks was shot to death and his body afterward burned."

Mr. Garrison was asked if the representations he referred to were identical with the inquiries addressed to the Huerta Government five or six days ago. He replied that they were different, although the details would have to be obtained from the State Department. He said he did not know whether the representations had been made through the "A B C" envoys or through some more direct channel.

"Have you any later information as to whether he was executed?" Mr. Garrison was asked.

"We are assuming," he replied, "that Parks is dead. Our information is to that effect, though I don't care to give our sources."

Aside from this very important development of the situation, conditions to-day seemed to be fairly propitious for the purposes of the peace negotiations. President Huerta has accepted the State Department's explanation that the Lobos Island light was operated by American bluejackets only in the interests of navigation, and will send Mexican tenders to keep the light burning. With almost equal relief it was announced here this afternoon that the perplexing question of what to do with the Vera Cruz "snipers" imprisoned by Gen. Funston had been answered by the simple expedient of discharging all the prisoners.

With these difficulties removed, the

way is left smooth for the conferees to pursue their way until some solution of the larger question is found. No one in Washington has believed that negotiations for peace in Mexico could be successful except under precisely the conditions that would eliminate Gen. Huerta. But those conditions are coming nearer to realization every day, and the removal of each new cause for friction increases the opportunity of success for the deliberate policy of the United States.

Mexicans Suggest Postponement.

Either for reasons of their own or by happy accident the Huertista delegates to the Niagara Falls conference helped this policy to its fulfillment to-day by indicating to the South American Envoys that a postponement of the opening session of the conference from Monday, May 18, to Wednesday, May 20, would better suit their convenience. The "A B C" diplomats promptly communicated this suggestion to the State Department, where it was, of course, promptly acquiesced in. The only explanation given for this delay was that the rapid and continuous travel of the Mexican delegates by uncertain schedules had fatigued them, and time for recuperation in Washington was desired. The advanced age of at least one of the delegates would make the explanation sufficient. But the hint was not lacking here that the Mexican Commissioners wanted more time to agree among themselves as to the attitude they should assume on particular questions that would naturally arise at Niagara Falls.

Señor Riano, the Spanish Ambassador in Washington, who has looked out for Mexican interests here since Señor Algara R. de Terreros, the Mexican Chargé d'Affaires, received his passports, had arranged to entertain the Mexican delegates at breakfast to-morrow if they reached Washington in time. If the original programme had held the envoys would have had to leave Washington almost at once in order to reach Niagara Falls comfortably in time for convening of the conference on Monday. As it is, they are expected to linger here a little, while Mr. Lehmann and Justice Lamar, the American representatives, will probably delay their departure until Monday. It is not impossible that the plan for the special diplomatic train to take Commissioners and envoys together from Washington will be revived.

The hint as to a significant reason for the delay proposed by Gen. Huerta's delegates, slight as it was, was enough to hold out the further hope that since the fall of Tampico they were considering some change in their attitude. Such a modification growing out of a severe reverse, it was explained, could hardly be other than a step in the direction of compliance with demands of the United States. But these suggestions, while interesting in themselves, have not the slightest official sanction, and it is even doubtful whether any one in Washington, Señor Riano, has pertinent information.

The first interpretation placed, upon the announcement of the postponed conference was that the A B C envoys hoped that by an extension of time Gen. Carranza might be persuaded to participate in the conference. But State Department officials denied flatly that the had any intimation that the rebel leaders had receded from their original position or had again been invited by the South Americans to send representatives. Indeed, it was apparent that the State Department saw no hope that the rebels, flushed with their unexpectedly easy victory at Tampico, would weaken in their independent attitude.

Willing That Rebels Should Fight On.

It is not going too far to add that this attitude is not now altogether displeasing to officials here. Any indication of willingness by the Constitutionalist leaders to participate in the Niagara conference would indicate a willingness to let up in their relentless pursuit of Gen. Huerta. What the Administration desires is that Villa and his associates shall drive Huerta from power as fast as possible. Washington officials will be willing then to let direct negotiations with the victorious Constitutionalists take the place of the Niagara peace parleys, which will then fail for lack of any power in Mexico represented by Gen. Huerta's agents.

Remarks dropped by Gen. Gonzales, who left the successful attack upon Tampico to Rear Admiral Mayo, in command of the American fleet lying off that port, indicated plainly that there would be no weakening on the part of the United States in a bullding made early this morning, Admiral Mayo reported that Gen. Gonzales, under the impression that the two Federal gunboats had been taken by the American fleet, had prepared a letter to the American Admiral, protesting against the supposed violation of Mexican territory, and asking for the delivery of the gunboats to the rebel forces. Dispute over that letter was obviated by the undisturbed departure of the gunboats for Puerto Mexico, and the letter itself was never transmitted to Admiral Mayo.

The almost defiant attitude of Gen. Carranza to the United States in the past, which was tempered only at the peremptory demand of Gen. Villa, was imitated by Gen. Gonzales in his statement to Admiral Mayo that he regretted the Vera Cruz incident, and "hoped it would be settled with honor to his country." Taken in conjunction with his undelivered note about the gunboats, that "hope" was scarcely less than an invitation to the United States to leave the country to the Mexicans.

None of these exchanges with the rebel officers, while perfectly friendly in their tone of delivery, bodes well for American co-operation with the Constitutionalists in the ultimate pacification of Mexico, when the Constitutionalists succeed in their plan of occupying Mexico City. One of the problems that from the outset has caused President Wilson serious thought is the situation likely to follow the fall of Gen. Huerta. A few days ago the report that Zapata would probably break his pledge to Gen. Carranza and forestall the Constitutionalists by storming the capital produced a panic among foreign residents in Mexico City and sent diplomats here hurrying to the State Department making inquiries.

The hope here is, of course, that Gen. Villa himself will capture Mexico City and that Gen. Carranzo will speedily set up some semblance of civil government there. But the United States lately has leaned to a plan by which there would be co-operation between Washington and Mexico City as controlled by the Constitutionalists that would fall little short of a joint administration. Gen. Carranza's repeated declarations on this point, however, make hope of such co-operation increasingly faint, and it is probable that the Washington Government, when the Constitutionalists' victory is complete, will bend its energies to urging moderation on the conquerors and the prompt settlement of just foreign claims.

Won't Stop Arms at Tampico.

This doubt as to the real feeling of the Constitutionalist commander at Tampico will not influence the United States to neutralize the rebel victory by obstructing the importation of arms and munitions through that port. It is even doubtful whetner shipments of arms from the United States to the rebels through Tampico will be stopped. In this respect, as Mr. Lansing, counselor of the State Department, explained this afternoon, Tampico for the rebels will be in precisely the same category as Salina Cruz for the Federals. Both are open for the importation of arms.

"In fact," said Secretary Daniels of the Navy, a little later, "all the Mexican ports are open, even Vera Cruz. Only shipments to Vera Cruz would not get very far inland. As a matter of fact, however, there has been no shipment of arms to Vera Cruz."

The embargo on the exportation of munitions into Mexico now exists along the American frontier, but its legal status is doubtful. The formal embargo proclaimed by President Taft was formally lifted by President Wilson's proclamation. Since the seizure of Vera Cruz, in answer to assertions on the floor of the Senate that Villa was receiving arms from the United States that would soon be used against American troops, the President, through the War Department at first, and subsequently by private agreement with manufacturers of arms, stopped shipments across the border without a proclamation.

Even if the President, by proclamation, should restore the embargo against both Mexican factions, Mr. Lansing explained this afternoon, that proclamation would stop only shipments from the United States. Meanwhile, the Constitutionalists could import at will through Tampico from European dealers in arms. The only check the United States could offer to those importations would be the seizure of the customs house at Tampico. But that would be more than a violation of the armistice with President Huerta; it would be an act of war against the Constitutionalists, and there is absolutely no possibility that the Washington Government will adopt any such course.

The only prospect of a complication at Tampico vanished with the disappearance southward of the two little Mexican gunboats. As long as they remained in the northern waters there was a possibility that they would attempt to blockade Tampico and prevent the revolutionists from availing themselves of their only eastern port. Such a blockade would probably have been "effective" in the diplomatic and naval sense, and the Washington Government would have been at a loss how to deal with it. But the fact that the commanders of the two little boats asked Admiral Mayo's permission to depart indicates that they will not return without his approval.

Taking No Chances With the Gunboats.

The Mexican gunboats were shadowed by the American cruiser Tacoma and two torpedo boats on their southward voyage. It was thought at first that the convoy was a precaution to make sure they did not return. But Secretary Daniels explained this afternoon that chartered steamers and transports were plying back and forth between Galveston and Vera Cruz, carrying refugees, and it was thought safer to make sure that the departing gunboats did no damage to them. Mr. Daniels added, however, that the escort was provided as a precaution of supererogation, as no hostile act was expected.

All the men held as "snipers" at Vera Cruz have been ordered permanently discharged. This action disposes of the cases of the five so-called "South Americans"—in reality Mexicans—who were being held to be tried after the disposition of the protest of the Huerta Government in their behalf.

Secretary Garrison explained to-night that the decision to discharge all of the "snipers" was the result of a conference between Gen. Funston and Admiral Badger. Details of the conference were cabled to Washington by the admiral. The message was taken to the White House by Secretaries Garrison and Daniels, and President Wilson, after learning that all the other "snipers" had been permanently released, directed that orders be sent for the release of the five whose nationality had been questioned. This placed them on an equality with all the others, and at the same time wiped from the "A B C" slate the protest of Gen. Huerta against their detention.

Everything to-day indicated that the Government in general, and the State Department in particular, were determined not to let untoward incidents interfere with the general policy of drifting forward while peace negotiations were pending. It is recognized that this policy is a consistent development of the old watchful waiting" of the early periods of the trouble, though the end is now much more clearly in sight. If the State Department can arrange it, negotiations will continue until the other party to the American difficulty with Mexico has ceased to exist.

At the request of the Baptist Foreign Mission Society, with headquarters in Richmond, Va., the State Department has inquired as to the safety of Miss Ida Hayes. Miss Hayes was in charge of the Madero Institute for Girls at Saltillo. No answer to the inquiry has yet been received, in spite of repeated warnings to leave the country, Miss Hayes resolutely stuck to her post.

No international significance is attached to representations to the State Department to-day by the Italian Ambassador in regard to P. E. Teza. Signor Teza is the Italian representative of the Eagle Oil Company at Montorey. The Eagle Company is a Cowdray concern, supposedly friendly to Gen. Huerta. Teza is supposed to be held to ransom by the Constitutionalists for 10,000 pesos. Secretary Bryan promised the Ambassador to make every effort to get information regarding Teza's whereabouts and to move for his release if the reports should prove to be true.

PREPARE FOR PEACE PARLEY.

Special Wires to Keep American Delegates in Touch with Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., May 15.—Señor Algara, former Mexican Chargé d'Affaires at Washington, is at the Clifton House on the Canadian side awaiting the opening of the peace conference, but he denies himself to all callers.

Robert F. Rose, foreign trade adviser of the State Department at Washington, arrived here this morning and reserved rooms at the Prospect House on the New York State side for Justice Lamar and F. W. Lehmann, the United States representatives. Special wires have been put in the Prospect House in order that this hotel and the White House may be directly connected for telegraphic communication.

MASS DISOBEYED ORDERS.

Huerta Told Him Not to Resist Americans, Says de Morelos.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15.—That President Huerta issued specific orders to Gen. Gustavo Maass, commanding the Mexican forces at Vera Cruz, to offer no opposition to the landing of the Americans there, and that these orders were disobeyed by Gen. Maass on his own responsibility, is a statement vouched for to-day by E. de Morelos, a Mexican architect, on his arrival here from Vera Cruz via New Orleans.

"I had confidential information," said Señor de Morelos, "that Huerta and Gen. Blanquet, Minister of War, had ordered Gen. Maass not to resist the American occupation, but to retreat with his men to the hills.

"I talked with Maass on the evening of April 20. He told me he had received such orders, and that they had not been countermanded. But," he said, "I am going to resist, notwithstanding."

"On receiving news of the landing of Admiral Fletcher's marines, Maass precipitately fled at 9 o'clock on the morning of April 21, leaving his sword, flag, decorations, and personal effects in his residence at the commandencio."

Señor de Morelos is accompanied by his wife, formerly Mlle. Laura Prevet, of Paris, a portrait painter. They remained in Vera Cruz during the fighting, leaving there May 3 on the Norwegian steamer Haakon for New Orleans, arriving here last night.

After Maass' flight, his daughter, Señora Rodriguez, wife of a Spanish resident of Vera Cruz, went, Señor de Morelos said, to the French Consul and begged him to recover her father's sword, flag, and decorations. This the Consul did.

SUTTON IS SET FREE.

Newspaper Photographer Gives a Pledge to Leave Mexico.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—A. J. Sutton, a photographer of The Washington Post, has been released by the Mexicans after three days' imprisonment at Cordoba, during which he was subjected to a severe cross-examination to make him confess that he was a spy. He is to arrive here to-day on the refugee train.

The release of Mr. Sutton, who was first taken into custody with other correspondents in Mexico City last Saturday, was effected by agents of the British Consulate here, who induced Mr. Sutton to promise that he would at once leave the country.

Mexican newspapermen here have been listed at the capital as traitors. In a semi-official document, sent from Mexico City, all those who remained after the occupation are accused of "selling their pens to Fletcher, the invader," and intimation is made that the Federal Government will deal drastically with them when it regains control of Vera Cruz.

The reply of the newspaper men was the publication last night of a new paper, named The Voice of the People, which devotes its entire issue to advocacy of the Constitutionalist movement and denunciation of Huerta.

Surgeon George M. Gulteras, who has been doing duty as medical officer of Vera Cruz, has been ordered to Havana.

Missionary in Danger at Saltillo.

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 15.—Miss Ida Hayes, of Waco, Texas, a Baptist missionary, will be in the city of Saltillo when the Constitutionalist attack is begun, according to word received here to-day. Miss Hayes is a Director of the Madero Institute, a school for girls at Saltillo, and has refused to leave, although warned by the American Consul. She fears that if she abandons the institute it will be used by the Federals as a barracks and probably be destroyed in the fighting.

REBELS ORDER ARMS SENT TO TAMPICO

Present Embargo Applies to Border Points Only, According to Garrison's Decision.

HUERTA COULD BUY HERE

But Would Find It Difficult to Insure Delivery—Might Lose Another Custom House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Constitutionalists will probably receive large shipments of arms and ammunition through the newly captured Port of Tampico, provided that it is not blockaded by the Mexican gunboats. The rebels need them for their campaigns against Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, and Mexico City.

The Wilson Administration has stopped the shipment of guns and ammunition across the frontier, but the order of prohibition applied only to border points. Secretary Garrison and officials of the State Department made it plain to-day that it was not unlawful to ship arms from New York, Galveston, or any other American port to Mexican ports, and that it would not be unlawful at the present time to send munitions of war to Tampico.

The understanding here is that no attempt will be made to stop the shipment of arms to Tampico, so long as friendly relations continue between the American Government and the Constitutionalist leaders. If later the Constitutionalists take a hostile attitude, the Administration will restore the embargo against all shipments of arms, whether by land or sea, into Mexico.

The joint resolution under which the embargo may be established was passed March 12, 1912. The following day President Taft issued a proclamation, forbidding the exportation of arms into Mexico. Under that proclamation an order was issued exempting the Government of Mexico from the embargo.

Madero was then President and Mexico then had been killed and Huerta became President, the Carranza-Villa revolution was begun. Agents of the Constitutionalists here complained to the United States Government that Huerta was getting the benefit of the exemption from the embargo that had been allowed to the Madero Government. The result was the cancellation of the order of exemption, and shipment of arms by land or sea, to either faction in Mexico was forbidden.

As the Carranza revolution grew, the Wilson Administration lifted the embargo, which allowed arms to be shipped to either side in Mexico. This action proved more advantageous to the Constitutionalists than to the Huerta Government. Vast quantities of arms and ammunition crossed the Texas border.

When Vera Cruz was taken the Administration was confronted with the problem of continuing to allow arms to be exported to the Constitutionalists, who might use them against the United States. Instead of reserving the embargo in full the Administration issued orders holding up only the arms sent to border points, without prohibiting shipments by sea. At that time the Constitutionalists held no seaport and they could obtain no arms overland except by smuggling.

Much of the ammunition that previously crossed the border has now been used, and the Constitutionalists need vast quantities of guns and ammunition for their campaign. Already they have ordered large shipments. Most of these will consist of rifles and thousands of rounds of ammunition for them. It is understood that some of the carbines and bullets which were sent to the border and held there have since been reconsigned to Galveston for shipment by sea to Tampico.

Should the Administration later reestablish the embargo and prohibit exports to Mexican ports, the Constitutionalists would be forced to send their shipments to West Indian islands, whence the munitions could be transshipped to Tampico without danger of a blockade.

It is not unlawful to ship arms to Mexican ports for the Huerta Government, but they could not be delivered to Huerta at Tampico or Vera Cruz, and if sent to Mexican ports steps would probably to taken to prevent their entry into Mexico.

The Navy Department was informed by cable by Rear Admiral Badger tonight that the Constitutionalists at Tampico have reiterated their previous verbal assurances that the lives and property of American citizens would be respected at all times. He also reported that the city was quiet and that business was going on with a general feeling that there would be no further trouble there.

The steamer Ypiranga went alongside the dock at Tampico this afternoon. She took some passengers on board and left for Vera Cruz.

EL PASO, May 15.—When word came over the wires from Washington to-day that there was no prohibition against the shipment of arms and ammunition into Tampico from the United States or elsewhere, there was an immediate rush eastward of Constitutionalist purchasing agents and arms and ammunition salesmen to reach the point where they could come into closest touch with shipments.

Roberto V. Pesqueira, personal representative here of Gen. Caranza, said to-night: "This makes it possible for us to enter what munitions of war we wish through sea or gulf ports, as the navy has not placed an embargo on Tampico.

"Constitutionalist officials have little or no fear of a blockade by the Federal gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza. The vessels have not sufficient ammunition and could not establish a complete blockade, and I feel confident that the commanders of those vessels will not attempt such a move."

Mr. Pesqueira said that the Constitutionalists had a large shipment of French artillery waiting to be moved into Tampico.

WIRES ARE UP TO TAMPICO.

Constitutionalists Restore Telegraphic Service to Oil Port.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Constitutionalists at Tampico have restored telegraphic communication, and business can now be transacted by telegraph between that port and points in the United States, according to dispatches to the Navy Department from Admiral Mayo. The Admiral did not give details, but officials here explained that a telegraph line had been put through to the American border.

It was further stated that the Constitutionalists expected soon to operate a train service from Tampico to the border via Monterey.

KEEPING WATCH ON GUNBOATS

The Chester Leaves Vera Cruz to Help Convoy Huerta Ships.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—The Mexican gunboats Bravo and Zaragoza passed here late this afternoon on their way from Tampico to Puerto Mexico. Rear Admiral Badger ordered the scout cruiser Chester out to accompany the Tacoma, which had followed them from the oil port. The Chester carries a strong detachment of marines.

Reports reach here that the rebels at Tampico were much displeased by the withdrawal last month of the American warships from the river near Tampico and the failure of Admiral Mayo to prevent the frequent bombardment of their positions by the Federal gunboats. They also complain of his action in allowing the gunboats to leave for Puerto Mexico without hindrance and still flying the Government flag.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—It is reported that the departure of the Federal gunboats from their anchorage off Tampico was due to a desire of the commanders to communicate with Mexico City from Puerto Mexico by the only telegraph wire open to them. They are probably seeking instructions as to what they shall do with the ammunitionless gunboats, which are virtually useless since the fall of the oil port.

It is understood here that the American vessels are convoying the gunboats to see that the coastwise lights and other aids to navigation are not molested. Wherever the gunboats are finally sent, they will be kept under surveillance by American ships until some settlement of the Mexican trouble is reached.

The two torpedo boats which came south with the Tacoma and the Mexican gunboats, put in here.

BRITISH BACK IN TAMPICO.

Refugees Land from Ships—Town Is Quiet.

LONDON, May 15.—The manager of the Cowdray interests at Vera Cruz cabled to-day:

"Reports from Tampico state that the British families and other British refugees who had sought shelter on board ship have now returned to their homes on shore. The town is perfectly quiet.

"It is reported that the Federal troops are retreating to San Luis Potosi."

REBELS TAKE TUXPAM ALSO.

Federals Go Out, Are Beaten by Rebels, and Flee.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—Tuxpam, in the oil fields south of Tampico, has been evacuated by the Federal garrison and occupied by the Constitutionalists.

The Federals, 500 strong, on receiving word yesterday of the approach of the Constitutionalists went out to meet them. They were overwhelmed by the 2,000 Constitutionalists, however, and retreated upon the town and immediately scattered to the hills.

VILLA FACES A REVOLT.

Arrieta Brothers Refuse to Join Him in Saltillo Campaign.

EL PASO, Texas, May 15.—Word was brought by foreign refugees to-day of the visit of Gen. Venustiano Carranza to Durango to smooth over the differences between the Arrieta brothers, Domingo and Mariano, and Gen. Francisco Villa.

The Arrietas have in their command between 4,000 and 4,500 men. At the time of the siege of Torreon they nominally, at least, paid allegiance to Gen. Carranza and his commander in chief, Gen. Villa, and called themselves Constitutionalists. Gen. Villa ordered them to report before Torreon, but they refused to do so, it is said. Gen. Villa then is said to have issued an order of arrest against them, but no effort was made to enforce it on the brother Generals in their Durango strongholds.

When they heard of the order of arrest, it was said that the Arrietas threatened to join Huerta, but this they later denied, and it was reported that they were agreed to join the Constitutionalist army. According to the refugees, the Arrietas gave Gen. Carranza a most cordial welcome on his arrival in Durango, and pledged allegiance to the Constitutionalist cause and chief, but it is alleged that when Gen. Carranza requested them to report with their men before Saltillo they refused to lead their troops out of the State of Durango.

Refugees assert that it may become necessary for a part of Villa's army to march to Durango to assert the authority of the Constitutionalist chiefs over the Durango Generals and to restore order, which, it is said, has been indifferently enforced throughout Durango for many months.

SONORA REBELS QUARREL.

Gov. Maytorena's Follower Jailed by Pesqueira Soldiers.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., May 15.—Further evidence of dissension between the civil and military authorities of Sonora was disclosed to-day in the arrest and placing in close confinement of Carlos Legaspi, commissario at Agua Prieta.

Legaspi's arrest and imprisonment were ordered by Capt. Chlo Arvizu, commander of the garrison at Agua Prieta, who charged the commissario with conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman in having been intoxicated while on duty, and in failing to recognize military authority. It was asserted also that he had ejected several officers from his office after a quarrel early to-day.

Legaspi's friends declared he was arrested on a trumped-up charge, and that the real cause of his arrest was the fact that he was an adherent of Gov. Maytorena, while Capt. Arvizu and other officers of the garrison were followers of Pesqueira.

It was stated that he would not be released from jail except on orders from Col. Calles at Hermosillo.

VILLA IS EVERYWHERE.

Rushing His Troops Along the Railroad Toward Saltillo.

TORREON, May 15.—Not even the telegraph is able to keep track of Gen. Francisco Villa's movements, according to the reports of the activities of the Constitutionalist chieftain which reach here. Up and down the railroad from Paredon and Hipolite to Torreon he rushes, urging forward lolting troop trains, seeing that the provisions are properly distributed, and looking to the comfort and condition of his precious horses. In expectation of operating in a desert country, a water train of tank cars has been provided.

The repairing of the railroad is going forward rapidly, but it is said here Gen. Villa will press his troops onward in advance of the construction crews.

It is rumored among the Constitutionalists that Gen. Velasco, who commanded the Federals at Torreon, had been sent back by Huerta to regain some of the ground lost in the battle there.

The Federals are believed to be occupying several outlying positions, and it is said they hope to check the Constitutionalist advance at these points, among which are La Mariposa, Santa Maria, and Los Bosques on the east and north, La Paz and San José on the west, and Gomez Farias on the south.

MEXICO WILL TAKE BACK LOBOS LIGHT

Huerta Government Accepts American Explanation That Island Was Not Seized.

PACIFIC BEACONS ARE DARK

Government, Anxious to Protect Navigation, Asks Howard to Make Report on the Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Mexican Government has accepted the explanation of the United States in regard to the alleged seizure of the lighthouse on Lobos Island. The State Department received information to-day to that effect from the A B C envoys. The envoys also informed the department that the Mexican Government had decided to take charge of the light again. It has been maintained by men from the United States torpedo boat destroyer flotilla since it was deserted by the regular keepers.

This arrangement for a settlement of the incident is entirely satisfactory to the United States Government, which had contended that the operation of the light virtually was an international obligation on the part of Mexico, and that if the light was extinguished navigation would be menaced. In its answer to the envoys, who forwarded the complaint of the Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs, this Government denied that there had been any seizure in a military sense, and contended that the terms of the understanding to refrain from hostilities or any aggressive act had not been violated.

The Mexican Government based its assertion that the lighthouse had been "seized" on a so-called certificate given to the light keeper by the commanding officer of the United States destroyer Fanning. As the terms of the certificate were represented to the envoys by the Mexican Government they set forth that the light had been seized for military purposes. While the text of this certificate has not been received here the understanding is that it merely was a written declaration by the commander of the Fanning that he would not permit the light keeper to carry away or destroy certain parts of the machinery of the light, essential to its operation. This Government sustained the action of the Fanning's commander and informed the Mexican Government, through the envoys, that it would not surrender possession of the lighthouse unless the Mexican Government gave assurances that the beacon would be kept burning. This assurance now has been given and the incident may be said to have ended happily.

Lieut. Commander William N. Jeffers, the commander of the Fanning, can find much satisfaction in the closing of the incident. The first report that the light had been taken by men from an American destroyer was denied by Navy Department officials. On the following day, however, the report was confirmed officially, and subsequent investigation disclosed that Lieut. Commander Jeffers had given a certificate that he had taken possession of the light. Officials of the Government were greatly perturbed for a time. It was determined, however, to sustain his action, and now that the affair has ended in a satisfactory way the disposition on the part of the authorities is to believe that the Fanning's commander did the right thing and deserves praise for a display of common sense.

The course of the Mexican Government in the Lobos Island incident is regarded here as a further evidence of its good faith in entering into the peace proceedings. While it has been the opinion of Washington officials that Mexico was inclined to take advantage of every opportunity to find fault with this Government's observance of the existing truce in order that the Mexican representatives at the Niagara Falls conference might add to their build up a stronger case before the envoys, the satisfactory course pursued in the Lobos light affair has produced a very favorable impression.

The Navy Department has taken no action in regard to the extinguishing of navigation lights on the Pacific Ocean side of Mexico, but Secretary Daniels to-day telegraphed to Real Admiral Howard at Mazatlan to forward a report on the subject. These lights were abandoned by order of the Mexican Government. It is probable that the United States will endeavor to arrange through the envoys for the resumption of their operation.

WAS NEAR DEATH AS A SPY.

German Refugee Says Mexicans Subjected Him to Torture.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 15.—Charles Bema, a German, recently released from the Federal prison at Manzanillo on the demand of the German consul at that port, arrived here to-day. Bema asserts that he was subjected to torture while a captive, as a result of which he lost the power of speech for several days.

Bema says he was aboard a steamship in Manzanilla Harbor as a refugee when two Mexican soldiers boarded the vessel and told him there was a money-order awaiting him on shore. He went with the soldiers and was put in jail on the charge that he was "a personal friend of President Wilson."

He was accused later of being a spy and sentenced to be shot, but the German consul intervened and obtained his release.

REBELS COULD EXPEL HUERTA WITH EASE

Continued from Page 1.

but the incident is regarded as an important development by the authorities here.

Topilejo has been the scene of numerous clashes during the last few months, and the engagements are usually indecisive because the Federals never attempt to follow the retreating Zapatistas. It is not thought that the new activity there indicates any intention of a Zapata attack on the capital, as the reported agreement between Zapata and Villa to move jointly against Mexico City is credited here.

The attack will serve, however, to compel Huerta to strengthen his southern line at the expense of the northern front or perhaps the outposts toward Vera Cruz.

Word reached here from Mexico City to-day that British subjects from the interior had been gathered in the concentration districts in the foreign quarter, where it was determined long ago they would protect themselves against whatever arose. More British nationals are reported arriving there by every train, while others are hastening toward the coast. The Britishers in the capital are amply supplied with arms and ammunition, despite the rumors that weapons had been taken from the Legation and from residents by order of Huerta.

The German and Austrian defense organization is also ready to stand a siege, and their nationals, according to report, are being brought together.

Apparently the feeling is general among all foreigners that a few days may see a revolt in the capital because a movement into the districts was planned to be made only when the situation became critical.

In spite of the efforts of the American authorities to get American citizens out of Mexico, there are still about 1,000 in the capital, who appear determined to remain there.

Consul Canada has received word that 700 Americans have registered their names at the Brazilian Legation, expressing their intention of staying. In addition 300 others have not even registered. Many of these are old residents of the capital, whose entire interests are centred in Mexico, and who argue that they would be helpless elsewhere. There are also many from outside points who feel safe in the capital.

Gen. José Refugio Velasco, who was defeated at Torreon with heavy loss and was himself wounded, has been ordered out of the capital to assume the military Governorship of San Luis Potosi. Many regard the appointment as significant, as rumors have been current that Velasco was deeply involved in a military plot against Huerta.

After his return to the capital Velasco is reported to have reproached Huerta for his failure to reinforce him at Torreon. Huerta's order sending him north appears to have eliminated Velasco from any coup d'état that might have been contemplated.

REBELS PLAN SWIFT ADVANCE.

Saltillo and Mazatlan in a Week—Mexico City in a Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The fall of Tampico has carried the arms of the Constitutionalists to victory two-thirds of the way from the Texas frontier to the Mexican capital. They expect to control within two weeks all territory north of the 22d degree of latitude, (a little below the latitude of Tampico. They profess to be able to enter the City of Mexico in less than a month. The only garrisons of importance still held by the Mexican Federals north of the 22d parallel are Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, and Mazatlan.

The Constitutionalists have three main army divisions. Two of these, under command of Gens. Villa and Gonzales, will join for the final assault on San Luis Potosi. The third division, under command of Gen. Obregon, which has been operating on the west coast, has orders to capture Mazatlan.

When these three Generals have wrested Saltillo, Mazatlan, and San Luis Potosi from the hands of the Federals, their forces will converge upon Mexico City. Villa and Gonzales are to approach the capital from the north with San Luis Potosi as their base. Gen. Obregon will swing his forces eastward from Guadalajara and march on the capital. Thus it is the purpose to have men of all three divisions of the Constitutionalist Army participate in the assault on Mexico City.

Saltillo is now the only garrison of importance held by the Federals north of Tampico and San Luis Potosi. Gen. Joaquin Maass commands the Federal garrison there. Villa, advancing from Torreon, is now south of Paredon and not near to Saltillo. His army is reported to comprise more than 15,000 men, while Maass has not more than 5,000 men, and probably nearer 4,000.

The Constitutionalists expect Villa to gain Saltillo within a week, and think his forces will be well on their way to San Luis Potosi in less than two weeks. Gonsales by that time expects to have 5,000 or more men operating against San Luis Potosi. Gens. Torres and Aguilar, commanding a flying column which has cut rail communication between Tampico and San Luis Potosi, will also participate in the attack on the latter city. The Constitutionalists have some smaller commands in the States of Queretaro and Hidalgo operating under orders to cut the railroads and prevent the sending of reinforcements to San Luis Potosi.

Huerta has been having difficulty in obtaining troops to use against the rebels at San Luis Potosi. Recruits in Mexico City threatened to mutiny rather than enter the campaign against the Constitutionalists north of the Mexican capital, but information has been received here that some of these recruits would be willing to serve against an American army advancing from Vera Cruz.

Another week is expected to pass before the fall of Mazatlan, the port on the west coast, which has been besieged for weeks. Fights take place there daily and aeroplanes are being used by the Constitutionalists for dropping bombs in the Federal trenches.

In expectation of the fall of Mazatlan, Constitutionalist columns have penetrated southward through Sinaloa into the territory of Tepic. They have captured Acaponeta and San Blas and are working toward Guadalajara. When Mazatlan has been taken, the main body of Obregon's army will follow these columns and march on Guadalajara.

The army of the south, under command of Gen. Zapata, is menacing Mexico City from the southwest. The Zapatistas are not formally connected with the Constitutionalists, but the Constitutionalists regard their leader as an ally.

At the present time Huerta's only open route to the sea is over the railroad leading south from Mexico City to Puerto Mexico, the eastern terminus of the Tehuantepec Railway, and possibly Salina Cruz, the western terminus. His forces also control the country east of Mexico City along the lines of the Mexican National Railway and the Interoceanic Railway toward Vera Cruz.

The most strategic point in that whole district is the ancient city of Puebla. There is a suspicion here, based on intimations from Mexico City and statements of refugees, who say that Puebla is more easily defended than the capital, that Gen. Huerta, when assured of the loss of Saltillo and the advance of the Constitutionalists upon San Luis Potosi, will transfer his Government and capital to Puebla.

Puebla has been the scene of many battles, dating back to the days of the Spanish conquest. Soon after the downfall of Tenochtitlan, in the days of the Conquestadores, the Spaniards decided to establish a city about midway between the old Aztec capital and the coast. Puebla was the result. The city was captured by Gen. Agustin Iturbide in 1821. It was taken by Gen. Winfield Scott on his march to Mexico City in 1847, and was besieged and taken by the French soldiers of Napoleon III. in 1861.

The repulse of the French at Puebla on May 15, 1862, by Gen. Zaragoza was regarded as a great military achievement. It resulted in the city being renamed Puebla de Zaragoza, and the day was made a national holiday. After a two months's struggle the French finally captured Puebla in 1863. Four years later Puebla was the scene of a furious battle between the French soldiers and the Mexicans under Gen. Porfirio Diaz.

Puebla has 95,000 population and is surrounded by a circle of hills, so situated as to be easily used for defensed and trenches. It is at the crossing of the two railroads between Mexico City and Vera Cruz. From Puebla there is a rail route to Puerto Mexico, over which in an extremity Gen. Huerta might flee to that port and board a ship to Europe.

The Spanish cruiser Emperador Carlos V. has been in Mexican waters for several weeks, and recently has been stationed at Puerto Mexico. No American warships have been stationed there permanently. Should Huerta wish to board the Spanish cruiser and leave the country, it is understood that this Government would be pleased to watch his departure.

In Constitutional circles here to-day the statement was made that it would not surprise them if Huerta should seek this route of escape, when pressed to the point of flight.

ZAPATISTAS TAKE AJUSCO.

Reports of Federal Activity Everywhere Reach Carranza.

EL PASO, May 15.—Gen. Carranza, who is at Durango, is receiving reports of tremendous military activity in all quarters of the country, according to a message which came here from Isadro Fabela, acting Minister of Foreign Relations.

The announcement comes from the south that forces of Gen. Zapata, occupying Cuernavaca, have taken the town of Ajusco.

Great activity is reported to Carranza from the forces under Gen. Gonzales at Tampico, and Gen. Obregon has sent word that he expects to capture Mazatlan within a few days.

Gen. Carranza, it is said, expects the first attack on Saltillo by Villa this week, and is confident that the capture of that town will follow soon.

Gen. Torres, commanding the Constitutionalist troops before San Luis Potosi, is expected to attack that Federal stronghold this week.

Ajusco, the town captured by the Zapatistas, is twenty-nine miles by rail from Mexico City, about half way between the capital and Cuernavaca. It is almost directly south of the capital.

JUAREZ, May 15.—Monclova, the last town held by the Federals on the National Railways of Mexico between Piedras Negras, opposite Eagle Pass, and Saltillo, has been occupied by Constitutionalists under Gen. Murgia, according to a message received to-day. The Federal garrison fled as soon as the advance guard of the Constitutionalists came in sight.

The capture of Monclova, it is said, will permit the opening of through communication between the American border and Monterey.

CALM IN MEXICO CITY.

Archbishop Mora's Sudden Departure Causes Much Talk.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 15.—The day passed without incident in this city. Esteva Ruiz, the Acting Minister of Foreign Relations, told the newspaper men at 1 o'clock this afternoon that he had absolutely no information to give out.

Gen. Blanquet, the Minister of War, made energetic denial to-night of the story that the Federal garrison at Guadalajara had rebelled. He said that such rumors were circulated by rebel sympathizers.

Gen. Blanquet said this evening that he had received no news from Tampico. He denied that Saltillo had been attacked by rebels, and said that, on the contrary, Gen. Joaquin Maass was preparing to take the offensive against the rebels. The War Minister also asserted that the City of Zacatecas had not been attacked by the rebels.

Gen. Gustavo Maass, former Military Commandant at Vera Cruz, arrived in the capital this evening.

In political circles no new developments in the international situation are expected until the sessions of the peace conference begin at Niagara Falls.

It can, however, be said that the sudden departure of Archbishop Mora for Rome for his visit "ad limina" was a chief topic of conversation in the capital.

It is stated that he did not buy a ticket for Tejeria, the nearest point to Vera Cruz, within the Federal lines, but for a near-by station. There he is said to have remained for a day or two, and then continued his journey to Vera Cruz.

It was stated some time ago that Archbishop Mora was summoned by the Vatican for consultation, and apparently the summons was recently reiterated.

The French Legation has informed the Mexican Foreign Office that the French Consuls will take charge of American interests in all places where there are no Brazilian Consuls.

President Huerta paid a protracted surprise visit this morning to the postal and telegraph office. He was shown over the post office by the Postmaster General, Jesus Acevedo, and over the Federal telegraph office by the Director of the Telegraph Service, Fernando Gil.

Gen. Huerta, made a minute inspection of both establishments, asked many questions as to their working, and conversed with several of the employes.

The scarcity of small change in the city has been causing so much inconvenience that the Government, through the Exchange and Currency Commission, is in the market for bar silver, and will coin a moderate number of subsidiary silver pieces, to meet the requirements of retail trade.

Dr. Ryan Starts for Washington.

NEW ORLEANS, May 15.—Dr. Edward W. Ryan, the Red Cross physician who arrived here yesterday from Mexico, left for Washington to-night.

Shirt Sale Extraordinary!

JUST unpacked for today's selling—several more cases in all styles of the far-famed

Excello SHIRTS

bought at liquidation sale from this celebrated house, making no garment to retail below $1.50.

In the middle of May you can buy the *Finest Summer Shirts* at the prices other shops will quote after the Fourth of July. Get a *fall season's wear* and *save one-third* besides.

Every

REFUGEES TO LEAVE ON A SPECIAL TRAIN

Registration for the Trip to Puerto Mexico Has Passed the 100 Mark.

WILL ARRANGE FOR TRAIN

Brazilian Minister Expected to Begin Preparations on Monday for Their Departure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 15.—Registration of Americans at the American Club for the third refugee special for Puerto Mexico passed the 100 mark to-day, and it is expected that on Monday the Brazilian Minister will begin to make at least tentative arrangements for the train. The list so far comprises these names:

Miss Louise Benoit, James S. Downey, Fannie S. Downey, Josephine Downey, A. B. Ross, Mrs. A. B. Ross, Miss Carolyne Ross, Joseph Deutz, Mrs. Deutz, Elizabeth A. Deutz, Anita M. Deutz, Thelka A. Deutz, Mary E. Newman, Wilbur H. Lynch, Mrs. Wilbur H. Lynch, Barbara and Elena Lynch, Adelia Lopez, Mrs. Robert Hosking, Robert Whiteside, Mrs. Robert Whiteside, Samuel Whiteside, Henrietta Whiteside, Robert Whiteside, Kate Whiteside, Samuel Whiteside, Lily Whiteside, Mrs. C. T. Ambridge, Miss Muriel Ambridge, Fernando Eppram.

Mr. and Mrs. K. B. Tanner, Karl and Dolores Tanner, B. R. Hopkins, Mary Hopkins, Hunter Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Martin G. Sleight, Hal and Phil Sleight, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Leech, M. B. Katze, M. H. Katze, M. B. Katze, Jr., Mrs. Leah Katze, Mrs. A. F. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. John Vota, F. Vota, J. Vota, Ida Vota, John Vota, Jr., John P. Brophy, John Brophy, Rosa Brophy, Mary Brophy, L. E. Kieffer, Mrs. J. M. Ellsworth, Miss J. Ellsworth, George W. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bashford, Miss Damasita Bashford, Godfrey Muller, Julia Muller, Jeanette Muller, Mrs. M. L. V. Baptista, H. L. Francis, Gunnett Grigsby, George L. Emery, Mary Emery, Rose Mary Emery, George L. Emery, Jr., Mrs. Annie Fabbi.

A. C. Smithson, E. Smith, J. M. Gleason, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Smith, Dr. Edward M. Boatner and Mrs. Boatner, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Sharpton, Elizabeth Sharpton, Alexander Sharpton, Jr., Dr. George T. Sharpton, Lola Garcia, Miss Brizell, G. T. Ganahl, H. L. Aldrich, Mrs. H. L. Aldrich, Francis Aldrich, Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Austin, H. M. Austin, Jr., Miss F. Moling, Miss Lewis Walter Saube, Mrs. Carmen Dantin Cardenas, Alberto Cardenas, Marguerite Cardenas, Mary Cardenas, Frank R. Mills, Mrs. Frank R. Mills, Howard C. Walker, Mrs. Howard C. Walker, Marie L. Walker, Charles G. Fitzek, Mrs. Charles G. Fitzek, Laura Fitzek, Eugenie Fitzek, Joaquina Cadena.

Americans registering to-day at the Brazilian Legation as indicating their present intention of remaining in Mexico, comprises these names:

C. W. Allder, Aguascalientes; Glenn Anderson, Covadonga; Marguerite Buch, Luisa Buch, Julie Buch, Amelia Buch, Carlos Buch, Pablo Buch, Francisco Buch, Alice Buch, Julio Buch, Jr., C. W. Shufeldt, Tehuantepec; John H. Storey, Tehuantepec; W. Duncan, Aguascalientes; Miss Nellie Gilliam, Arthur Green, San Geronimo; J. Both, Aguascalientes; J. Jefferies, Salina Cruz; C. G. Koffroth, Mary L. Mason, Herbert W. Morris, Mrs. Bernice F. Northrop, A. Rosanoff and wife, Pachuca; Miss E. A. De Wyles, Mrs. Mattie Palmer, B. H. Weltz, San Luis Potosi; James H. Remick, San Luis Potosi; Theodore Daniel Hastings, San Luis Potosi; Sarah Wynnebowen, Oaxaca; Adolph Jess Robert Riley, El Oro; J. C. Stone, Edwin Sefton, Dr. Squires, Aguascalientes; Horace M. Slawer, Jalapa; Lucy S. Sennet, Mrs. George W. Tennant, H. Thompson, Aguascalientes.

Arthur H. Mellen, Robert Hart, H. A. Moss, Mrs. Stephanie Moss, Walter Moss, Henry Moss, Ernst Moss, E. L. Pease, Alta F. Devan, Elizabeth M. Anderson, Henry S. De Vries, Carlos E. De Vries, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Barron and four children, Dr. James H. Vosiers, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick M. Flugger and three children, Fritz and Charles Maigler, H. L. Aldrich, Queretaro; Evan Lincoln, Monte Hall, Maude Powell, Louise Phillips, Charles and Esther Selfert, Anna A. Hanbury, John Ashley, Mrs. Rose Bishop Ashley, Mrs. Fay Blickensderfer, M. Blum, and Charles J. Atkins.

To-night's train for Puerto Mexico carried about 250 French, Spanish, and German residents to catch the Spanish steamer Alfonso XIII. for Europe.

SAY THEY SLEW MEXICANS.

Refugees at Mobile Tell of Mob Attacks at San Pedro.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, May 15.—The steamship Fort Gaines arrived here to-day with seven refugees from San Pedro, Mexico. They are bound for points in Oklahoma. The refugees are Susanna Fritcher, Joseph Fritcher, J. B. Cummins, L. D. Titus, and his three sons, Charles, Perry, and Thomas Titus.

Cummins, the spokesmen of the party, said that a mob of Mexicans attacked them in their homes and stole all their property. The streets were filled with rioters, they said.

Several Mexicans finally seized them and after binding them carried them to jail, where they were kept for five days. When they were released they tried to regain possession of their property, and had a fight with Mexicans, killing several of them, Cummins said.

Then, Cumming said, they all fled to the jungle and made their way to Puerto Barrios, Guatemala.

L. D. Titus said that they were in the jungle nine days.

An American by the name of Thomas Smith, according to Titus, living in the outskirts of San Pedro, when his house was attacked offered resistance and fired into the mob, killing six Mexicans.

The refugees will go from here to New Orleans.

MAAS DEPLORES THE BREAK.

Thanks Canada and Fletcher for Guarding His Property.

VERA CRUZ, May 15.—W. W. Canada, United States Consul here, received to-night a reply to the note he sent several days ago to Gen. Maass regarding the latter's personal property, which is being held here subject to his order. The Cuban messenger, R. Mureno, sent by Mr. Canada to Gen. Maass, is being held prisoner at Cordoba, so far as Mr. Canada could learn.

In his reply Gen. Maass thanked Mr. Canada and Rear Admiral Fletcher for their courtesy in guarding his property and said he would soon send a messenger to take possession of it.

"I deplore with all my heart," said Gen. Maass, in his letter, "that the difficulties, which exist between my country and the United States, have interrupted the friendship which has existed between us."

REFUGEE SHIP IS MISSING.

The Cetriana, with 150 Passengers, Overdue at San Francisco.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15.—The steamship Cetriana, chartered by the German Government to bring German refugees from the west coast of Mexico, was due here yesterday, but has not been sighted. Fears are expressed for the ship's safety. There are 150 refugees aboard.

The steamer has no passenger license and is not equipped with wireless.

Storms along the coast may have turned the ship from her course, but other vessels have not sighted the missing vessel.

Jesus Carranza at Border Town.

LAREDO, Texas, May 15.—Gen. Jesus Carranza, brother of Gen. Venustiano Carranza, arrived in Nuevo Laredo from Monterey to-day with his staff to assume command of the border town. Col. Crane of the Ninth United States Infantry to-day issued a statement advising arms dealers against selling arms to Mexicans.

More Americans Reach Vera Cruz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Admiral Badger to-night notified the Navy Department that John Mahoney and wife and Ruth Blake of Oaxaca had arrived safely at Vera Cruz.

BRYAN HAS HOPE IN WORK OF ENVOYS

Administration, He Asserts, Is Anxious for Peaceful Solution of Mexican Problem.

CALLS IT A NEW ERA

Coming Conference, Secretary of State Declares in Brooklyn, Is Outgrowth of Arbitration Idea.

Secretary of State Bryan at a dinner of the Brooklyn League, a civic organization, held last night in the Masonic Temple at Lafayette and Carlton Avenues, said that the Administration at Washington still was hopeful that a peaceful settlement of the Mexican difficulty would be reached through the "A B C" envoys.

"We recognize the uncertainties, we recognize the possibilities we have to meet in Mexico," said Secretary Bryan, "but, thank God, we have a President who hopes mediation will succeed. Not only does he hope that peace may soon be obtained through mediation for the great benefit of both countries politically, but that the dignity and welfare of Mexico may be preserved with a new era in prospect of greater progress in civil affairs. Loving God as I do, I do not believe that it is necessary for man to shed blood to be great. If it is not greatness in the man it is certainly not the way of greatness for a nation.

"We are approaching and seeing more of the ideal of reason and less of force. It is a new era of peace efforts. I believe in this new era. Nations are taught to recognize brotherhood and kinship, and to seek some way to adjust differences. This is true to-day more than at any period in the history of the world. More than thirty nations are entering or are about to enter in a peace pact for arbitration. Fifteen nations have signed treaties providing for arbitration, eleven are ready to sign and Ruth Blake of Oaxaca had arrived and others are now practically pledged to that method of settlement of all disputes under existing treaties.

"One half of the nations of the earth soon will be living under conditions that will compel the submission of every question to arbitration without resort to violence. That is why mediation is being atempted to see if peace cannot be realized in distracted Mexico."

Referring to the progress of education Mr. Bryan said that more people were able to read and write and there were higher standards of education than at any time in the history of mankind.

"Progress in education is democratic," he said, "but it would be a serious thing if educational progress was not accompanied by moral progress. I believe the world is making progress morally. There is evidence of a world-wide moral awakening. The era of brotherhood is not only coming as predicted; it is here.

"More men voted at the last Presidential election as they believed to be right and in the interest of morals than at any previous election for a half century. We have come to a point of considering not how much money a man has, but how he got it and what use he makes of it.

"I rejoice that at the beginning of the opening of a new era there is a man at the head of this Government whose heart and conscience are in whatever he does."

Mr. Bryan said he did not like to be absent from Washington, but after consultation with the President it was decided that it would be no neglect of official duties to leave for a few hours. He returned to Washington on the midnight train.

Other speakers were Charles H. Fuller, President of the League; William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce; Collector of the Port, Dudley Field Malone, who spoke in praise of Mr. Bryan and Representatives John J. Fitzgerald, William M. Calder, Frank E. Wilson, Herman A. Metz, James H. O'Brien, and Harry H. Dale; Commissioner of Bridges F. J. H. Kracke and Lewis H. Pounds, President of the Borough of Brooklyn.

VAST CLAIMS OF REFUGEES.

Kahn Says Spaniards Look to Us for $20,000,000 Damages.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Prediction that claims for damages resulting from the State Department's suggestion that Americans get out of Mexico will amount to millions was made in the House to-day by Representative Kahn of California.

"I have read in the newspapers within the last week that hundreds of claims against the Government are being filed by citizens of the United States who left their property in Mexico by reason of the action of this Government," said Mr. Kahn, "and within the last two days I have read that the citizens of Spain who lost their property at Torreon by reason of the ravages of the so-called Constitutionalists have also filed claims for damages with the State Department, and will undoubtedly look to this Government for reparation.

"The sum of $20,000,000 has been claimed for the destruction and looting of the property of Spanish citizens in Torreon alone, and the time will come when we will be called upon to appropriate all of this money to pay these claims."

Representative Sharp of Ohio wished to know if Mr. Kahn thought the suggestion of this Government in February that Americans should leave Mexico was justified.

"I doubt if there was any serious danger at that time," replied Mr. Kahn.

Mr. Sharp said that the same request, that Americans leave Mexico, was made by President Taft in the former Administration.

McADOO RESENTS CRITICISM

Says Government Is Misrepresented in Easement Controversy.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo came down from New Hampshire yesterday with Mrs. McAdoo, who was Miss Eleanor Wilson, and spent the day in the city on important business. He returned with his wife to New Hampshire in the evening. While here he spoke of the difficulties between the Public Service Commission and the Treasury Department over the easement the commission desires to obtain for a subway under the northern end of the General Post Office.

"There seems," said the Secretary, "to be a determined effort to misrepresent the position of the Government in this matter. It has been referred to the Department of Justice to ascertain what the exact legal rights of the Government are, and a report is expected any day. When this has been received we shall quickly settle the value of the easement and the terms on which it may be granted.

"The delay thus far is not the fault of the Treasury Department. Nothing will be gained by ill-natured criticism or misrepresentation. I want to be fair to the city, and I must be fair to the Government as well."

POLICE TO PARADE TO-DAY.

Mayor and Other Officials to Head March of 7,500 Men.

The annual parade of the Police Department will be held this afternoon, and 7,500 men will march to the music of the Police Department band. The parade will start south of the Worth Monument in Madison Square Park and the line of march will be up to Sixty-fifth Street on Fifth Avenue. At this point the parade will disband.

Mayor Mitchel and Police Commissioner Woods will lead the line in an automobile. In an automobile behind the Mayor will ride the Deputy Police Commissioners, President McAneny of the Board of Aldermen, Controller Prendergast, and four borough Presidents, Mr. Marks, Mr. Pounds, Mr. Connolly, and Mr. McCormack.

The reviewing stand will be in front of the Hotel Savoy at Fifty-ninth Street. Here the Mayor will present the medals awarded to the men of the department for meritorious service.

FEARS KIDNAPPERS WILL MURDER CHILD

Frank Longo Gets No Further Word from Men Who Demand $5,000 Ransom.

UNABLE NOW TO SET A TRAP

Detectives Believe Publication of News Has Warned Gang—Third Case in Longo Family.

Deputy Police Commissioner Rubin detailed detectives yesterday to search for Frank Longo, Jr., son of Frank Longo, a baker at 190 Bleecker Street. The boy, who is 8 years old, is believed to have been in the hands of kidnappers since Wednesday afternoon.

A few hours after the boy was missed the father received a letter demanding $5,000 and threatening to murder the child if the police were notified. As it had been published that the boy was missing and the police were seeking him, his abductors, the father feared, would be afraid to release the child for the reason that his story would be likely to cause their arrest.

The letter did not say where the ransom money should be sent. Longo expected a second letter telling him how to pay the money, or thought that some one connected with the gang of kidnappers would pay him a visit. However, the baker said yesterday that he had received no further communication, oral or written, indicating how he should proceed.

The detectives who were at work on the case were disappointed because the publication of Longo's account of his son's disappearance made it impossible to set a trap for the kidnappers, who might have negotiated with the baker if they were ignorant that the police had been notified.

The baker asserted that he had not the slightest clew to the identity of the kidnappers. He feared they would kill his son. There were two other kidnapping cases in the family of Longo in recent years. In both of these the stolen children were recovered unharmed and without the payment of ransom. It was suggested through an interpreter to Longo that members of the same gang might have had a hand in all three cases, but the baker shook his head and said he knew nothing about it. He added that the police had instructed him to be careful what he said.

Longo and his wife have six children, the eldest of whom is a girl 10 years old. The missing boy is the second child. None of his own children had ever been missing before, Longo said, although two nephews of his were abducted. The first of these was Giuseppe Longo, 7 years old, who was kidnapped with Michael Rizzo, 6 years old, on a street in South Brooklyn on Nov. 19, 1910.

Rizzo was found on the street nearly three weeks later after his father had made a settlement with the kidnappers. With the help of this boy's story, Detectives Micelli, Carrao, and Flynn ran down the alleged kidnappers and rescued young Longo from a flat in East Sixty-third Street, Manhattan. One of the prisoners, Maria Rappao, was convicted and sentenced to serve twenty-five years in the penitentiary, from which she was later transferred to the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan. Stanislas Patenza was convicted and sentenced to twenty-nine years, but at a second trial was acquitted.

A year later Giovanni di Fiore, 5 years old, another nephew of Longo, was kidnapped. Five weeks later he was found by a policeman at the Manhattan entrance to Brooklyn Bridge. The kidnappers in this case were never arrested. Cosimo di Fiore, the father of the kidnapped boy, denied that he paid a ransom.

Longo and his relatives all came to this country a few years ago from Palermo, Italy. Neither the father nor the mother picked up much English, and their daughter acted as an interpreter for them yesterday.

"I could not pay the ransom, even if I knew how to," said Longo. "I have only a little money. I have this bakery, but it supports a large family. My son was at Public School 3 all day Wednesday and must have been stolen in the afternoon. None of his schoolmates saw him stolen. We were not frightened about him until that night, when the letter came saying that he was kidnapped and that $5,000 would have to be paid for him.

"The boy would never have thought of running away. He was a good boy and had never been in any trouble. I don't know who has stolen him, but I will get even if anything happens to him."

The letter was postmarked Brooklyn, and read, as translated:

"Frank Longo:—

"We have your boy. We want money. If you give us $5,000, you will get your boy back. Don't go to the police. If you do, you and your family will suffer and we will send the boy home in a box."

It was unsigned, and written in pencil, printed letters being used to prevent identification of the handwriting.

The missing boy was in the second grade at school. He is 4 feet tall, weighs 70 pounds, and has dark complexion, dark eyes, and a round face. He wore a white shirt, black knee breeches, a brown coat, gray cap, gray overcoat, black stockings, and brown button shoes.

There's a New Boston Garter

It has no rubber in the leg band—just a short tension strip in front which makes it fit all over. It is so made that it always lifts on the socks, keeping them smooth.

It can't drag on the leg, or bind. Weighs less than half an ounce. 25 cents at all dealers'.

NEVERBIND Boston Garter
PATENTED 1913
George Frost Company
Makers of Boston Garters

HALTS COLOMBIAN OIL DEAL

Advertisement in London Times Tells of American's Part in It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, May 16.—The Times prints a page advertisement consisting of the text of the treaty between Colombia and the United States, signed at Bogota on April 6, followed by an extra from the Nuevo Tiempo, of Bogota, of April 11, reporting an interview with Capt. Henry R. Lemley, formerly Director of the Military School in Bogota, wherein Capt. Lemley says that, on behalf of American capitalists, he made certain proposals to the Colombian Government for the acquisition of oil fields.

Capt. Lemley goes on to say that the negotiations were in no wise connected with the acceptance or rejection of the Colombian treaty in the American Congress.

The Nuevo Tiempo's interview is followed by a letter, dated April 13, from Capt Lemley, in which he says that in consequence of comments made in some organs of the Colombian press he has decided to refrain from presenting any proposition until after the treaty has been approved by the United States Senate.

"It is incredible," he concludes, "that any person could suppose that the United States Government would make a treaty of such importance conditional upon a concession being given to one of its citizens or corporations."

RARE PAPYRUS FOUND.

"Idylls" of Theocritus Unearthed on Site of Antinoe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 15.—J. de Monins Johnson, excavating on behalf of the Graeco-Roman branch of the Egypt Exploration Fund on the site of Antinoe in Upper Egypt, has unearthed several leaves with numerous smaller fragments of papyrus, one containing the idylls of Theocritus.

Its date is placed in the latter part of the fifth or in the sixth century. These well-preserved pages are large, containing in the aggregate upward of 500 lines. Corrections of the original text have been introduced by a second hand, which has also inserted marginal annotations.

It is expected that the manuscripts will prove of exceptional value.

HURT STOPPING RUNAWAY.

Policeman Dragged in Checking Team Attached to a Hearse.

Police Sergt. Gargan of the Clinton Street Station, who stopped a runaway horse at Seventy-second Street and Broadway five years ago, helped to bring a pair of runaway horses to a standstill last night in one of the most crowded of the lower east side streets when horses attached to a hearse owned by the Public Stable Company of 49 Orchard Street bolted. The hearse was standing in Ludlow Street, near Grand. The driver, Joseph Harris of 94 Division Street, had left the box to enter a shop. The horses became frightened and ran down Ludlow Street.

Sergeant Gargan and Patrolman Dunn were standing two blocks away, and as the horses ran by them each seized a bridle. Dunn was shaken off, but Gargan held on until the hearse crashed into a pushcart. Gargan was injured, and an ambulance was called from Gouverneur Hospital. Dr. Segar found that he was suffering from contusions of the side and back and from muscular strain. He was taken to the hospital.

RECORDS BEAR OUT MELLEN'S STORY

Continued from Page 1.

corporation organized and existing under the business corporation laws of the State of New York. The company was organized in or about Nov. 5, 1906. The total authorized issue of stock of the company is $100,000, consisting of 1,000 shares of par value of $100 each. All of this stock is owned by the New Haven Company.

The Millbrook Company in turn since a date prior to July 1, 1907, has owned and now owns 91,581 shares of the New York & Port Chester Railroad Company, being all the stock of that company issued and outstanding excepting that nine qualifying shares are held by the Directors of the company.

The New York & Port Chester Railroad Company, since a date prior to July 1, 1907, has owned and now owns the following securities of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company:

(a) 6,659 shares of the stock of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company, par value $100 a share.

(b) The beneficial interest in 23,489¼ shares of stock of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company, evidenced by voting trust certificates.

(c) $13,490,000 out of $43,500,000 of a certain underwriting agreement, calling upon conditions therein contained, for $15,000,000 of bonds and 45,000 shares of stock of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company, evidenced by voting trust certificates now held by the Knickerbocker Trust Company, under said syndicate agreement of underwriting. All of said underwriting interests, with the exception of $1,510,000, are now held by this company, but the same have not been paid in full. Upon completion of payments to said underwriting syndicate this company will control 44,967 shares of stock of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company, evidenced by voting trust certificates.

It is the intention of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company to cause to be constructed a railroad from the Harlem River to Port Chester, consisting of two tracks to 177th Street, four tracks from 177th Street to the city line, and two tracks from the city line to Port Chester, such road to be a high-speed electric railroad.

The plan under which the construction is to be made has not taken final form only because of the resistance by property owners disputing in the courts the validity of the charter of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company. The attempt to construct promptly has encountered the opposition of one of the stockholders of the Westchester Company, in whose suit an injunction has been granted, preventing your board, at least for the present, from granting the application of the New York & Port Chester Railroad Company. Since filing of application for change of route by the Port Chester Company, additional property has been purchased between 177th Street and the city line, and the company has now bought or arranged to buy substantially all the property between the two points, with the exception of a few pieces as to which it is evident that it will be necessary to begin condemnation proceedings to acquire the right of way.

Until either the Westchester Company, by reason of a final decision of the Court of Appeals sustaining the validity of the charter rights, or the Port Chester, by reason of the consent of the board to cross streets on amended route is in like position, little progress can be made in this regard.

On Dec. 27, 1907, Judge Charles F. Brown, the referee, before whom the proceedings to determine the validity of the Westchester charter were pending in the form of a condemnation proceeding to acquire property of Mrs. Arabella B. Huntington, rendered an opinion sustaining the validity of the charter of that company.

If the charter is finally sustained, it is the intention of this company that the New York & Port Chester Railroad Company and the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company shall be consolidated in accordance with the provisions of the law to form one company. Should, however, the decision of Judge Brown be reversed and the Court of Appeals adjudge the charter of the Westchester Company to be invalid, the construction of the road would be completed under the Port Chester charter.

On June 5, 1908, a petition signed by the Port Chester Company was presented to the Board of Estimate, asking for an extension of time. Edward M. Grout and John J. Delaney appeared on behalf of the company, and the extension was granted unanimously by the board. Mayor McClellan approved it on June 12, 1908.

Company's Request Granted.

On June 19 two petitions signed by E. Wardwell, President of the Westchester Company, were presented to the board, one asking for a change in route and the other for a modification of the franchise provisions. In the first petition President Wardwell said:

"The route previously located ran through a section of the Bronx largely devoted to apartment houses and dwellings, and to construct the road over such locations would entail the destruction of numerous large buildings and the ruining of large amounts of real estate for other than railroad purposes."

Five permits were asked in the second petition, and both petitions were referred to Nelson P. Lewis, Chief Engineer of the Board of Estimate, and Louis F. Haffen, then President of the Bronx. On July 24 President Haffen wrote to Joseph Hasag, Secretary of the board, indorsing both petitions. He said:

"I am of the opinion that the changes in the line petitioned for should be granted. My approval carries with it the suggestion that some definite action should be taken by the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Company, tending toward immediate construction."

At the meeting of the Board of Estimate two days later a resolution was introduced complying with the recommendations and fixing a public hearing. On the first vote this resolution was defeated, Mayor McClellan, Controller Metz, and President McGowan voting affirmatively. The Borough Presidents opposed it. Subsequently, upon the motion of President McGowan, the vote was reconsidered, and the resolution was passed unanimously. On Sept. 18, 1908, the Mayor's approval of a public hearing was received and a letter was read from Harry P. Nichols, engineer in charge of the franchise division of the Board of Estimate, recommending that action be deferred on the petitions until Oct. 30, by which time, he said, the New Haven Railroad would have had a chance to file more definite information in regard to its intentions, and the Court of Appeals would have had time to give a decision upon the validity of the Westchester Company's charter. After a motion by the Controller to continue the hearing one week and another by President Haffen for immediate action had been lost, it was agreed unanimously to continue the consideration until Sept. 25. On that date no one appeared to oppose the granting of the modifications of the proposals to the franchise and the hearing was closed.

Amended Franchises Approved.

The Corporation Counsel was asked to draw up a form of contract and on Oct. 2 this contract was received from him. Nov. 13 was set for a final hearing before the execution of the contract. On Nov. 20 a select committee consisting of Controller Metz, McGowan, Ahearn, and Haffen and Chief Engineer Lewis approved the amendments to the franchise. Arthur C. Hume appeared on behalf of the Fidelity Development Company and requested that action be deferred for two weeks as the property of that company was affected seriously by the changes. The resolution, however, was passed unanimously. These were the changes the Westchester Company had asked for and which were granted:

First, by permitting a change of line between 174th Street and the Harlem River.

Second, by permitting the use of the overhead trolley system.

Third, by amending the original ordinance so that the city will be given the right to string three cables, the company to be relieved from furnishing the city with two conduits.

Fourth, by permitting connections with two other railroads, at a distance not exceeding 2,500 feet instead of 1,000 feet.

Fifth, by permitting connection with the existing Rapid Transit Railway at West Farms, and the proposed Rapid Transit Railway at Westchester Avenue.

Sixth, by extending the time until Aug. 2, 1911, in which to complete the four-track railway from the city line to 174th Street, and until Aug. 2, 1918, for the construction of the line from 174th Street to the Harlem River.

On Jan. 22, 1909, the board accepted unanimously a supplementary agreement with the Westchester Road providing, among other things, that the streets crossed by the Throg's Neck branch might be carried under the tracks without material change of street grades. This resolution was approved by the Mayor on Feb. 5, 1909.

At a meeting of the board on June 25, 1909, Chief Engineer Lewis and Engineer Nichols of the Board of Estimate recommended that an extension of six months from July 1, requested by the Port Chester Road, should be denied, and the franchise should be declared forfeited as it had not been complied with. Mr. Nichols said:

"There has not been expended, to my knowledge, a single dollar upon the construction of the Port Chester Railroad."

Francis Lynde Stetson appeared for the company at this meeting of the board. Notwithstandig the engineers' report, President Ahearn of Manhattan and Controller Metz suggested that the extension of time to Dec. 1 be granted. The board was unanimous in favor of the extension, which was the fourth the company had obtained.

On Nov. 19, 1909, the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company asked permission to consolidate the stock, property and franchises of the New York, Westchester & Boston and the New York & Port Chester Railroad Company. Chief Engineer Lewis reported that the petition was designed to keep alive both franchises and said:

"It appears to be a result which the board always has desired to avoid. It is quite apparent now that only one line will be built and that line will be so built and operated as to protect, or at least in no wise to interfere, with the business of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway Co. If the franchise is forfeited there would be forfeited with it $125,000, which it was clearly intended by the board should be forfeited to the city in case this line was not constructed. Such a forfeiture would certainly go far to prevent the securing of franchises for independent lines, the building of which is not seriously contemplated, but which are acquired in order to prevent, rather than to obtain, competition."

Engineer Nichols pointed out also that the New York & Port Chester had not begun construction and that there was no intention on the part of the New York, New Haven & Hartford to build under this grant.

Allen Wardwell, of counsel for the company, said that Francis Lynde Stetson, counsel for the company, was too ill to appear, and as the franchise of the Port Chester Company would be forfeited on Dec. 1, 1909, unless time to make certain payments was extended, he requested that the company should receive further extension. The board voted unanimously to extend the time to Dec. 4, 1909. The petition was referred to the Chief Engineer.

On Dec. 3, 1909, a resolution was offered denying the petition for the merger, on which no action was taken, but another resolution asking for a further extension of time to Dec. 18, was adopted unanimously. The matter was referred to a select committee consisting of the Controller, President of the Board of Aldermen, and President of the Bronx, with instruction to report to the board on Dec. 17.

On Dec. 17, 1909, Francis Lynde Stetson appeared before the board and said that the Public Serivce Commission had consented to the consolidation of the companies and asked for immediate action. The Controller, as Chairman of the Select Committee, said that the Corporation Counsel had passed favorably upon the points brought up and he offered a resolution, drawn by Mr. Stetson, consenting to the consolidation. All the members of the board voted in favor of the proposal, and on Dec. 23 the Mayor approved the board's action.

PUT IT UP TO McCLELLAN.

Ex-Borough Presidents Don't Recall Westchester Deals.

John F. Ahearn, the Tammany leader of the Fourth Assembly District, who was President of the Borough of Manhattan when the franchise of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway was changed by the Board of Estimate at the request of President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad in 1908, said last night:

"If you want to get any information concerning the passage of those amendments which Mr. Mellen is testifying about, I would advise you to cable to George B. McClellan in Europe. Mr. McClellan was Mayor, and controled the Board of Estimate at that time; that is, he controlled nine votes, and we were a majority. The Mayor's three votes and the three each of the Controller and the President of the Board of Aldermen, making a majority of the sixteen votes in the board, are cast before the names of the Borough Presidents are called. Therefore it is absurd to try to make any sensation out of how the Borough Presidents voted on that matter, because it did not make a particle of difference, and McClellan controlled the situation absolutely.

"For my own part, I cannot remember whether I was present and voted for the changes in the franchise. I have only a dim recollection of the whole thing."

When told that he was a member of the sub-committee which reported to the Board of Estimate in favor of the franchise amendments, Mr. Ahearn said:

"I did not even remember that I was a member of that committee. That's how much impression it made on me."

Bird S. Coler, who was Borough President of Brooklyn at the same time, had this to say:

"The original franchise was granted in 1904. This matter in the Board of Estimate was referred to a sub-committee. I cannot remember the details. I was a sort of outsider, and was having trouble with all the other members of the board, and never heard of any scandal in connection with the matter at that time. I hope that the whole things will be gone into thoroughly in every shape, manner, and form, and I feel confident that, although I had personal rows with the other members of the board, not one of them received any financial benefit whatever for voting as they did."

Louis F. Haffen, Borough President of the Bronx in 1908, said:

"I don't know anything about it, and I don't want to know anything about it. I haven't read Mellen's testimony and I don't want to read it. Mellen can testify to a good many things for all I care. Everything I did is a matter of public record and you can go to the record and get it. Everything I did in the twenty-seven years of my public life was done in the interest of the people."

When Mr. Haffen was told that Mr. Ahearn had suggested that ex-Mayor McClellan might throw light on the matter, he said:

"That's right. McClellan is the right man to see. Go see McClellan and the others. I am absolutely ignorant on the subject."

"Who are the others you suggest seeing?" Mr. Haffen was asked.

"Never mind," was his reply.

Lawrence Gresser, ex-Borough President of Queens, said:

"I have not read Mr. Mellen's testimony, but from what you tell me of it, I do not recall the matter at this time. The Board of Estimate may have acted upon it, but I do not remember it. I never heard of money being used to influence the vote of any one. This one thing is certain: If $1,200,000 was used, as Mr. Mellen has said, I knew absolutely nothing of it."

FOLK TRACING DUE BILLS.

Anxious for Names of Men Who Held Mellen Notes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Joseph W. Folk, chief counsel of the Interstate Commerce Commission, started out in earnest to-day to discover who were the pecuniary beneficiaries of the exchange of New York, New Haven & Hartford shares for stock of the New York, Westchester & Boston trolley line, which was described yesterday by Charles S. Mellen. To-day Mr. Folk questioned President Miller of the Westchester line in regard to the stock distribution of that unfinished road. Afterward Mr. Folk devoted himself to examining the mass of documentary material that had been turned over to him by Mr. Mellen.

The main thing that Mr. Folk is anxious to discover just now is the identity of the persons who received the due bills which Mr. Mellen said he gave to the late Thomas Byrnes in exchange for 24,000 shares of Westchester stock. Mr. Mellen said that all the men who presented these due bills to him for payment were strangers to him. He was unable, he said, to tell who had owned the stock for which the due bills were exchanged.

From Mr. Miller, Mr. Folk obtained the names of those who were Directors of the Westchester road at the time of the stock distribution.

Mr. Mellen has gone to New Haven to gather together such papers as he has at his residence there that relate to the affairs of the New Haven Road. He will also go to his Summer home at Stockbridge, Mass., on the same quest. Mr. Mellen promised to be back in Washington on Tuesday. He will be placed on the stand there to resume his story of the financial management of the New Haven properties.

Notwithstanding the opposing attitude of Attorney General McReynolds, the Interstate Commerce Commission intends to adhere to its programme of calling past and present directors of the New Haven as witnesses in the investigation which the Commission is conducting under a resolution of the Senate. There has been no change in the action of the Commission in summoning Lewis Cass Ledyard, George F. Baker, George MacCulloch Miller, and others to be ready to appear. They probably will be called as soon as Mr. Mellen has been excused.

The presentation of a physician's certificate that William Rockefeller was too ill to appear has served to stay any positive action in his case for the present.

WILLING TO HELP INQUIRY.

Elliott Says the New Haven Is Giving All Possible Information.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 15.—Howard Elliott, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, attended a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Rhode Island Company here to-day. He declined to discuss statements made by Charles S. Mellen, former President of the road, before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"I will say," he remarked, "that the New Haven has given the Interstate Commerce Commission every scrap of information asked for, and it will be pleased to give it any information within its power."

The "Rustic" Braid Straw Hat

ANOTHER Weber and Heilbroner Summer success, due for a long run on Fifth Avenue and Broadway.

* *

A departure—and an authentic one—from threadbare traditions.

The high-crown, European style which goes remarkably well with soft-roll lapels.

* *

Made of a rustic Japanese braid imported exclusively for us—known in the land of Madam Butterfly as "cho-cho" braid.

No one else has it.

* *

The crown is slightly "belled," another exclusive point; set off with a hand-tied silk bow, after the English style, giving a touch of softness which harmonizes with the glove-like Summer tailoring.

Price, $3.

* *

Milans, Mackinaws, Bangkoks and Panamas with the flanges and shapes of this Spring's soft felt hats, never before applied to straws—$3 to $7.

* *

Altogether such an exposition of Straw Hats as New York has never seen.

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortlandt 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Hats at all Stores except 757 Broadway and 1363 Broadway

Assistance That May Be Gracefully Rendered

THE man with plethoric pocketbook who does not know how to dress is in worse circumstance than the man of modest means who knows HOW TO SELECT.

* *

You may be dressed with unexceptionable taste in a Weber and Heilbroner $20 or $25 Summer suit—meet on equal terms men who dress both extravagantly and well.

* *

The range of Summer fabrics in our assortments is complete as studious observation of the correct custom tailor things can make it—prices, $20 to $45.

* *

Our salesmen are qualified to assist and advise you—and you have the advantage of definitely determining HOW you will look, by the mirror test, before you purchase.

* *

The Weber and Heilbroner Rustic Straw Hat has more aristocratic individuality than anything you have seen in a decade. $3.

Desirable Summer haberdashery in unlimited assortments.

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts.

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortlandt 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave.

STOPS DEPORTATION OF WIDOW AND CHILD

Secretary Wilson Grants Plea of Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society.

ADMITS MRS. POGREBENSKY

Organization Will Care for Her Two Boys—Husband Ended Life on Parting with Wife.

Mrs. Sarah Pogrebensky and her two boys, Morris and Raphael, will be allowed to remain in this country. Secretary William B. Wilson granted the concession yesterday to Isidor Hirschfeld, Simon Wolf, and Louis S. Gottlieb, the members of the Law Committee of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, who had gone to Washington to intercede for a more liberal interpretation of the immigration regulations in this particular instance.

The history of the Pogrebensky family was told in THE TIMES of last Monday. Abraham Pogrebensky, who lived with his family in Samarkand, Russian Turkestan, was driven out by persecution about eighteen months ago, put his wife and children in hiding, and came to this country. After several months of hard work he managed to lay by money enough to bring his family over in the steerage. They rented a flat in Brownsville, and the two boys were put into school.

Morris, the elder, got along well enough, but Raphael, who was only 7 years old, was presently found to be feeble-minded. He was placed in the school on Randall's Island. The father would have found it impossible to meet the added burden imposed by the boy's expenses if it had not been for the generosity of his employers, W. Sherman & Sons, who allowed the family to save rent by moving into empty rooms on the top floor of their factory building.

Just at this time, when it looked as if the Pogrebenskys were going to be able to make both ends meet, it was found that as they had been in the country less than a year the case of the defective boy must be reported to the immigration authorities, according to law. The regulations were inflexible; it was ordered that the boy and his mother be deported. They were taken back to Ellis Island on Thursday, May 7—the first step on the return journey to Samarkand, where mother and child had no means of support and again would be exposed to persecution.

Abraham Pogrebensky followed his wife and boy to the Ellis Island ferry. He begged in vain to be allowed to return with them; free transportation could not be granted, and he had no money. He was not even allowed to go to the Immigration Depot with them. Overwhelmed by the ruin of everything he had worked for, he went back to his rooms in the Sherman factory at 32 Bond Street and committed suicide.

This was on Friday, May 8. The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society learned of the case the same day and got permission for Mrs. Pogrebensky to leave Ellis Island and attend her husband's funeral. She begged that she be allowed to remain in this country, where her son, Morris, 14 years old, could soon support her; if she were sent back to Turkestan, she said, she and the defective boy would be left destitute, and her older son would be deprived of his mother's care.

Officers of the society set to work to see what they could do and the Law Committee was sent to Washington to put the whole story before Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor. He decided that the family should be allowed to stay, and the news was telegraphed yesterday to the offices of the society.

The society's officers said that both of the boys would be put in school, and that the entire family would be cared for by the organization until the older boy, at least, had had a thorough education and would be in a position to look after his mother and his younger brother.

MAID IN ROBBERY ARRESTED

Police Find Servant of Mrs. Mannheim, Who Was Attacked.

Detective Donnelly of the West 100th Street Station and Detective Owens of the West Forty-seventh Street Station last night arrested Yetta Anechanik, the maid who has been missing since the morning of May 3, when Mrs. Johanna Mannheim was attacked in her home at 43 West Ninety-second Street. A man who described himself as Dr. Arthur Verney was arrested two days later and is now locked up, charged with having committed the assault.

After the maid disappeared it was found that a strong-box had been opened and two diamond rings and a diamond bracelet worth $4,000 had been taken away. The detectives traced her to Brooklyn, then to upper Manhattan, and yesterday it was learned that she had been in Spring Valley, Rockland County, for three days, working in a delicatessen shop. She was taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

The detectives started off with her last night in an automobile to recover the diamonds, which she told them were hidden somewhere, they asserted. They would not make known the place.

V. W. PAPINEAU SUES.

Charges C. W. Emery, His Former Wife's Husband, with Alienation.

Special to The New York Times.

WEBSTER, Mass., May 15.—Curtis W. Emery of Boston, husband of Elizabeth Chase Papineau Emery, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Chase, is the defendant in a civil suit for $10,000 brought by Victor D. Papineau of New York, the divorced husband of Mrs. Emery. Alienation of affections is the ground on which Mr. Papineau bases his action.

Mr. Papineau and Miss Chase were married in 1908 in Boston. He was 17 years old and his bride was 19. They were divorced in 1912.

LEFTY'S WIDOW GIVES BLOW TO BECKER

Continued from Page 1.

Martin T. Manton, Becker's lawyer, assailed his character and forced him to admit having lied in other instances, but he could not shake the story that it was Charles Becker who had instigated Rosenthal's murder.

Mrs. Rosenberg Takes Stand.

It was after 4 o'clock when Mrs. Rosenberg took the witness stand. Mr. Whitman, who had not been in the court room since the opening of the afternoon session, entered and took a seat by Assistant District Attorney Delehanty a few minutes before Mrs. Rosenberg came in. He questioned her on direct and re-direct examination, and then left the room after she had finished her testimony. Mr. Delehanty conducted the case for the remainder of the afternoon.

Mrs. Rosenberg wore mournng for her husband. Her cheeks were rosy, however, and as she sat in the witness chair a fringe of red hair showed around her head under her black hat. Her whole being was alert, and she made a good impression. When she first began to talk her voice was so low that Mr. Whitman had to ask her to speak louder, but when she started to repeat the conversation she said she had overheard between Jack Rose and her husband, she spoke in a clear, decisive voice without any hesitation. In her answers to Mr. Manton Mrs. Rosenberg was even more positive and quick. Mr. Manton never had to complain of her not speaking loud enough.

Mrs. Rosenberg's testimony was a surprise to the defense. Becker did not show much astonishment when the gunman's wife told of the message of his alleged emissary, but, momentarily at least, the spirits of Becker's counsel were dampened. Mr. Manton listened to the witness closely, apparently anxious to find some flaw in her testimony.

Rose's Talk with Lefty.

Mrs. Rosenberg first identified herself as the widow of "Lefty Louie." She said she knew Jack Rose by sight and had seen him several times in the apartment at 747 Southern Boulevard occupied by herself and her husband in June, 1912. Mr. Whitman then came directly to the point he wished to make. He asked Mrs. Rosenberg whether she had heard any conversation between Jack Rose and her husband in the apartment in June, 1912, and she replied that she had.

"Will you state the conversation which you heard?" Mr. Whitman asked.

"Rose came up one day," said Mrs. Rosenberg, "and says: 'Becker sent me up to tell you and the other boys that he was going to frame you up with a gun,' and 'Louie' says: 'We don't carry no guns.' Rose says: 'That don't make no difference, if you carry any or not. As soon as you step out on the street Becker is going to frame you up.' So then 'Louie' says: 'Can't I fix it up any way with Becker?' Rose says: 'Yes, you know that Rosenthal is squealing on Becker, and the only way you can fix it with Becker is by you getting the other boys to kill Rosenthal.'

"At that moment I looked up at the two, and they seen me looking at them, and 'Louie' pulled Jack Rose by the sleeve not to say any more."

Mr. Manton objected to this last sentence, and Judge Seabury ruled out of the testimony Mrs. Rosenberg's statement that Rose and "Lefty Louie" had seen her look up. Her assertion, however, that she saw her husband pull Rose's sleeve was allowed to stand.

Events After the Murder.

Mr. Whitman then questioned Mrs. Rosenberg concerning what she had seen on the night of July 16. Mrs. Rosenberg said that she had seen the four gunmen at 6 P. M. in the apartment in Seventh Avenue. She said she came in and found "Whitey" Lewis and "Gyp the Blood" Horowitz, and that later "Dago" Frank and Lefty Louie came in.

"Your husband and Dago Frank came in?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"Yes," the witness replied.

"Did you see your husband do anything?" said Mr. Whitman.

"He came in," Mrs. Rosenberg said, "and he had a package of money; it was wound around with about an inch of paper, tied around—pasted around like. And in about twenty minutes, ten or twenty minutes, Frank came after him and they went into a little room. They went into a little room, and when they came out I seen 'Whitey' have a few bills in his hand."

"Then what did these men do?" Mr. Whitman asked.

"They packed up their things, and 'Louie' and Harry went to Yonkers that night."

Mr. Manton moved that the last sentence be stricken out, and was sustained. Mr. Whitman then turned the witness over to the defense for cross-examination, and Mr. Manton began to question her. He first obtained her admission that she had testified at her husband's trial for the murder of Rosenthal. Then Mr. Manton asked:

Q.—You have seen Assistant District Attorney Groehl since your husband's trial, have you not? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—When did you see him? A.—About three days ago.

Q.—Did you ever tell anybody up to three days ago about this conversation? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Who did you tell first? A.—Rabbi Kopfstein.

Lied to Save Her Husband.

Mr. Manton then picked up a record of the trial of the gunmen and said to the witness:

"At the trial of your husband in November, 1912, do you remember this question being asked you and your giving this answer: 'Q.—While you were in the apartment, in your presence, did you hear Jack Rose say anything to your husband or to any other men about the killing or the croaking of Herman Rosenthal? A.—No.' Do you remember that?"

Without hesitating a moment Mrs. Rosenthal said, her eyes flashing:

"I lied to save my husband at that time."

Mr. Manton insisted that the witness answer his question, and she admitted that she testified at her husband's trial as the record quoted her.

"Did Rose tell you to say that you lied to save your husband?" Mr. Manton asked, and the witness replied:

"No, Sir; I promised my husband—"

But Mr. Manton interrupted her and would not let her continue. Upon his motion the answer was stricken out. Mr. Manton referred again to the record of the gunmen's trial. He said:

"Did you answer the question in this way: 'Q.—Did you hear any conversation between Jack Rose and your husband and the others? A.—No, Sir.' Did you answer that way?"

"At that time, yes," replied the witness.

Mr. Manton concluded the cross-examination here, and Mr. Whitman on re-direct examination asked the witness only whether she had told her story to others before she told it to Mr. Groehl three days ago. She said that she had. Mrs. Rosenberg was then excused. Mr. Manton entered many objections to her testimony, but was overruled except in the instances mentioned.

George H. Young Called.

George H. Young, Secretary to Mr. Dougherty at the time of the Rosenthal shooting, testified shortly before Mrs. Rosenberg was called. It was Mr. Dougherty who had personal charge of the hunt for the slayers of Rosenthal and to whom Jack Rose gave himself up after hiding in Pollock's home.

Mr. Young said he saw Becker at Police Headquarters about 11 A. M. on July 18. The newspapers had come out that morning with statements that Rose was wanted for the murder of Rosenthal and the prosecution maintains that if Becker did not know about the general alarm sent out for Rose by Mr. Dougherty Wednesday night he must have read of it in the papers.

Mr. Young said that at about 11 o'clock that morning Mr. Dougherty, whose office was on the second floor of Police Headquarters, asked him to summon Becker from his office on the first floor. When he went downstairs to summon Becker, he said, Mr. Dougherty, Police Inspector Hughes, and Jack Rose were in the Deputy Commissioner's office. Rose had just surrendered himself to Mr. Dougherty.

Becker came upstairs with him, Young testified, and walked straight into Mr Dougherty's office. He saw Rose there, Mr. Young said. This was the first he knew of Rose's being at Police Headquarters. Dougherty waived Becker away and asked him to wait outside the Secretary's office. While he was waiting, Mr. Young testified, Becker said:

"I'm glad you've got that — — — Rose. I was just going to tell the Commissioner what I knew of him and where I thought he could be found."

On cross-examination Mr. Young said that when he went for Becker to take him to Dougherty's office, Becker said that he was on the point of going to see Dougherty anyhow.

Manton Alleges Undue Pressure.

Mr. Manton attempted to show undue pressure and improper methods on the part of the prosecution in obtaining evidence when Otto Aversi, the chauffeur of Col. Stevenson's automobile, which was used by Becker and other policemen frequently, was on the stand.

On direct examination Aversi testified that on the night of July 15, a few hours before the shooting of Rosenthal, he drove Becker, "Jack Sullivan," and "Deacon" Terry, a newspaper man, to Lawyer John Hart's office. Later in the night, he said, he drove Terry to the Pennsylvania Station, and then drove Becker and "Jack Sullivan" to the Pulitzer Building. Becker got out and went up to the offices of The World to return some newspaper clippings he had borrowed. When he came out Aversi drove him and Sullivan north to Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street, where Sullivan got out of the automobile. This was 1:30 o'clock on the morning of July 16, a half hour before Rosenthal was shot.

After Sullivan got out of the automobile, Aversi said, he drove Becker up to Lewis Avenue to his home. Mr. Delehanty asked him if he had not driven Becker past the corner of Forty-third Street and Broadway, or through Forty-third Street in front of the Hotel Metropole, and Aversi said that he had not.

Mr. Manton then took up the cross-examination. He asked Aversi if Mr. Groehl had not tried to make him promise to testify at the first Becker trial that he had driven Becker past the Metropole, and that Becker had said, as he was passing the hotel, "If I saw that — Rosenthal, I'd shoot him myself."

"Yes," replied Aversi.

"Did not Mr. Groehl tell you," Mr. Manton went on, "that he could indict you on certain charges, and that he would do so unless you testified to driving Becker past the Metropole?"

"Yes."

"And when you refused to do what he wanted, what did he do?"

"He gave me a week to think it over."

A ripple of laughter went around the courtroom at this answer.

Mr. Delehanty took up this point on re-direct examination and got Aversi's admission that Mr. Groehl had said that he had heard that Aversi had driven Becker past the Metropole and had asked the chauffeur if this were true. Aversi further admitted that when he had told Mr. Groehl that it was not true, Mr. Groehl had advised him to think about the matter a week before testifying. The indictments were mentioned by Mr. Groehl, the witness repeated, but he weakened when asked to reassert that Mr. Groehl had used the threat of them to make him testify falsely at the first Becker trial.

Aversi Not Indicted.

"As a matter of fact," Mr. Delehanty said, "you did not testify that you had driven Becker past the Metropole and you were not indicted. Isn't that true?"

"Yes," answered the witness.

Of the other witnesses heard at the afternoon session nearly all had testified at the first Becker trial and none of them gave any new testimony that was startling.

Isaac D. White of The New York World was the first of a series of witnesses through whom Mr. Delehanty introduced volumes of technical matter bearing on the Becker case.

Mr. White told of the visits of Becker and his lawyer to the World office two days before the murder of Rosenthal. Becker came ostensibly for the original of an affidavit which Rosenthal had made to The World. He had been advised by the then Acting Police Commissioner McKay, he told Mr. White, to bring a criminal suit for libel against Rosenthal. But Becker didn't leave with the affidavit. Instead, he carried away the biographical clippings about Rosenthal.

Mr. Delehanty read into the record the affidavit which Rosenthal made for The World. Rosenthal told of his intimate relations with Becker, of the get-rich-quick talks which he had with the head of the Strong Arm Squad, and how Becker boasted of "stalling" Commissioner Waldo. Rosenthal, in this affidavit, revealed the secret of his alleged partnership with Becker. When Becker visited The World, Mr. White said, he also showed great curiosity in dispatches from Newport telling of District Attorney Whitman's interest in the Rosenthal charges. Speaking of the graft charges against Becker, his lawyer, John W. Hart, was quoted by Mr. White as saying:

"This shows how difficult it is for an honest and efficient police officer to perform his duties."

The next witness was Richard Barter, the notary who aided in the drawing up of Jack Rose's affidavit while Rose was hiding in the home of Harry Pollock. He testified that Rose had made the affidavit exonerating Becker of loaning Rosenthal money without any coaching.

Becker and Rose Much Together.

Several witnesses were next called to show friendly intimacy between Becker and Rose before the murder of Rosenthal. This was to refute Becker's often repeated contention that Rose was only his stool pigeon, for whom he had a personal contempt.

Edward Coe, a theatrical manager, testified that he had seen Becker taking breakfast at Rose's home several times in April and May, 1912.

Bernard Rudiger and Frank Szrell, two waiters at the Union Square Hotel, testified that they had seen Becker and Rose eating together at the hotel as many as three or four times a week. Rudiger said he had twice seen Becker give Rose money. The last time he had seen them eating together, he said, was a week before the murder.

Mrs. Anna Glettner, Rose's sister-in-law, testified that she had seen Becker and his wife at Rose's house eating dinner in June, 1912.

Mary Storer, a domestic servant, who worked for Jack Rose, testified that she had often seen Becker and sometimes his wife at Rose's house for meals.

None of these witnesses, except Mary Storer, were cross-examined by Mr. Manton.

To prove that Rose was in New York City and not in Chicago during the month of April, 1912, the prosecution called Dr. David Friedman to the stand. He said that he had attended Mrs. Rose daily during April, 1912, and that he saw Rose frequently. He was not cross-examined.

Photos of "Conference" Lot.

The all-important "Harlem conference" was touched upon in the testimony of Howard Cox, who said that he was an engraver, printer, and photographer. Two large photographs taken by him on June 27, 1912, of the intersection of 124th Street and Seventh Avenue were admitted in evidence. They showed a vacant lot on the corner that had been partly excavated, for a building. By the photographs the prosecution seeks to prove that there was a vacant lot at 124th Street and Seventh Avenue at the time when, it is claimed, the conference took place.

Grant Crabtree, Chief Clerk in the Bureau of Records at Police Headquarters, and Winfield R. Sheehan, Secretary to Rhinelander Waldo when he was Police Commissioner, identified anonymous complaints that had come into Police Headquarters from citizens, in which it was charged that Becker was protecting Rosenthal in the gambling business, and that Rose was the go-between for them. Mr. Manton strongly objected to their admission, but Justice Seabury let them go in. He told the jury, however, that they were admitted only to show that complaints against Becker had been made, and that the accusations in them were not evidence in the trial. The letters were received in April, 1912, and it is claimed by the prosecution they were the real cause of Becker's "friendly raid" on Rosenthal's gambling house.

John S. Carney, the telephone operator on

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MYSTERY THROWN ABOUT FOULC SALE

Paris Eagerly Discussing Who Owns the Collection That Morgan Sold.

FOULC IS INCONSOLABLE

Says Son Acted Against the Late Financier's Wishes in Disposing of the Collection.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 15.—An interesting discussion has arisen over the statement of Mr. Morgan's librarian, printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES and cabled here, that the Foulc collection was sold long ago by the late J. P. Morgan "because it was not as represented and that the use of Mr. Morgan's name now is an attempt to enhance its value."

Auguste Jacques Doucet, who knows as much of its recent history as any one here, authorized the following statement through the expert who handled the collection when it was offered to him by J. P. Morgan, Jr.:

"Knowing there was much of interest in the collection, we had it sent from New York last February and examined it carefully for fourteen days. We reserved a large number of books for which we made an offer, but did not want the remainder. Mr. Morgan's representatives wished to sell en bloc, so we renounced the idea of purchase. That is M. Doucet's sole connection with the affair. He never has been owner of the collection at any time. Mr. Morgan's representatives afterward left the collection with M. Besombes, the dealer, who is now handling the sale. Perhaps in partnership with other dealers he purchased it."

Edmond Foulc, the collector, who, despite the fact that he is in his 86th year and in ill health, received THE NEW YORK TIMES representative this morning in his mansion in the Rue Magdeburg. He sobbed as he told the following story:

"For sixty years I have been gathering the collection, which is unmatchable. It is far more complete than the Hoenchal collection. It also forms a perfect appendage to the Riggs collection of armor, many pieces of which it describes.

"When I became old I foresaw its probable dispersal after my death. I was unable to bear the thought of my cherished volumes passing into the hands of an auctioneer. I therefore welcomed the suggestion made by Mr. Fitz Henry, who represented J. P. Morgan, Sr., in London, to sell them en bloc. Mr. Fitz Henry brought two experts from London, who agreed that the collection was unparalleled. Mr. Fitz Henry said Mr. Morgan must certainly buy it.

"Mr. Morgan then came himself and expressed the highest interest and admiration, saying: 'I am advised that your collection is unique and will complete admirably my artistic treasures.' I handed to him a tiny vellum book containing drawings by Ducerceau, of the sixteenth century. I said: 'Mr. Morgan, here is the gem of the collection.' He took it with him, again expressing satisfaction at the purchase from which Mr. Fitz Henry's commission alone amounted to thousands of dollars. This volume by Ducerceau does not appear in the sale catalogue. I wish I could see it again. It is priceless.

"I am convinced that Mr. Morgan never intended to disperse the collection. The Director of the Metropolitan Museum expressed the hope to me that it would be exhibited there. I promised to send him the detailed catalogue, but it disappeared. Words cannot express my sorrow that the collection is being dispersed. Mr. Morgan, Jr., is grievously to blame. I am sure he is acting contrary to his father's wishes and intentions."

The following interview was then had with Albert Besombes, who heretofore has been silent:

"Can you tell me who is the actual owner of the collection?" he was asked,

"I can not," was the reply.

"The owner exists, doesn't he?"

"Oh, yes."

"Doucet's representatives suggest that you are the owner?"

"I am not."

"Are you associated with others in the ownership?"

M. Besombes exhibited signs of nervousness as he replied:

"I am nothing but an agent. I can give no information as to the name of the proprietor."

The catalogue prepared for the sale does not pretend that the collection is now owned by Mr. Morgan.

OLD MASTERS AT AUCTION.

Murillo's Famous 'Holy Family' Sold in London for $12,075.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 15.—At a sale of old masters at Christie's, Murillo's "Holy Family," formerly in possession of Sir Lawrence Dundas, was sold for $12,075 anad Franz Hals's "Juvenile Musicians," 10½ by 8¼ inches, for $15,750.

Other notable works were "View in Dutch Town, 1207," by P. de Hooghes, $6,035; Jan Steen's "Twelfth Night Feast," $1,730; Miervelt's portrait of the Countess Gondemar, $2,440; Vanderner's "Moonlight River Scene," $2,520; Moreelze's portrait of the Prince of the Asturias, $2,520, and Sir Joshua Reynolds's portrait of Mrs. Iremonger, $2,100.

NORWAY EXPOSITION OPEN.

Imposing Ceremonial in Honor of Independence Centennial.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, May 15.—King Haakon and Queen Maud of Norway to-day opened with imposing ceremonial an exhibition commemorative of the centenary of Norwegian independence from Denmark.

Members of the Cabinet, of the foreign diplomatic corps, and of the two houses of the Norwegian Parliament were present.

VATERLAND ON WAY ACROSS ATLANTIC

Greatest Liner Creates a Sensation Among British Shipping in the Solent.

OTHER CRAFT MERE PYGMIES

More Than 100,000 Tons of German Shipping Displayed to British at Southampton.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 15.—The great Hamburg-American liner Vaterland left Cherbourg at 6 o'clock this evening on her maiden trip to New York.

The wonder ship, as this latest addition to the German transatlantic fleet is described, completed her journey from Cuxhaven to the Solent under the most auspicious conditions. Her progress down the English Channel was as slow and stately as an imperial procession. Twenty-two knots was the highest speed she made, but she gave the impression at times that she could have leaped into an easy stride of more than 26 knots, which she attained during her trials.

The gigantic vessel completely dominated all other shipping in the Solent, where she lay for a couple of hours while two tenders took off a company of guests who had come from Cuxhaven, and a third took aboard the American passengers, who had come from London. The Amazon, one of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's latest and biggest liners, seemed almost a pigmy by comparison.

A solitary British torpedo-boat destroyer, which darted about the sunlit waters, seemed an anomaly amid the great gathering of Hamburg-American liners which peacefully occupied the Solent. The proud boast that it is the biggest steamship line in the world was more than justified by the fact that the company had over 100,000 tons of shipping in the Solent to-day, for in addition to the Vaterland, with her 58,000 tons, were the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, 25,000 tons, and the Cincinnati, 18,000 tons, the highest vessel that ever passed through the Suez Canal.

During the voyage of the Vaterland from Cuxhaven to Southampton correspondents aboard of American newspapers, including THE NEW YORK TIMES, Herald, World, Sun, and American, and also of the news agencies, dispatched a telegram by wireless to the Kaiser at Wiesbaden, congratulating his Majesty on "this magnificent achievement of German enterprise in the uniting of two continents."

The following reply was received aboard the Vaterland yesterday:

His Majesty the Kaiser desires to express his sincere thanks to the foreign and German correspondents on board the Vaterland for their telegrams of greetings and congratulation. His Majesty is following the maiden voyage of the ship with the liveliest interest, and trusts that it may prove a worthy new link in the chain of international communications.

One of the Directors, with whom THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent talked concerning this great showing of German enterprise in British waters, remarked that the development of German shipping was, in the view of the Kaiser, one of the great factors for the world's peace. Intercommunication between the nations facilitated by the present possibilities of comfortable, even luxurious, travel made for that better knowledge of one another which Emperor William believes will minimize the dangers of international friction.

There is no question that the Vaterland embodies every imaginable device for making the transatlantic trip under the most luxurious conditions. Seven and a half million dollars have been spent on her. The first-class accommodations are unexcelled by the finest hotel in the world. Her third class passengers travel in quarters which would have been considered first class less than a generation ago. Even her stokers work under comparatively pleasant conditions, the new arrangements for ventilation of the stokehold working admirably.

The feature of the ship, which distinguishes her from all others, is that her funnels do not pass directly through the centre of her decks. Each of her two great amidships funnels—the third being a dummy used for ventilation purposes—divides at a point beneath the lowest passenger deck and joins in a single tube just below the boat deck. Thus the centre of the ship is left free and the public rooms unobstructed.

The first-class dining room is 135 feet by 100, the largest on any ship, and accommodates 800 persons. The ballroom is 80 feet by 58. The Vaterland, indeed, is a vessel of magnificent distances, and also, owing to the arrangement of the funnels, of magnificent vistas. The central alleyway, running the whole length of her decks, is unparalleled.

The first cabin list is not filled for her maiden westward trip, only about a third of a possible total of 750 being aboard, but for the return journey she is booked to capacity. The passengers include the Rt. Hon. Alexander Montgomery Carlisle, designer of the Titanic; Nelson W. Aldrich, Martin Beck, Prof. George Brandes, Thomas B. Yuille, and Ernesto Fabbri.

DIET'S SLAP AT KAISER.

Dislikes His Opera House Plans When Asked for Appropriation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 15.—The Prussian Diet to-day joined in a chorus of disapproval of the official plans for a colossal building for the new Royal Opera House, for which the Diet was asked to vote the first installment of $125,000. Recently the Imperial Government was obliged to withdraw the officially approved plans for a new embassy at Washington, owing to the public protest regarding the manner of their selection by the Kaiser on his own responsibility.

In the present case, too, the Kaiser contended that he could build the Opera House in whatever manner he liked, because he must pay for it from his own purse. This, as the Liberal press pointed out at the time, was far from being the actual case, and the application to the Diet for funds has borne out their view of the matter.

SIEGEL IN LONDON; SAYS HE'LL RETURN

Expects to Sail Next Wednesday—Won't Talk of His Case.

GRANDSON GETTING WELL

Child on Whose Account He Sailed Not Seriously Ill—Daughter Meets Him at Plymouth.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 15.—Henry Siegel, whose departure from New York while under indictment caused a stir, says that he will sail on the Olympic on Wednesday to face the charges against him.

The liner, with Siegel aboard, has been delayed by fog. The boat train from Plymouth did not reach Paddington Station till after midnight. Siegel, who was accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. William Cavendish, and a man whose identity was not learned, was easily recognized and was soon the centre of a group of newspaper men. He smiled good-naturedly, though he was manifestly nervous. He did not appear to be put out by the flashlights of the photographers and the questions flung at him, all of which he consistently declined to answer.

The Siegel party walked to the Great Western Hotel, but could not get accommodations there, and tried to engage rooms by telephone at the Euston Hotel, but failed again.

While in the lobby of the Great Western Siegel was interviewed, but absolutely declined to make any statement regarding his case, saying that his New York lawyers would probably give out a statement to-morrow. He said he had come over to see his sick grandson, aged 5, who was not seriously ill, but in fact had taken a turn for the better since he started from New York. He added that he made up his mind to sail only the night before the Olympic left New York and that there had been no secrecy about his departure. He denied having sailed under an assumed name, but did not know whether his name appeared on the supplementary passenger list, and did not care.

Siegel absolutely denied the statement that he had sought information regarding the extradition laws of various countries. He admitted that he had received a wireless dispatch from District Attorney Whitman. It was reported from Plymouth that the police were interested in Siegel and that he would be shadowed by detectives on his way to London; but he said he had not seen any one who looked as if he was from Scotland Yard.

"You may be detectives, for all I know," he said to the reporters, with a forced smile. "I have no statement to make and don't want to give out any newspaper yarns."

He made no attempt to elude interviewers; on the contrary, after running helplessly around Paddington in search of an unengaged taxicab, he gladly accepted the proffer of one of the fleet of taxicabs held in readiness by the newspaper men in case he should attempt to give them the slip.

From the Great Western Hotel Siegel and his daughter drove to the Great Central Hotel, where he finally found sanctuary. It is believed that the party will leave town by an early train for Staffordshire, where Mrs. Cavendish has taken a house for the season. She left it at 4 o'clock this morning in order to meet her father at Plymouth.

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A Double Column of News for Men

Showing a few of the peculiar advantages in buying Summer apparel at less than cost that will accrue to men who come to GIMBELS today.

Suits and Overcoats *At $17.50*
An Extraordinary Sale
The Suits are regular $25 standard quality.
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The man who had such a fine assortment to choose from at regular prices might well be pleased.
What then, when he can make a clean saving of $7.50 or better?
That is the case today—all sizes, 33 to 48, in styles made for the new season's business.
Fourth Floor

Summer Shirts *At 85c*
For $1.25 to $1.65 Grades
Soft mercerized shirtings. Plain negligees, soft turn-back cuffs—the ideal Summer shirts. More than 75 patterns when the Sale started yesterday—plenty here today—worth while buying half dozen or so at 85c each.
Main Floor

Straw Hats *$2 to $5*
The 1914 Crop Is Ready
New shapes, new weaves, new dimensions in Milan, Leghorn, Bangkok, split and Sennit straws.
The utmost in Straw Hat fashion and quality.
Bangkok Straws, Special at $3.75
Panama Hats, Special at $5, reg. $8
Fourth Floor

"Roxford" Union Suits *At 75c*
Usually $1.25 to $1.75
Crossbar madras, silk-striped nainsook and plain nainsook—all white.
The name of these cool and comfortable Suits assures their excellence. Also
$2 Gotham "Aircel" Union Suits, at $1
$1 Athletic Shirts and Drawers, 50c
Main Floor

Summer Socks *Saving ⅓ or More*
A Purchase of 13,000 Pairs
Mercerized Lisle, black and colors, 18c pair, 6 pairs for $1; usually 35c pair.
Imported Silk Lisle, black and colors, $3 dozen pairs, or 25c pair; regularly $4.20 dozen pairs.
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RURAL CREDITS DEAL AS FILIBUSTER ENDS

House Leaders Promise to Take Up This Legislation After Completion of Programme.

ISSUE VIEWED AS SHELVED

Otherwise a Veto Is Predicted—Currency Act Amply Provides for Farm Loans, Says Glass.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Thompson-Wingo filibuster in the House, which was organized to force a rural credits bill through the lower body despite the omission of such legislation from the programme adopted in caucus, was suspended to-day. It had lasted for two days, had emptied the galleries and had worried the House leaders.

Representatives Thompson and Wingo, the former from Oklahoma and the latter from Arkansas, said to-night that the House leaders had promised them what they were fighting for. The House leaders announced that they would adhere consistently to the caucus programme and then, with that out of the way, there would be an opportunity for taking up other matters, including, perhaps, rural credits. Everybody professed to be satisfied.

Regardless, however, of these happenings, the general feeling among members was that rural credits legislation had been safely pigeon-holed for the present session.

Representative Carter Glass of Virginia has the situation largely in his own hands. He is Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, which will present the legislation in the House. While Mr. Glass said to-day that he expected to talk the matter over with the various members of his committee with a view to sounding sentiment, he personally regarded the action of the caucus as conclusive unless and until that action was reversed by another caucus. It is believed that Mr. Glass's view coincides with that of the President.

The caucus, it was pointed out to-day, twice went on record against rural credits as a part of the programme. A motion by Representative Bathrick of Ohio to include the subject with the Anti-trust bills and the Railroad Stock and Bond Issue bill received only twenty votes. Later a proposal by Representative Keating of Colorado that the specifying of certain proposed legislation for action should not preclude consideration and passage of other measures was voted down by the caucus.

Members acquainted with conditions in the House relative to rural credits are aware that there exists an irreconcilable difference in the Banking and Currency Committee on important features of the proposed legislation, and that between some of the members and the President there is a fundamental difference which might operate to extend the session through the entire Summer. In fact, should the bill go through as written by the sub-committee, it was said to-day, it would probably be vetoed.

Mr. Glass takes the ground that the Federal Reserve act, which affords farm credit facilities to the extent of $359,000,000 from National banks—heretofore denied the privilege of making loans on real estate—should be tried before new legislation to cover the same condition be enacted. He pointed also to the rediscount provision of the Reserve act as furnishing practically unlimited facilities for current farming operations. Altogether, he said, farm credit facilities to the extent of nearly a billion and a half dollars were now available to farmers, which was not the case last year.

Mr. Underwood frankly said that he would like to see a satisfactory Farm Credits bill passed at this session. Many other members think the question will furnish an excellent campaign argument in rural districts. But Mr. Underwood, from the start of the agitation, has maintained that the regular programme must go through first. He anticipates there may be a lull in the House toward the end of the session, while the Senate is acting on the trust bills, and he believes this lull might be utilized to take up other legislation.

Representative Thompson issued a statement to-night explaining why he had abandoned the filibuster. He said:

"To-day Mr. Underwood, the leader of our party in the House, came to me and said if I would not make further points of order on the absence of a quorum that he would join with me, and the other friends of the farming and laboring classes who had insisted on this legislation, for a caucus instructing the Committee on Rules to make this legislation a part of the programme in case the Banking and Currency Committee should report a bill.

"I have come to the conclusion that this is all we could secure by a continued filibuster. If the Banking and Currency Committee does its duty a Rural Credits bill which will insure cheap money to the farmers and laborers of the country will be enacted at this session."

The indicated postponement of rural credits legislation until next session became more evident by the adoption in the Senate to-day, by a vote of 35 to 10, of an amendment to the Agricultural Appropriation bill providing $50,000 for educational work in disseminating information about farm loans and other co-operative forms of rural activity. Senator Smoot said that he did not believe the people would know anything more about rural credits after this information had been distributed than they did now.

STAND UP FOR MILITANTS.

Suffrage Meeting at Rome in Uproar When Speaker Criticises Them.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, May 15.—Mrs. Creighton, who was one of the English delegates to the International Council of Women here, which concluded its labors yesterday, was the cause of a sensational outburst at a suffrage meeting to-day when she denounced militantism as harmful to the cause.

Amid the audience of 30,000 women another Englishwoman rose, white faced, and cried "No, no!" Others joined in the protest, and when Mrs. Creighton reiterated her criticism there was a great uproar, which ended only when the President of the meeting requested Mrs. Creighton to resume her seat.

VENEZUELAN REVOLT GROWS

Several Successes Reported from Revolutionary Sources.

The revolutionary forces fighting in Venezuela against President Gomez are more numerous than has been supposed, according to advices received in New York yesterday by revolutionary agents, and it would appear that news of their successes is being withheld at Caracas.

Dispatches received from the Island of Curacao, off the coast of Venezuela, set forth that Generals Angarita, Sanchez, and Perez Polonoo are in arms in the Venezuelan States of Cojedes, Portuguesa and Zemora. Angarita is at the head of 1,600 Constitutionalists and has already scored against the Gomez forces in several engagements. Gen. Roberto Vargas, at the head of another body of Constitutionalists, has made much headway in the State of Apure, and, well supplied with ammunition, is invading the State of Guarico.

Friends and relatives of Gen. Baptista, in the State of Trujillo, have been imprisoned in the fortress of San Carlos, at Maracaibo, on orders of the Gomez Administration.

The Venezuela Constitution does not allow a President to serve two consecutive terms. Consequently, President Gomez resigned last month and Gen. Bastillos, Secretary of War, was appointed Provisional President. It is the intention of Gomez, at the end of a year, to stand for election to the Presidency.

MILITANT LEADERS JAILED.

"General" Drummond and Mrs. Dacre-Fox Create Scene in Court.

LONDON, May 15.—Sentences of a month's imprisonment each were pronounced to-day on "General" Mrs. Flora Drummond and Mrs. Dacre-Fox, militant suffragette leaders, when they were brought before the Magistrate and charged with disturbing the peace by camping on the doorsteps of the residences of Sir Edward Carson and Lord Lansdowne.

The accused refused to give sureties that they would keep the peace for six months. They turned the court proceedings into a farce by interrupting the evidence and continuing to talk and jeer at the Magistrate while he was pronouncing sentence.

When ordered to be taken to the cells the women became so violent that it was necessary to call in four policemen to remove each of them from the prisoners' inclosure. They were eventually taken out of court screaming and shrieking.

"Arson squads" of militant suffragettes to-day set fire to and destroyed costly grand stands at the County Cricket Grounds in Birmingham and London.

HELD FOR CHICAGO POLICE.

No Extradition Warrant Yet for Schmidt, Arrested in England.

LONDON, May 15.—Adolph Schmidt, alias Kowolakie, who was arrested at the request of the Chief of Police of Chicago when he arrived at Avonmouth, near Bristol, as a passenger on board the Royal George from Montreal, was brought up before the Magistrate in the Extradition Court at Bow Street to-day on a charge of alleged forgery.

Schmidt was remanded pending communication with the American Embassy and the State Department at Washington, as no extradition warrant had been obtained, the Chicago police having communicated directly with the Bristol police without the customary procedure through the United States Embassy.

The accused is being held temporarily on a "conveyance" warrant in the hands of the London police.

ADMITS MILITIAMEN KILLED PRISONERS

Colorado Guardsman Describes the Shooting of Tikas, Strike Leader, and Two Others.

AMMONS WINS IN SENATE

Fails to Pass Resolution Calling on Governor to Retire—Want U. S. Troops to Remain.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., May 15.—Sergeant Patrick N. Cullom, Company B, Second Infantry, Colorado National Guard, testified to-day before the military court martial that Louis Tikas, leader of the Greek strikers at Ludlow, and two other prisoners were shot and killed by soldiers when they tried to escape during the battle in which two women and eleven children were killed.

The prisoners had been left in Cullom's care. He denied that he had directed the shooting of the men, but said, under oath, that his orders were to "hold Tikas or to kill him." The Sergeant told of seeing a running man fall and of finding Tikas's body the next day.

"What would you have done if you had known it was Tikas running?" he was asked.

"I would have shot him, of course. That would have been my duty as a soldier. Of course I would have called to him first to halt, and if he did not I would have shot him.

"When K. E. Linderfelt turned Tikas over to me," said the Sergeant, "Tikas was talking back to the crowd, who were swearing at him and telling him they were going to hang him. All I can remember that he said was that he was not responsible for the doings of the day, that some one else had been in charge. There were calls from the crowd to kill him and hang him. When Tikas was turned over to me it meant that I only was to take care of him as a prisoner, and see that he got to the depot, but to protect him."

"And to kill him if he tried to get away?" the soldier was asked.

"Yes, sir."

"And you carried out these orders?"

"I did."

The resolution introduced in the Colorado Senate by W. C. Robinson, Progressive Republican, calling upon Gov. Ammons to retire from office because he was "incompetent to run the State Government," was voted down to-day by an overwhelming majority after Senator Tierney, Democrat, in a speech had said the Governor was guilty of treason, both to the State and to the nation. The vote against the resolution was 26 to 4.

Senator Robinson in his speech to-day called Gov. Ammons the "great squaw catcher," in reference to the arrest and detention of Mother Jones. He said he hoped it would become the Governor's official title.

The million-dollar appropriation bill to pay the militia passed both houses finally to-night. A resolution for adjournment at noon to-morrow also was passed.

The resolution calling upon the President to keep the Federal troops here was adopted in the Senate, and probably will be adopted by the House to-morrow. The resolution, which is in the form of a memorial to President Wilson, says:

"Withdrawal of the troops will inevitably prove calamitous to the order and good government of the State of Colorado and will tend to re-establish the deplorable conditions happily terminated by your action."

READY TO STAND TRIAL.

Men Indicted with Burke Prepare to Come from Panama.

PANAMA, May 15.—Robert Wilcox, who was indicted yesterday in New York with John Burke, former manager of the Commissary Department of the Panama Canal, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government, said to-day that he was ready to surrender to American officers at any time.

Isaac Brandon, against whom a like indictment was found, said that he would be in New York shortly. Brandon is a Panama merchant.

Notes of Foreign News.

ROME, Italy, May 15.—Archbishop Sebastian Gebhard Messmer of Milwaukee was received in private audience to-day by the Pope.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The situation at Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, now held by revolutionists and where the Government has proclaimed a blockade, is reported as being quiet in a dispatch received at the Navy Department early to-day from Capt. Eberle of the United States cruiser Washington at that port. Later Capt. Eberle reported that the Dominican gunboat Independencia landed sixty men east of Puerto Plata. Capt. Eberle says Puerto Plata and the outlying country have been quiet since Sunday.

PRODS ASQUITH ON FAIR.

Daily Mail Wants to Know What He's Going to Do About It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, May 16.—The Daily Mail this morning, in an editorial, urges the Government to make an immediate response to the House of Commons' deputation which recently visited Premier Asquith in reference to the Government's attitude toward the Panama Exhibition. It says:

"An attempt to shuffle out of the responsibility on the ground that there is not now sufficient time to erect a Government pavilion at the exhibition would be an admission of culpable neglect, such as even the present Cabinet would scarcely dare make.

"The pretexts put forward by Mr. Asquith for not accepting the invitation of the President of the United States have fallen to the ground. The Panama Canal tolls dispute will undoubtedly be settled in our favor within a few days. Is the real reason for our astonishing refusal to be found in a secret understanding with Germany? If so, the sooner we know it, the better.

"It is scarcely conceivable that the will of the House of Commons is to be thwarted and our friendship with the United States risked because the Cabinet is committed to a blind policy 'made in Germany.'"

JAPAN'S MILITARY PLANS.

Armaments to be "Compatible with Empire's Resources."

TOKIO, May 15.—An augmentation of the Japanese national defenses compatible with the resources of the Empire is promised in the declaration of policy issued to-day by the new cabinet under the Premiership of Count Shigenobu Okuma.

The necessity is emphasized of overcoming by national economy the financial burdens resulting from the war with Russia. Reduction of the national loans and concentration of effort on the development of commerce and industry also are to be part of the Government programme.

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Handsome suits for men, young men and youths; all sizes up to 54 waist-measure for big fellows.

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Youths' and Young Men's Suits—sizes to 40 only usually priced to $13.50; at $8.95

Skinner's Satin-Lined Blue All-Wool Serge Suits—all sizes for men and youths; at $9.85

"Kingly" Trousers—every pair guaranteed all sizes to 58 waist-measure; at $3

$12 Genuine English Raincoats—all sizes, colors and styles; at $8.45

Blue "Oswego" Serge Suits—all sizes up to 54 "stout"; at $11.85

"Odd" "Balmacaans" and Belted-Back Cravenetted Tweed Spring Overcoats—sizes up to 40; former prices to $20; at $8.95

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These sticks are made of the choicest woods—Partridge, Pimento, Whangee, Ebony, etc. Only a few of each kind, but many kinds. All are slightly shopworn.

FINE SILK PARASOLS—Usual prices to $3; fine silk, newest styles; plain shirred or bordered; choicest colors; today at... $2

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Men's Union Suits

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The Men's Snappy Footwear—the season's best lasts in high shoes and Oxford ties; dull leather, patent leather, tan Russia calf and kidskin; sizes from 5 to 11; all widths from AA to E; usually $3.50 to $6; this sale at..... $2.25

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5

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URGES ARBITRATION FOR TOLLS DISPUTE

McLean Sees Therein a Means of Our Preserving Confidence Abroad to Help Trade.

CAN'T BE OUR OWN JUDGES

Policy, Politics, and Profit and Loss Subservient to Merits of Treaty, He Contends.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—A plea for arbitration of the tolls controversy as a method of keeping faith with the world and preserving confidence essential to the proper development of foreign trade was made in the Senate to-day by Senator McLean, Republican, of Connecticut. He said that the United States would prosper in foreign trade if "we deliver what we agree to deliver in diplomacy as well as merchandise."

Senator McLean said that "if any one will take the trouble to read the history of trade expansion he will find that good will on the part of the purchaser is just as important as good work in manufacture.

The ability of American merchants to sell abroad depended in a measure upon the personality of consular agents, he said, and followed this with an attack upon the use of the Consular Service by Secretary of State Bryan to pay political debts.

"Economic forces conquer all others in time, but in the every-day commerce of nations, confidence has played and will play a most important part. It seems to be generally conceded that confidence has left this country for the present. Is it not about time we should acknowledge the cause of its departure? Is it not about time we should admit that it is a clear case of too much Congress? And now, is it worth while for Congress to deprive us of the confidence of our neighbors?

"'My country right or wrong' has cost humanity 50 per cent. of its substance and 65 per cent. of its self-respect up to date," said Senator McLean. "We may still be compelled to use it in time of war, but in time of peace its use can and should be avoided. International agreements are no less sacred than agreements between citizens. Justice does not have one standard for the big and another for the little things.

"The matter under discussion involves the interpretation of two written contracts between Great Britain and the United States, and nothing more. All questions of policy and politics and profit and loss must be put aside.

"Great Britain's interest in Central America was much greater than ours in 1850. Her position and proprietorship in Central America compelled us to negotiate with her, and her attempt at that time to secure Tigre Island, near the entrance of the canal, greatly inflamed the public mind. War was actually threatened. A peaceful solution of the difficulty was all-important, and the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was the result."

Senator McLean insisted that the phrase "all nations," as employed in the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, included the United States, and that "we would be compelled to impeach both the intelligence and integrity of every one of our own eye-witnesses to the transaction in order to convince a court of the soundness of the contention that 'all' means less than all."

"This question should be submitted to The Hague," said Senator McLean. "If we lose, we lose nothing, and we shall gain much in experience. If we insist upon sitting in judgment in our own cause we are bound to lose our honor, to say the least.

"If we decline to arbitrate this controversy we must take the position that saying a question is vital makes it so. In other words, our treaties are interpretable only as they may be interpreted to suit us.

"I want the good work we have done at Panama to pay in money and morals both. The payment or non-payment of tolls by our ships has little, if any, economic significance, as it seems to me. The canal has already cost the State which I represent more than $5,000,000, an average of $25 each for every grown man in Connecticut. I believe that a majority of my constituents will feel that this ought to do for the present, and that those who use the canal should help pay its running expenses. As an economic factor in the control of our Government railroad systems, the payment or non-payment of tolls by our coastwise shipping is a tempest in a canal, which is somewhat larger than a tempest in a teapot, but of no more consequence."

Mr. McLean attacked the Democratic tariff theory and complained that a British firm had obtained the contract for manufacturing ornaments for the caps and collars of men in the United States army and navy, whereas in previous years the Waterbury Button Company of Connecticut has had the contract.

"Is it a thing to be proud of? The American Government by its own act has thrown American workmen out of employment. We should bear in mind that American concerns are not allowed to bid on similar work in Great Britain."

The methods employed by the present administration in filling consular offices was attacked, Senator McLean declaring that the merit system had been overturned and "our consular service has been used to pay the political debts of its chief."

"When this record is put before the public in detail, when the employer and employe in this country are made familiar with the names and records of the men who are to look out for their interests in foreign countries, they will realize that this toll-gate is quite invisible as a factor affecting our foreign trade when Mr. Underwood's competitive tariff and Mr. Bryan's consular service are put in front of it."

TRIBUTE TO PRESS'S POWER

Chester S. Lord Talks to Harvard Editors of Present-Day Tendencies.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 15.—Chester S. Lord, for many years Managing Editor of The New York Sun, delivered an address to-night at the anniversary dinner of the Harvard Crimson in Cambridge. In speaking of the enormous influence exacted by the newspapers he said:

"They reach the people to an extent not approached by any other influence, for everybody of any account reads them. Consider for a moment. Rarely does a clergyman find himself addressing a congregation of more than 500 persons, rarely, indeed, does the public lecturer speak to 1,000 persons; and seldom, in the heat of a campaign, does the political orator find 2,000 persons within the reach of his voice. Yet a little ten-line comment, placed conspicuously on the editorial page of THE NEW YORK TIMES, will be read by 500,000 persons, and one of Mr. Arthur Brisbane's fine editorial articles, printed in the Hearst chain of newspapers extending across the continent—for his articles are telegraphed to all for simultaneous publication—will be seen approximately by 3,000,000 persons. Can you by any exaltation of the intellect, imagine a greater influence or a greater responsibility?

"I have been moved, never as I am now moved, to urge young men to become newspaper editors, for never have I seen such opportunity to make newspaper reputations. The very fact that your pen can reach the masses, that you can talk to hundreds of thousands of persons, should be in itself a thrilling inspiration. Moreover, the honest editor is needed just now as perhaps never before. Things are not going exactly right with us. There are indications of mental and moral demoralization.

"I would not have you judge all newspapers by the antics of a few saffron sheets any more than I would have you judge all clergymen by the one clergyman who departs from decency, or all bank cashiers by the one cashier who steals. Every editor knows that the more details of sin, vice, and crime you cram into a newspaper the more copies of that newspaper will be sold, and every editor knows that the most subtle temptation that ever besets him is the temptation to print the things that should not be printed, and that temptation is more acute because he knows the people want to read them. There seems to be a fascination about exaggeration that appeals both to the liar and to his victim.

"When I speak thus of the sensational and the irresponsible press, I am speaking of a very few newspapers among the many, for our American newspapers as a whole are becoming more sane and more conservative with each succeeding year. The personal journalism of a decade ago, with its venomous attacks on public men and its outrageous misrepresentations of political events and political parties, has almost entirely passed away. Editorial comment is much more just and fair, and the news columns are almost entirely free from intentional misrepresentation; for editors have come to appreciate that temperate reasoning and the expression of righteous conclusions are far more convincing than excessive vituperation and fabrication.

"The spectacular still exists in very many sheets, but it manifests itself chiefly in typographical monstrosities, in red ink letter press, barbed-wire type, and job type headline letters a foot or so high.

"For this evolution let us be thankful, and let us hope that it promises for the American newspaper of years to come an influence mightier and more wholesome, begat of honesty and integrity, and sustained by the appreciation and the confidence of the people."

PROPOSES $100,000 FOR TRADE SCOUTS

Senate Committee Acts on the Suggestion of Secretary Redfield.

REFUSES TO CUT MILEAGE

New Automobiles for Vice President and Speaker—Another Assistant for McAdoo.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The employment of commercial attachés by the Department of Commerce to seek out methods of developing the foreign trade of the United States is authorized in the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill, reported to the Senate to-day. Such attachés are to be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce without observance of civil service regulations, and are to be directly under his control, making reports to him only. The sum of $100,000 for their employment is provided.

This innovation in the foreign policy of the United States, embodied in an amendment inserted in the bill by the Senate Committee on Appropriations, was suggested by Secretary Redfield soon after he was made a member of the Cabinet. Republican Senators intimated that they would call attention in debate to the proposed exemption of these attachés from civil service rules, although criticism of this feature of the amendment will probably not carry with it condemnation of the entire proposal.

The widely advertised decision of the House to reduce mileage payments to members of Congress from 20 cents per mile to actual expenses has been reversed by the Senate Committee on Appropriations, which provided $51,000 for the mileage of Senators and $175,000 for the mileage of Representatives. The bill as passed by the House carried only half this sum, an estimate having been made that the payment of actual traveling expenses would save $113,000 a year.

The bill as reported to the Senate carries a total of $37,238,278, an increase of $706,169 over the amount approved by the House.

The Senate committee proposes that Vice President Marshall and Speaker Clark shall each have a new automobile, an amendment providing $9,000 for the purchase of two automobiles having been made in committee. Recognition of Republican demands for clerical help is recognized in an amendment carrying $110,000 for the salaries of seventy-five clerks, assistant clerks, and messengers for "assistants to Senators who are not Chairmen of committees."

Displaying marked interest in the ratings given fourth-class Postmasters, now under civil service rules, the Senate committee has added $16,890 to the bill for added expenses of examination.

Secretary McAdoo is to have another assistant, the committee providing for such an assistant to be appointed by the Secretary himself, at a salary of $4,500 per year. It is proposed to abolish the office of Assistant Register of the Treasury; the salary of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue is increased to $6,500, and the appropriation for the purchase of labor-saving machines and tabulating equipment is increased from $6,000 to $10,000.

A new position, that of Examiner of the Mint, at a salary of $3,000, is proposed in the bill, and the appropriation for the purchase of newspaper clippings, law books, and books of reference is extended to include "financial journals." The Senate committee restored appropriations for the continuance of assay offices at Carson, Nev.; Boise, Idaho; Deadwood, S. D.; Helena, Mont., and Salt Lake City, which the House had eliminated.

The Senate committee proposes that the obsolete gas fixtures in the State, War, and Navy Building be replaced with electric lights, and that unserviceable plumbing be removed. For this purpose $117,000 is provided.

An item providing for the compilation of information by the Census Bureau of Statistics on cotton and tobacco production, among other purposes, was increased from $86,000 to $925,000. In the Department of Commerce it is proposed to appoint editors for the reports of field agents engaged in efforts "to promote and develop the foreign and domestic commerce of the United States."

Provision is made for the appointment of a board to investigate the use of typewriting machines by the Government, with a view to fixing a standard for each class of work and a maximum price to be paid for each class of machine."

HAD TO HIDE WITNESS.

Detective Defends Action in Answering Frank Contempt Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 15.—The hearing of the charge of contempt of court against William J. Burns and Dan S. Lehon, his lieutenant in the Frank investigation, which was set for Friday, was postponed until next week.

Through their attorneys, Little, Powell, Hooper & Goldstein, they have filed an answer to the charge, in which they said they were advised by their attorneys, Luther Z. Rosser and Reuben R. Arnold, that there was not the slightest impropriety or illegality in their conduct in sending the witness, Annie Maud Carter, out of the city, but that it was the proper thing to do under the circumstances.

"Deponent believes that in so doing," (sending the witness out of town,) Burns's answer continues, "he was serving the cause of right and justice, and was aiding the court in the ascertainment of truth, and was in no wise intending any contempt of court or of its processes, but was endeavoring to assist the court in saving its witnesses brought into court from any improper influence being exerted upon them."

The answer set out that the woman received nothing beyond her expenses, and that it was well within the ethics of the situation that a witness detained for the use of a party should receive from that party the expenses actually incurred.

Utah Cattle Queen Dead.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 15.—Mrs. Elizabeth Bonnemort, known throughout the West as the cattle and sheep queen of Utah, died at her home here to-day. Mrs. Bonnemort came to Utah from Scotland in 1865, at the age of 20 years, and engaged in the cattle and sheep business with great success. Later she became identified with the real estate business in Salt Lake, which with her cattle ventures netted her a fortune computed at $2,000,000.

Eighteen men believed in Truly Warner the day I opened my new Idea Hat Store at 262 Broadway. Seventeen men bought Truly Warner Hats—I was the eighteenth—who had the confidence that has spread like the Gospel ever since.

They tore down the old building where I upbuilded the Truly Warner fame. So I am back to where I started, in a structure and a store that typifies the spirit, success, and size of the Truly Warner institution.

Yesterday we opened another store on the exact spot where my first store started.

TRULY WARNER.—Adv.

CAN'T SERVE, SAYS WHEELER

Business Ties Prevent His Joining Bank Board, He Tells Wilson.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Harry A. Wheeler of Chicago, Vice President of the Continental Trust Company, has written President Wilson expressing his regret that he is unable to accept the appointment on the Federal Reserve Board which the President recently offered him, because of business connections he cannot sever.

The President now has two places to fill on the board, Dr. Adolph C. Miller of San Francisco, Paul M. Warburg of New York City, and W. P. G. Harding of Birmingham, Ala., having accepted the other three posts. He must also designate one of the members as Governor and another as Vice Governor.

Mr. Wilson is canvassing again the list of 150 names from which he made his first choices. He is anxious now to select a member from the Middle West, either Chicago or St. Louis, and one from New England, to preserve a geographical balance on the board. One of the two to be selected will be a Republican.

The President is not expected to decide on the two remaining appointees for another week. It is unlikely that the first three names will be sent to the Senate until the list is completed.

CHICAGO, May 15.—In connection with his declination to serve on the Federal Reserve Board, Harry A. Wheeler of this city issued a statement to-day, in the course of which he says:

"I am not at liberty to disclose the nature of the correspondence between the President and myself, all of which has been of a most frank and confidential character. It is only fair, however, to say that my declination of the President's offer is not to be construed in any sense as indicating distrust in the workability of the Federal Reserve act, and the decision was made with the sincerest regret that I could not make my plans square with the requirements of the law.

"The Federal Reserve act imposes an obligation upon members of the board not to associate themselves with any member banks for two years after completion of their term of office. This provision has no adverse bearing upon the business man, the economist, or even the private banker, each being able to return to his business or profession as soon as he retires from the board, while the banker who comes out of the field of incorporated banking (organizations eligible to membership in the Federal Reserve Association) finds himself adrift for two years, making it possible to devote himself only to commercial pursuits, private banking, or associate himself with some non-member bank.

"It is this provision that developed a combination of circumstances which I could not consistently meet."

THE RIGHT KIND OF ADVICE

ONE of our clients said in our office recently:

"Before my husband died he told me to go to your Company to invest my money and then I would be all right."

She followed his advice and now she knows the comfort afforded by our Guaranteed Mortgages.

There is no possibility of the loss of your principal and the interest return, 4½%, is larger than from any other investment that is equally safe.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO

Capital & Surplus, $9,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

STERN BROTHERS

Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

The Custom Tailoring Department, Third Floor, will offer, To-day:

Men's and Young Men's Sack Suits, Made-to-Measure, at $24.00

Regular Values $30.00 to 32.50

Materials include navy blue or gray serges, unfinished worsteds, neat pencil stripes, tartan and shepherd checks; also fashionable light and dark mixtures. The suits will be tailored and finished in high class manner and cut on conservative or extreme English lines, as desired; in all sizes from 34 to 44 inch chest measure; larger sizes 15 per cent. additional. Deliveries will positively be made on or before May 29th.

For To-day, a Special Sale of Men's and Young Men's

Navy Blue Serge Sack Suits, special at $19.50

Made of soft finish fine twilled navy blue serge, absolutely fast in color and in the desirable Summer weight, cut after conservative or extreme models for men or young men, in sizes from 34 to 44 inch chest measure, in regular or stout proportions. They are cool Summer suits, half lined with superior alpaca, sleeves lined with silk, skeleton waistcoats, trousers with plain or cuff bottoms.

Youths' Sack or Norfolk Suits, special at $13.75

Being in sizes from 32 to 40 inch chest measure, many small men will be attracted by this offering. Materials are navy blue serges, in smooth or rough weaves; also cheviots, cassimeres and crash in plain Cambridge gray and neat mixtures.

To-day, on the Third Floor, a very exceptional offering of

Men's $5.00 Oxford Ties, at $3.45

in the new rich dark tan and black Russia calf skin; with blind eyelets, welted soles and low heels; in a complete range of sizes.

Our Men's Shoes section is also showing a most comprehensive assortment of every desired variety of Summer shoes for business or dress wear, as well as sporting shoes of all kinds, dancing pumps and house slippers, all at moderate prices.

Men's Straw Hats, at $1.65

Samples of $3, $4 and $5 Grades

This advantageous purchase, from one of the best makers, enables us to offer a complete variety of the newest shapes, right at the beginning of the season. Styles include Belgian braid, Mackinaw, Sennit, and fancy braids, in models for men and young men; all sizes from 6⅝ to 7½.

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Fifth Avenue, 38th Street, 39th Street

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Special To-day,

Young Men's Suits from London

$31.50

Usually up to $45.00

These splendid English Suits have been much appreciated by young men whom we have fitted since they were introduced at this special price. They are distinctly English in style—although not too extreme.

The fabrics are of the finest quality in gray, tan and brown cassimere; also blue and gray worsted.

The tailoring is the best that London tailors can put into a suit. Sizes 34 to 40.

Flannel Suits for Summer

Blues and grays; single or double breasted, patch pockets, athletic vests. Sizes 33 to 40..... *$17.50*

Fourth Floor

Men's Footwear

At Very Attractive Prices

English Dress Pumps

$3.95 & $4.85—Usually $6.00 and $7.00

The Best English & American High & Low Shoes

for dress or general wear

$3.95 & $4.85—Usually $6.00 and $7.00

The "Cordwainer" High or Low Shoes

Good looking footwear that will stand the hardest kind of wear.

$5.85—Usually $8.00

Strictly Hand-made Boots & Low Shoes

$6.85 & $7.85—Usually $10.00

Rubber Sole Shoes

White Buckskin.....low or high.....*$5.85*

Tan Russian Calf.....low or high.....*$4.85*

White Canvas.....Oxford only....*$3.95*

38th Street Entrance, Direct Into Men's & Boys' Section

Arnold Constable & Co.

Special Saturday Sales

500 Men's and Women's New Model Rain and Utility Coats

300 Women's and Misses' Rain and Utility Coats

150 "ROSEBERRY" RAIN COATS—Exquisite soft silky "Cravenette" fabric, packs into small space. Choice models in Tan, Navy and Black. Sizes 14 years to 44 bust. *Value $12.50* **8.75**

150 TWEED COATS—The new Balmacaan model, a smart tweed (Cravenette), in soft grey mixtures; sizes for women and misses; 14 years to 44 bust. *Value $18.50* **11.50**

200 Men's and Young Men's Rain and Utility Coats

MEN'S UNLINED CRAVENETTE COATS—Neat hair line stripes and pepper and salt mixtures, light weight all wool materials; specially good for auto and street wear. *Values $19.50 to $22.50* **15.50**

COATS FROM ENGLISH WOOLENS—Very newest rough tweeds and cheviots. All Cravenette Raglan models. Also all knitted fabrics. *Values $22.50 to $28.00* **17.75**

Men's Negligee Summer Shirts

300 PURE SILK NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—From fine birds-eye crepe shirtings; lustrous satin stripes. One day only. *All are special $5.00 values* **3.15**

500 SOFT CUFF NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Mercerized madras and pebble crepes, newest warm weather shirtings; best making throughout. *From previous special sales of $1.45, $1.65 and $1.95.* **1.20**

Summer Apparel

For Women and Misses.

35 HIGH CLASS TAILOR SUITS—The season's best modes, in serge and French moire, will be offered at the exceptional price of *Value $28.50* **22.50** *Value $32.50* **24.50** Some with the Long Russian Tunic.

25 CHOICE DRESSES of white net. Attractive models; suitable for any dressy summer function, graduation or bridesmaid wear. *Value $24.50* **18.50** *Value $32.50* **24.50**

50 UTILITY COATS—Balmacaan model of English tweed cravenette. *Value $16.50* **10.50**

30 CAPES of French broadcloth, unlined, in navy, holland, black and brown. *Value $11.50* **7.50**

The New Capes

For Women and Misses.

CAPES of Donegal tweed. Our own exclusive model. Ideal for motor and steamer wear. *Value $18.50* **12.75**

CAPES of French serge, Paquin model, vest of shepherd check or satin. Full, handsome garment. *Value $28.50* **19.50**

Special lot of 350 Choice Crepe de Chine Blouses

Crepe de chine blouses, embroidered Organdie collar.
Crepe de chine blouses trimmed with fine lace.
Crepe de chine blouses with plaited collar.
Crepe de chine embroidered batiste vestee.
Crepe de chine blouses, button trimmed. *Regularly $4.50* **2.95**

Crepe de chine blouses with silk lace trimming.
Crepe de chine blouses—hemstitching and plaiting.
Crepe de chine blouses—vestee of material—mourning. *Regularly $6.75* **5.00**

Washable Blouses

Decidedly Smart New Models at Most Attractive Prices.

Linen blouses in all colors, collars of white and self.
All-over embroidered voile blouses, lace trimmed.
Jap silk blouses, hemstitched; embroidered collars.
Voile blouses with cluny lace and embroidery.
All-over embroidered voile, lace trimmed. *Regularly $3.00* **1.85**

Figured voile blouses with pendant.
Voile blouses, embroidered fronts, plaited collars.
All-over embroidered voile blouses. *Regularly $2.00* **95c**

Veilings and Veils

NOSE-TIP VEILINGS — Novelty black meshes. *Regularly 50c yd.* **28c**

BLACK MESH VEILINGS—Plain octagon and fancy meshes. *Special values, yard* **10c to 1.25**

CHIFFON MOTOR VEILS—Black, white and colors. *Regularly $2.25 each* **1.85**

Handkerchiefs

For Women and Misses

SHAMROCK LAWN HANDKERCHIEFS—White centre, with Pink, Blue or Lavender borders. **15c** each $1.50 dozen

PLAIN HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS—Medium weight pure Irish linen. *Regularly $2.00 dozen* **1.15**

CREPE DE CHINE HANDKERCHIEFS—Plain white and the new colors. **25c** each $2.50 dozen

Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs

PURE LINEN—Medium weight, ¼ and ½ inch hem. *Regularly $3.00 dozen* **1.95**

PURE LINEN—Superior grade, ¼ and ½ inch hem. *Regularly $4.50 dozen* **2.95**

For Travel

FINE REED SUIT CASES—The new blacks, leather color and natural. Brass locks and buckles. Sateen lined with large shirred pockets. Leather reinforced. 22, 24 and 26 in. *Regularly $5.00* **3.75**

COWHIDE TRAVELLING BAGS—Black, brown and russet. Leather lined, two pockets, brass clasps and locks. Reinforced corners and sadler sewn. *Regularly $7.50* **5.50**

Women's Silk Parasols & Umbrellas

UMBRELLAS—All natural and mission handles of the better grades. 8 rib Paragon frame, Taffeta silk.
PARASOLS—Black and whites, Pongees and all the best and most wanted colors. Enameled or gilt frames. Dainty carved handles. *Values $2.25 to $2.75* **1.85**

STORM UMBRELLAS—For men and women. Prince of Wales, opera and mission handles, for men. Carved and sterling trimmed long handles, for women. Fine gloria covering. 8 rib Paragon frame. *Special for Saturday only, each* **90c**

Infants' and Children's Summer Hosiery

¼ and ⅓ Off Regular Prices.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S SOCKS—(Imported)—Plain white or with fancy colored tops, sizes 4½ to 9. *Box 6 pairs* **95c**

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON HOSE—Medium weight, double heels and toes. Black, white or tan. Sizes 6 to 9½. *Box 6 pairs* **85c**

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL HOSE—Fine combed yarn, medium weight, linen heels and toes. Black or tan. Strong and durable. Sizes 6 to 10. *Box 6 pairs* **1.15**

CHILDREN'S ARTIFICIAL SILK PLAITED HOSE—Very lustrous, double heels and toes. Black, white, tan, pink or sky. Sizes 6 to 9½. *pair* **29c**

Men's Furnishings

Important Saturday Specials.

SPECIAL SUMMER PAJAMAS—From self-figured mercerized fabrics. All low neck. Plain white, tan, blue, grey and lavender. Clover loops. *Value $1.50 Suit* **95c**

SUMMER ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR—Genuine French Balbriggan, crinkled crepes and cotton gauze. Sleeveless shirts and knee drawers. *Special—garment* **50c**

SILK KNITTED FOUR IN HANDS—Crochet weaves in cross stripes. All the new wide end shapes. *Regularly 65c 3 for $1.00* **35c**

WHITE SILK HALF HOSE—A thin sheer all silk hose with lisle toe and heel, also black. *Regularly 45c pair* **25c**

Fine Furnishings

For Women and Misses

SWEATERS of pure Australian wool, coat model, ultra and staple colors. *Regularly $4.50* **3.50**

PETTICOATS of Tango Crepe, Dresden figure, accordion flounce. *Regularly $2.75* **1.85**

KIMONOS of Dimity, Dotted Swiss and Fancy Muslins; four distinctive models. *Regularly $3.50 and $3.95* **1.95**

NIGHTGOWNS—"Imported" handmade and embroidered. *Regularly $2.75* **2.35**

NIGHTGOWNS of fine Nainsook, tucked yoke, embroidery and ribbon edge. *Regularly $1.50* **1.25**

COMBINATIONS of fine Nainsook, insert of embroidery on cover and pantalon. *Regularly $1.50* **1.25**

CAMISOLES of Crepe de Chine, Val. lace trimming. *Regularly $1.25* **95c**

Bathing Suits and Ocean Millinery.

The Latest 1914 Models.

MOHAIR BATHING SUITS with bloomers. *Regularly $4.50* **3.50**

SATIN "A. & C." BATHING SUITS—The new Annette sleeve, sailor collar. *Regularly $6.75* **5.65**

BATHING MILLINERY of pure rubber in various models and trim of flowers and quills. *Regularly $1.25 to $3.50* **95c to 2.95**

BATHING COLLARS AND BELTS of pure rubber, giving the plain suit a smart appearance. *Regularly $2.75 to $4.50* **2.45 to 3.95**

Gloves

For Women and Misses.

GLACE—16 button length, in white, also champagne. *Value $3.50 pair* **2.55**

"REGIS"—GLACE—2 clasp, Paris point embroidery, in light and dark tan, grey—also black and white. *Value $1.50 pair* **95c**

DOESKIN—1 clasp and 1 button. White only. *Value $1.25 pair* **95c**

China Silk Coats

Ideal motor coat. Full, generous model. Black only. *Value $25.00* **19.50**

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Detroit Steel Products Springs
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—and the Mormon Bishop who tried to convert her and the Strong Woman who worked her own gold mine and the Wild Man and the Snake Lady—don't miss 'em in

The Desert and Mrs Ajax

The most diverting love-story that ever came out of the West.

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Illustrated. $1.25 net.

ADVERTISEMENT.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY
STATE SCHOLARSHIPS

Notice pursuant to the Education Law (L. 1909, ch. 21 as amended L. 1910, ch. 140.,) section 1037.

A competitive examination of candidates for the State scholarships in Cornell University, failing to the County of New York, will be held at the De Witt Clinton High School, 10th Avenue and 50th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan,

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1914,
commencing at 9 A. M.

Candidates must be at least 16 years of age and of six months' standing in the common schools or academies of the State during the year immediately preceding this examination, and actual residents of this State.

No person should enter an examination unless prepared to accept a scholarship, should one be awarded.

The examination will be upon English history (ancient, English, American,) plane geometry, algebra, and any *two* (at the option of the candidate) of the following: Greek, Latin, advanced French, advanced German, advanced mathematics. As an alternate for advanced mathematics, physics or chemistry may be offered. The paper on American history will include civil government. Papers in the six required subjects must be submitted.

There will be as many candidates appointed from this county as there are assembly districts in this county. Candidates will become entitled to the scholarships in the order of their merit.

Dated at the City of New York, this seventh day of May, 1914.

WM. H. MAXWELL,
City Superintendent of Schools, The City of New York.

The SALAMANDER

Owen Johnson's Greatest Novel

NO social barriers obstruct her way. No age-old customs are her gauge. No fear checks her curiosity. No thought of future governs what she does—until the "future" comes, and then—

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THEIR GUEST FOUND GARDEN OF EDEN

Pilgrims Entertain Sir William Willcocks, Assuan Dam Builder.

J. H. CHOATE TOASTMASTER

Guest Says Orientals Are Great Politicians and Do Not Despise Graft.

Sir William Willcocks, the noted English engineer, who constructed the great Assuan Dam on the Nile, and who discovered in Egypt a strip of land which many scientific investigators believe was the Garden of Eden, was the guest at a luncheon given by the Pilgrims of America in the Whitehall Club yesterday. Sir William has spent most of his life in Egypt, Syria, and Turkey, and has done much to develop industry in those countries. A system of irrigation which he evolved is said to have doubled the agricultural area of Egypt.

Joseph H. Choate, President of the Pilgrims, in introducing the guest of honor paid high tribute to Sir William's work in Egypt. His effort to enable the Egyptian peasants to cultivate their own lands for their own use, he said, was "good democracy" in the highest sense.

"It is difficult to say whether Sir William Willcocks or Lord Cromer has proved the greater benefactors of Egypt and Great Britain," said Mr. Choate. Lord Cromer was formerly at the head of the Egyptian Government.

When asked to tell about the supposed Garden of Eden, Sir William begged to be excused, because he is to lecture on the subject this evening. He kept the diners amused, however, with an interesting talk on his experiences among Orientals, who, he said, would make the best politicians on earth.

"The Oriental is not greatly alarmed at stories of the acceptance of graft and bribes," he said. "In fact, he thinks a man who would refuse either is quite foolish."

One of the chief virtues of these peoples, he said, is their ability to serve with supreme obedience to superiors.

George T. Wilson, Vice President of the Pilgrims, read a cable message from the Honorary Secretary of the British Pilgrims, Harry Brittain.

"Willcocks may dam Assuan," the message read, "but he can't damn Pilgrim hospitality. Warmest greetings to hosts and guest."

Sir William was effusive in expressing appreciation both of Pilgrim and American hospitality in general after the luncheon.

Among the other prominent guests at the luncheon were Sir Henry Knight, former Lord Mayor of London, who spoke on the desire of the British for continuance of amicable relations between their country and the United States, Courtenay Bennett, the British Consul General; Sir John Pringle of the Bank of Toronto, who was the guest of Jacob H. Schiff; Chauncey M. Depew, Oscar S. Straus, Capt. Albert Greaves, U. S. N.; Collector Dudley Field Malone, Sir Hercules Smith, Frederic P. Moore, Douglas I. McKay, and H. L. Satterlee.

Sir William Willcocks was knighted in 1902. He is the author of several works on irrigation which are accepted as authorities on the subject. He received his early education in India, where he attended Roorkee College, and was engaged in the Department of Public Works in that country from 1872 to 1883, when he was transferred to the Egyptian Department and devoted his attention to the reservoir problem then confronting the country. He completed the Assuan Dam in 1898, and was made a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

SICK BOY HOLDS UP SHIP.

Lusitania at Quarantine Four Hours, Undergoing Fumigation.

Greatly to the surprise of the 582 cabin passengers, the Cunarder Lusitania was detained four hours at Quarantine yesterday morning, and did not reach her pier until noon. The delay was due to the discovery by Health Officer J. J. O'Connell of a supposed case of spinal meningitis in the steerage.

Ella Lev, an 8-year-old Jewish boy from Poland, who was coming with his mother to join his father in New York, was the patient. After he had been taken ashore at Quarantine Dr. O'Connell said that the ninety-four passengers sharing the same section would be taken ashore also and that part of the steerage fumigated before the liner could go to her pier.

The sick boy was sent to Swinburne Island to the Hospital for Contagious Diseases, and the ninety-four other immigrants were sent to Hoffman Island for observation.

ARREST IOWA BANKERS.

Loss to Depositors in Failure May Reach $100,000.

ELDORA, Iowa, May 15.—Henry D. Himmell, President, and John E. Himmell, cashier of the Farmers' National Bank at Radcliffe, were arrested today charged with forgery. The Farmers' Bank, a private institution, closed its doors yesterday.

The warrant was sworn out at Radcliffe last night by John Sampson, a farmer, who alleged that the Himmels, who are brothers, deposited with a Webster City bank as collateral a forged note for $2,000.

The closing of the bank, it is said, will result in the loss of nearly $100,000 to farmers and others.

ROB GREAT NORTHERN TRAIN

Two Masked Men Force the Conductor to Uncouple the Mail Car.

SPOKANE, Wash., May 15.—Great Northern passenger train No. 1, the Oriental Limited, was held up by two masked men early to-day near Rexford, Mont. The combination mail and baggage car was detached from the train and run four miles west to Rondo, where the car was rifled.

Little valuable loot was obtained by the bandits, as the registered pouches had been brought West earlier by the fast mail.

The bandits, wearing overalls and with blue handkerchiefs over the lower parts of their faces, flagged the train soon after it left Rexford. One covered the engineer with his revolver, and the other ran into the conductor. W. H. Price, who was going forward to see why the train stopped. Price, in his anxiety to put up his hands, dropped his lantern and broke it.

The conductor, under orders, uncoupled the baggage car from the train. It was while the conductor was working with the coupling that the mail clerk, Benjamin L. Stumpf, and the baggage messenger locked the doors of the car and dropped into the brush.

When the engine and car stopped near Rondo, the bandits used dynamite to tear off one door. Finding nothing of value in the car, the robbers dropped to the ground and told the train crew not to move for thirty minutes. A few minutes later the crew backed the engine and car to the train and then started for Spokane.

BOY OF 18 SLEW THREE.

Beard, in Confession, Says He Hit Victims with a Stake.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Harley Beard, 18 years old, who was arrested here this afternoon, confessed to the murder of three persons on a farm near Ironton, Ohio, on last Wednesday. The arrest was made on information telephoned from the Sheriff of Ironton County, who said that Beard, after the murders, ransacked the house of his victims, stole $20 and two gold watches, drove to the railroad station and took a train for this city. Beard himself said that he arrived here this morning.

Beard with calmness in the presence of detectives said that he first beat his victims on the head with a wooden stake and then slashed them with a razor.

Those he killed were Robert Massie, 45 years old; his sister, Mary, 46 years old, and their mother, Mrs. Nancy Massie, 80 years old. He was arrested at the home of his sister, Mrs. D. E. Day, at 1,331 West Madison Street.

In his confession the boy said that he had a quarrel with Mary Massie on Monday, and that on Wednesday afternoon Robert Massie attacked him with a hatchet. They had a fight and then Massie started for the dwelling house and Beard followed. The fight was renewed later and Beard with a stake hit Massie on the head. He felled Mary Massie with another blow and then attacked Mrs. Massie. Then he slashed his victims with a razor.

SUMMER 'OUTING' FOR THAW

Sheriff to Take Him to a New Hampshire Mountain Resort.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., May 15.—Harry K. Thaw will spend the Summer at the Mount Madison House in Gorham, N. H., according to Sheriff Holman A. Drew, under the order handed down by Justice Edgar Aldrich. The sole custody of Thaw now lies with Sheriff Drew, United States Marshal Nute having been relieved of all responsibility in connection with the prisoner.

Sheriff Drew's home is in Berlin, N. H., only six miles from Gorham, and that official has decided to take his prisoner to that place. He also thought that a Summer in the mountains would be beneficial to Thaw. Drew will take his prisoner to Gorham in about two weeks.

City Brevities.

The Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, who recently was operated on for appendicitis at Mount Sinai Hospital, is doing well.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise and Abram I. Elkus will give a luncheon at the Lotos Club tomorrow to meet ex-President William H. Taft.

WOMAN DETECTIVE CHASES A BURGLAR

Mrs. Bannon Helps to Arrest Intruder She Finds in a Brooklyn House.

TWO POLICEMEN JOIN HER

Riley, Caught, Begs Police to Tenderly Handle a Motto on Honesty.

Mrs. Gussie Bannon, employed as a detective by a ..ew York department store, who lives at 1,172 Fifty-first Street, in the Borough Park section of Brooklyn, while returning to her home yesterday afternoon saw a young man whem she did not know and whose looks she did not like come out of the hallway of 1,149 Fifty-first Street. He went in again while she watched, and she communicated her distrust to Walter Reynolds, the janitor of her house.

The two walked over to No. 1149 and Reynolds went in through a basement window to explore. While she watched, Mrs. Bannon saw the young man come out hurriedly, followed shortly by Reynolds. Mrs. Bannon grabbed his coat, but the young man wriggled out of it, leaving it in her hands. He struck across lots and the pair followed him.

The pair was shortly joined by Patrolman Taylor of the Fourth Avenue Station. Patrolman Blauvelt, who lives at 1,156 Fifty-first Street, and who is attached to a New York precinct, was asleep at the time, but his wife saw the occurrence and woke him. Slipping on his trousers and pair of slipers, Blauvelt also joined th echase.

The pursued and the quartet of pursuers ran across lots for about half a mile until they came to Fifty-seventh Street and Fort Hamilton Avenue. Mrs. Bannon was still in the chase, and she came up to the fleeing youth just about the time Taylor did. They downed him, and he was taken to the Fourth Avenue Station.

Meanwhile an investigation was made of the two-family house from which the youth had come. It was found that the apartment of William Otto had been entered while no one was in, presumably by a false key. Jewelry, silverware, clothing, and cutglass had been wrapped up in three bundles ready for removal.

When the Lieutenant at the station house learned that he entertained a charge of burglary against the youth, who said he was James Harrison of New York. Just as he said this Detective Busby walked out of the assembly room and looked at the prisoner. He greeted him as James Riley, and finally made the prisoner admit he was the man Busby had sent to Sing Sing for a four-and-a-half year term for burglary in 1909. The prisoner then gave his address as 321 Forty-seventh Street, Brooklyn.

When his furnished room at this address was searched, the police say they found a large assortment of articles, which Riley admitted he had stolen in that section in the last month. The prisoner asked them to be very careful in handling a motto which they found in a gilt frame over his bed. It proved to be the lines of Robert Louis Stevenson, beginning: "To be Honest, To be Kind, To Earn a Little, To Spend a Little Less, &c."

WATSON INDICTED AGAIN.

Georgia Editor Accused of Sending Obscene Matter by Mail.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 15.—Thomas E. Watson, Georgia editor, historian, and politician, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury late to-day on a charge of sending obscene matter through the mails.

The indictment was returned in connection with the publication in Mr. Watson's paper at Thomaston, Ga., of attacks upon the Roman Catholic Church. It is charged that the articles were "obscene, lewd and lascivious."

Watson was recently indicted on a similar charge, but the indictment was dismissed at a hearing before United States Judge Foster.

RECTOR ACCUSES HIS WIFE.

Says She Twice Attacked Him and Cut His Face.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., May 15.—The Rev. Alfred Race, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, of which Gov. Goldsborough and other influential Maryland men are vestrymen, has resigned, and is to appear in the county court tomorrow to answer charges of his wife. Mrs. Race has obtained a writ of habeas corpus for their two children on the ground that she feared her husband was going to take them to England.

"I believe all this is due to my wife's ill health and nervous temperament," Mr. Race said. "Mrs. Race is jealous, insanely so. She has been the cause of my leaving seven parishes. She accuses me now, and has during the last ten years, of being too friendly with other women. This is untrue.

"Things came to a head last Friday. A trivial cause gave rise to a violent disturbance. Word followed word until Mrs. Race rushed at me with clenched fists, beat me in the face, breaking my glasses, and cutting my right cheek. In the afternoon she again assaulted me, this time cutting my left cheek. Compelled to defend myself, I grabbed her by the shoulder and forced her out of the room. Fearing for my life, I took my boy Arthur, 9 years old, and went to the home of a parishioner. Then I went to the school house and took my daughter Mary, 7 years old, to the same house."

MRS. WILSON WINS SUIT.

President's Wife Retains Possession of 60 Acres of California Land.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 15.—The case involving the fight of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, to sixty acres of valuable date land in the Coachella Valley was decided to-day by Register Frank Buren of the local land office. The decision is in Mrs. Wilson's favor.

John L. King, in 1909, bought scrip for eighty acres, but his advertisement was faulty. Disregarding notices sent him, he allowed it to lapse, and later filed for reinstatement. Meantime two intervenors had laid homestead claims to the land at about the time Mrs. Wilson filed her claim.

The records show that she bought her sixty acres from King in good faith, and it was held that King's neglect properly to advertise should not make her liable to loss. It was also shown that the other intervenors had acted solely in a speculative sense, which made their claims illegal.

$205 FOR LINCOLN LETTER.

Day's Highest Price at Sale of Dr. T. R. Slicer's Library.

The sale of the Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer's library was concluded at the American Art Galleries last evening. The day's two sessions brought a total of $2,424.75. The grand total amounts to $4,498.

Abraham Lincoln's two-page holograph letter to the Rev. Henry Slicer, Chaplain of Congress, and father of the Rev. Dr. Slicer, brought the highest price of the day. It was knocked down to Dr. J. H. Deerborn for $205. The letter was written by Lincoln while he was serving his only term in Congress as a Whig Representative. It was dated Washington, June 1, 1848, and referred to the choice of the Rev. R. R. Gurley, a Presbyterian, instead of the Rev. Mr. Slicer, who was a Methodist, to officiate at the obsequies of President John Quincy Adams.

James F. Drake paid $90 for a 16mo pamphlet, "The Reformer, A Poem," by Rudyard Kipling, one of only twelve copies printed in this city in 1901 for copyright purposes previous to regular publication.

A first edition of Henry W. Longfellow's "Tales of a Wayside Inn," with presentation inscription, "Dr. Van Buren, with best regards of the author, Decr., 1863." Also a letter of Longfellow's to Dr. Van Buren, inserted in the book, went to Mr. Drake for $27.

J. P. Horn paid $30 for a first edition of Edgar Allan Poe's "Eureka: A Prose Poem," 12mo., original cloth, New York, 1848, with numerous marginal notes in pencil. Mr. Drake gave $29 for a first edition of James Whitcomb Riley's "Armazindy" and a letter by Riley to Julian Hawthorne, relative to a poem by him in "Literature of All Nations." "Essays, Speculative and Suggestive," by John Addington Symonds, first edition, was bought by Dr. Eliot for $15.50.

The first issue of the first edition of Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass," small folio, Brooklyn, 1855, was obtained for $45 by Charles Scribner's Sons.

It was the final sale of the season at the American Art Galleries. The next sale will take place in October.

Mayor and Others to Go West.

To obtain the latest ideas on vocational and pro-vocational training, Mayor Mitchel, Chamberlain Bruere, President Churchill of the Board of Education, and two Assistant Superintendents of Schools, with other city officials, are planning a trip to Cincinnati, Gary, Ind., and to Madison, Wis., to inspect systems of education.

The Pirate of Panama

By WILLIAM MacLEOD RAINE

Author of "Bucky O'Connor," "A Texas Ranger," etc.

This is a tale of old-time pirates and of modern love, hate and adventure. The scene is laid in San Francisco, on board *The Argus* and in Panama where fabulous treasure is found. An absorbing love story runs through the book. The story is so good it will soon be shown in Moving Pictures.

Illustrated. Cloth. Net $1.25. By mail $1.37.

The Lost Parchment

By FERGUS HUME

A baffling mystery story, with its scenes laid near London. It involves a fraudulent will; an attempted crime, and the victim's subsequently amazing return to life. It is told with all the skilful art of this noted writer of detective stories.

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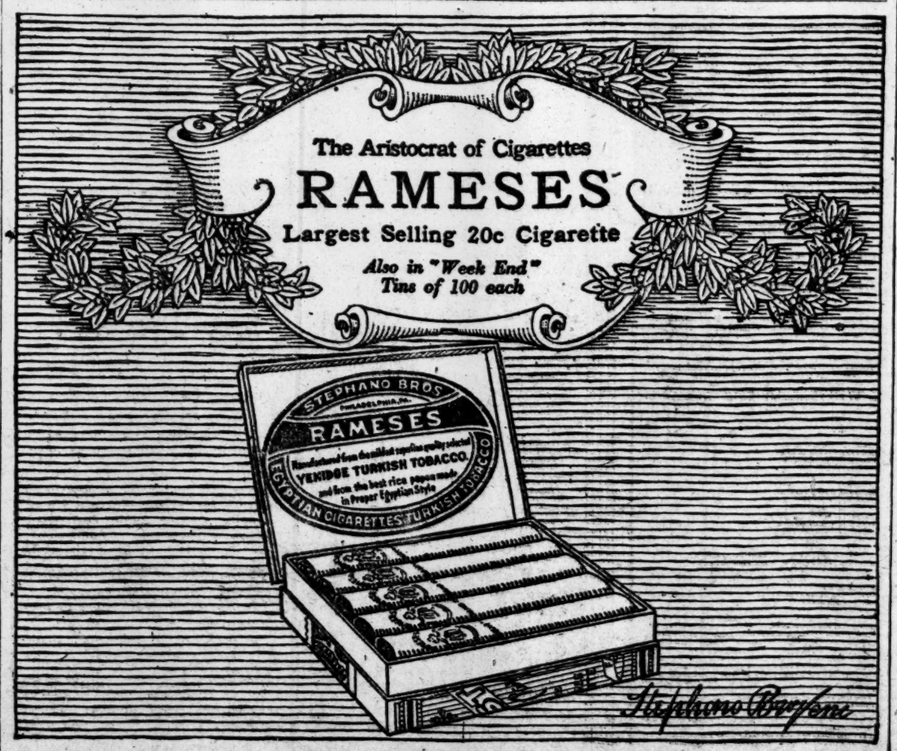

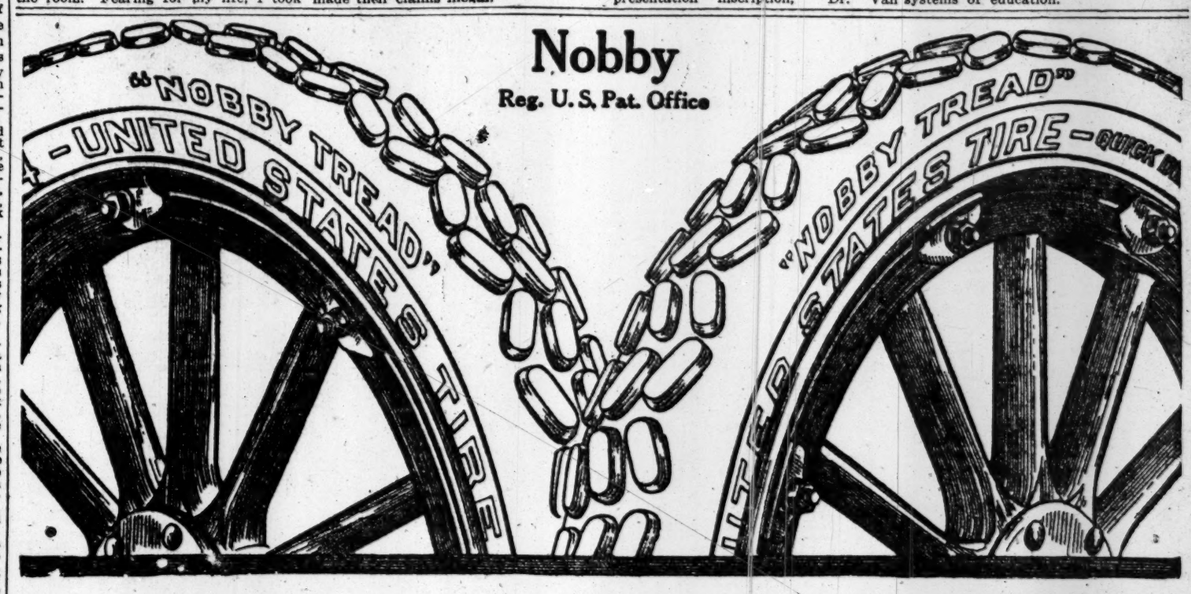

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That is the reason why "Nobby Tread" Tires are today the largest selling high-grade anti-skid tires in the world.

Take the taxicab as a concrete example,—taxicab companies have to operate on a business basis—they have to buy tires on a business basis.

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Taxicabs use "Nobby Treads"

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"Nobby Tread" Tires solve any automobile owner's tire problems the day he decides to buy tires on a business basis.

Based upon their remarkable mileage records

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are now sold under our regular warranty—perfect workmanship and material—BUT any adjustments are on a basis of

5,000 Miles

Thousands upon thousands of veteran motorists now use "Nobby Tread" Tires on their front and rear wheels through all seasons, because they give real anti-skid protection and the lowest cost per mile.

United States Tire Company

NOTE THIS:—Dealers who sell UNITED STATES TIRES sell the best of everything.

YANKEES LOSE TO DETROIT---GIANTS AND SUPERBAS WIN IN WEST

FRENZIED YANKEE FANS MOB UMPIRE

Chill Menaced by Crowd as He Leaves Field, but Police Disperse Them.

A crowd of healthy, full-grown baseball fans worked themselves into a tropical heat over almost nothing after the Yankee-Detroit game at the Polo Grounds yesterday and went through all the motions of starting a young riot and attacking Umpire Ollie Chill, who had apparently displeased them by his decisions against the home team. Detroit won the game, 4 to 2.

Mr. Chill is a bantamweight and is built close to the ground, standing not much more than five feet above the grass. He was utterly lost in the seething collection of hoodlums for a while, and newspapers were heaved at him in showers and he was jostled about rudely before he was finally placed behind a flying wedge of park policemen and escorted to the dressing room as his life seemed endangered. The mob was made up of members of the "Poor Losers' Association," and if they had carried out what they boasted they were going to do to the umpire, poor little Ollie would have been gathered up in pieces.

Veteran Jack Sheridan, the other umpire, camped close by Mr. Chill during his embarrassment and just smiled at the inflamed populace. "This looks like old times," said Jack.

The crowd was enraged at the umpire because in the eighth inning he refused to allow Jimmy Walsh of the Yanks to go to first base after Walsh had declared that he had been hit on the thumb by the ball. Manager Frank Chance flew angrily at Chill and tried, with Walsh, to make the umpire change his decision. Chill said he did not believe that the ball struck Walsh's hand, but glanced off the bat.

Manager Chance called Chill some names, but the umpire seemed very docile and did not expel anybody from the controversy. Maybe if the ball did strike Walsh's hand Chill didn't see it, for he is short and Oscar Stanage, the Tiger catcher, is built like a dreadnought, which obstructed the umpire's view more or less. Mr. Chill would probably know a lot more about what is happening on the field if he stood on a soap box or asked some of the two-bit bugs in the bleachers. Nothing gets by them.

However, Gerald, Mr. Chill should be thankful that he can eat his meals regularly. Not that the mob would have the nerve to hit a Lilliputian like him, but somebody might have tripped and fallen against the smallest umpire in the world. When Chill first went to Ban Johnson, the Czar of the league thought it was some lad looking for a job as office boy. There's one thing, however, that must be said of the pee-wee umpire, he held his ground and looked the angry crowd in the face without getting pale. He didn't run away.

In winning yesterday's game Detroit cleaned up the series here and shoved the Yankees back into the second division. They also put a stop to the winning streak of "Slim" Caldwell. Yesterday's defeat can readily be traced back to Ty Cobb, who is about the busiest young man just now baseballing on this continent. The score was tied at 1 to 1 up to the sixth inning, when Cobb's trickery on the bases upset the Yankee calculations and put the Detroits in the lead.

Dauss, the pitcher, started the sixth inning by striking out. Bush walked and went to third on Kavanaugh's double to left. Cobb hit a bouncer at Truesdale, who fired Bush out at the plate. Kavanaugh going to third. Cobb didn't stop at first. He continued toward second. This drew the throw and all the Yankees' attention, while Kavanaugh started to steal home. Cobb kept the Yank infielders busy chasing him up and down the base line long enough for Kavanaugh to slide safely into the scoring dish, with the run which put the Tigers in the lead. Ed Sweeney took it for granted that Kavanaugh was out at the plate and rolled the ball to the infield, Cobb sneaking all the way around to third.

Cobb also banged out two doubles. His first one came in the fourth inning. The ball went to left field, and an ordinary player would have been thankful to reach first base on it. Cobb kept right on going, however, and got to second on a pretty slide. Cobb did all this, too, with an injured leg, which he contracted while being thrown out at second in the first inning. Goodness knows what this Cobb would have done to the Yanks if he hadn't been crippled.

Detroit started the scoring in the second inning, when Georgie Burns pumped a home run into the right field grand stand. Burns is quite an accomplished youngster, and in the Winter time he is a dancing teacher in Philadelphia, and is keen on that tango, hesitation, and maxixe sort of thing. The Yankees got the run back in their half of the same inning. Holden walked and Sweeney hoisted Kavanaugh. Peckinpaugh rolled a grounder to Burns, while Dauss covered first. Peckinpaugh beat the throw. Williams filed out to High and Truesdale banged a double close to the left field foul line, scoring Holden.

In the sixth Cobb outguessed the Yanks, as mentioned, and the score manipulated by the double steal put the Tigers one run to the merry. Caldwell then got wild, and he issued so many passes in the seventh that he loaded the bases and forced Moriarity over the plate with a run. New York got another in the same inning. Peckinpaugh walked and scored on Williams's two-base smash to right field. Detroit's last run trickled over in the eighth, Mr. Cobb doing the trick. He doubled to left and Sam Crawford sacrificed him to third. Ty scored on Lefty High's sacrifice fly.

In the eighth real trouble began to brew for Umpire Chill. Walsh was at the bat and claimed that one of Dauss's twisters struck his hand. The game stopped while Mr. Chill heard himself being used as the subject of a lot of rough conversation. Many of the fans wanted to go right down on the field and end his sweet young life. Chill walked over to the Yankee bench to get some balls, and somebody in the stand hurled a glass at him, which he coyly ducked.

The crowd had a difficult time restraining itself until the game was over. Then it tried to mob the umpire. President Ban Johnson of the American League was present and saw the rumpus, and maybe he will do something about it. When asked about the Federal League, Ban said that he believed the new organization had "shot its bolt." Nunamaker, the Yankees' new catcher, reported yesterday. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	1	2	0	3
Kav'h, 2b.	4	1	1	4	3
Cobb, cf.	3	1	2	1	0
O'ford, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
High, lf.	3	0	1	2	0
Burns, 1b.	4	1	1	11	1
Mor'ty, 3b.	3	1	0	0	1
St'ge, c.	4	0	0	7	1
Dauss, p.	4	0	1	0	4
Total.	32	4	6	27	13

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Lel, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2
H'tz'l, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Walsh, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
Hoden, cf.	3	1	0	1	0
Sw'y, c.	4	0	2	9	2
P'p'gh, ss.	3	1	1	1	8
W'ms, 1b.	3	0	1	12	1
T'dale, 2b.	3	0	2	0	2
C'well, p.	3	0	0	1	2
Total.	31	2	6	27	16

Error—Sweeney.

Detroit	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	—4
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two base hit—Truesdale, Cobb 2, Kavanaugh, Williams. Home run—Burns. Sacrifice hits—Truesdale, Crawford. Sacrifice fly—High. Stolen bases—Truesdale, Cobb, Kavanaugh. Left on bases—New York, 6; Detroit, 5. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 6; off Dauss, 2. Struck out—By Caldwell, 3; by Dauss 6. Hit by pitcher—By Dauss (Williams). Time of game—Two hours and eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

Naps Weak Against Champions.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—Philadelphia defeated Cleveland to-day, 6 to 3, by mixing their hits with bases on balls and errors by the visitors. Bush took Shawkey's place in the fifth inning, and in the last five innings Cleveland could not get a man to first base. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ry, rf.	3	0	1	1	0
Oldr'g, lf.	2	1	0	0	0
Col'ns, 2b.	3	0	0	2	2
Baker, 3b.	3	0	2	1	3
M'In's, 1b.	4	2	2	13	2
Daley, cf.	4	2	2	1	0
Kopf, ss.	2	1	0	1	6
Lapp, c.	1	0	0	3	2
Schang, c.	3	0	1	4	0
Sh'key, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Bush, p.	2	0	0	1	0
†Sturgis.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	29	6	9	27	17

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
L'b'ld, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Turn'r, lf.	4	0	0	0	2
J'ston, rf.	3	1	0	9	1
J'kson, rf.	3	0	1	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2
Wood, lf.	3	1	0	1	0
Olson, ss.	2	0	1	3	1
Car'ch, c.	3	0	0	6	1
Bl'ding, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Gregg, p.	1	0	0	0	5
Beck, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Bassler	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	28	3	4	24	11

*Batted for Gregg in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Shawkey in fourth inning.
Errors—Olson, 2.

Philadelphia	0	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	x	—6
Cleveland	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hit—Kopf. Hits—Off Blanding, 4 in three innings, (none out in fourth;) off Gregg, 4 in four innings; off Beck, 1 in one inning; off Shawkey, 4 in four innings; off Bush, none in five innings. Sacrifice hits—Oldring, Collins. Sacrifice fly—Baker. Stolen bases—Wood, Kopf. Left on bases—Cleveland, 2; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—Off Blanding, 2; off Gregg, 3; off Shawkey, 4. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Beck, (Murphy.) Struck out—By Blanding, 1; by Gregg, 6; by Bush, 3. Passed ball—Lapp. Wild pitch—Gregg. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

Wood Returns to Red Sox.

BOSTON, May 15.—The St. Louis players found Bedient's delivery easy of solution to-day, and they batted out a 9 to 3 victory over Boston. The feature of the day to the minds of Red Sox supporters was the return to the game of Joe Wood. The crack pitcher made his first appearance since he was operated on for appendicitis last February. He had all his old-time speed and much of his former cunning during the one inning in which he figured. A home run by Walker of St. Louis over left field fence was one of the longest hits ever made on the local grounds. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, cf.	5	1	1	3	0
Austin, 3b.	4	2	3	0	0
Pratt, 2b.	2	2	1	2	2
W'ms, rf.	3	2	2	1	0
C.W'k'r, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Leary, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0
Wal'ce, ss.	4	0	1	3	3
Wares, ss.	0	0	0	0	1
Ruml'r, c.	4	0	1	3	2
Wellm'n, p.	4	1	1	0	2
Total.	34	9	12	27	11

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hoop'r, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
York's, 2b.	4	0	0	2	5
Lewis, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Sp'ker, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
Scott, ss.	4	1	1	1	4
Gr'ne, 3b.	4	0	1	1	4
Engle, lb.	2	1	1	9	0
Cady, c.	4	0	1	5	4
Bed'nt, p.	2	0	0	0	4
Wood, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Rehg	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	3	8	27	15

*Batted for Bedient in the eighth inning.
Errors—Cady, (2,) Bedient.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4—9
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2—3

Two-base hits—Pratt, Williams, Hooper, Gardner. Home run—C. Walker. Hits—Off Bedient, 11 in eight innings; off Wood, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Pratt, (2,) Austin. Sacrifice fly—Engle. Stolen bases—Williams, (2,) C. Walker. Double play—Pratt and Leary. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Boston, 7. First base on balls—Off Bedient, 1; off Wood, 1; off Wellman, 3. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Wellman, (Hooper.) Struck out—By Wellman, 4; by Bedient, 2; by Wood, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan,

Senators Clinch Game In Second.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Gandil's triple, two bases on balls, and an error, together with a double steal by Schaefer and Moeller, on which the former scored, netted Washington four runs in the second inning of to-day's game with Chicago. This was enough to win, making the series 3 to 1 in favor of the home team. Further scoring in this inning was prevented by Blackburne's fine stop of Foster's liner. Engel and Wolfgang both gave way to pinch hitters. Fisher and Shaw were effective. Catchers Ainsmith and Henry are both out of the game with injured hands. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Foster, 3b.	5	0	0	3	0
Milan, cf.	4	2	2	1	0
G'dil, 1b.	4	1	1	8	1
Shanks, lf.	3	1	1	0	0
M'gan, 2b.	3	1	1	4	0
McB'e, ss.	4	0	0	2	1
W'ms, c.	2	0	0	8	1
Engel, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Shaw, p.	3	0	0	0	2
‡Sch'fer	1	1	0	0	0
Total.	32	6	7	27	5

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dem't, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
B'ger, ss.	5	0	1	1	2
Chase, 1b.	4	0	0	14	0
C'lins, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Bodie, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Alc'k, 3b.	4	2	2	0	4
B'kb'n, 2b.	2	0	1	2	5
Daley, c.	3	1	0	4	1
Schalk, c.	1	0	0	0	1
Cicotte, p.	1	0	0	0	0
W'fer'g, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Faber, p.	1	0	0	0	4
*Weaver	1	0	1	0	0
†Russell	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	3	6	24	16

*Batted for Wolfgang in fourth inning.
†Ran for Weaver in fourth inning.
‡Batted for Engel in second inning.
Errors—Chase, (2,) Alcock, Blackburn.

Washington	0	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	—6
Chicago	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hit—Morgan. Three-base hit—Gandil. Hits—Off Cicotte, 5 in two innings, (none out in third;) off Wolfgang, none in one inning; off Faber, 2 in five innings; off Engel, 1 in two innings; off Shaw, 5 in seven innings. Sacrifice hit—Morgan. Stolen bases—Demmitt, Moeller, (3,) Schaefer, Milan, Morgan. Double plays—Alcock, Daley, and Chase. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Washington, 8. First base on balls—Off Cicotte, 2; off Wolfgang, 1; off Faber, 1; off Engel, 2; off Shaw, 2. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Washington, 3. Hit by pitcher—Faber, (Moeller.) Struck out—By Wolfgang, 1; by Faber, 4; by Engel, 1; by Shaw, 7. Passed ball—Schalk. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connelly and Dineen.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT MONTREAL.

			R.H.E.
Baltimore	0	8	1
Montreal	0	0	1

	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	—14 1
	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	—8 6

Batteries—Russell and McAvoy; Dowd, Mattern, Dale, and Smith.

AT ROCHESTER.

			R.H.E.
Providence	0	1	0
Rochester	2	0	0

	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	—4 15 1
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3 9 2

Batteries—Comstock, Bailey, Kocher, and Upham; Duchesne and Williams.

AT TORONTO.

			R.H.E.
Newark	0	0	0
Toronto	1	3	0

	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2 6 2
	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	x	—6 6 4

Batteries—Lee and O'Rourke; Rogg and Kelly.

AT BUFFALO.

			R.H.E.
Jersey City	0	0	1
Buffalo	5	0	0

	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	—	4 7 6
	0	0	0	4	1	3	2	1	—	15 13 4

Batteries—Druck, Tuero, and Cotton; McConnell and Lalong.

Manhattan Wins Easily.

Manhattan found Brooklyn College easy pickings on Van Ness Oval yesterday afternoon. The visiting team could do nothing with McEnerney's delivery, a fast double play by Sullivan, Barry, and Farrell in the seventh nipping Brooklyn's only chance to score. Manhattan and Seton Hall play on Van Ness Oval this afternoon. The score:

			R.H.E.
Brooklyn College	0	0	0
Manhattan	2	1	0

	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0 2 2
	3	0	1	0	0	1	—	—	—	—7 11 0

Batteries—Tobin and Torre—McEnerney and Loughran.

Collegian tStrikes Out 21 Men.

UTICA, N. Y., May 15.—When Hamilton College defeated Rochester University's baseball team at Clinton this afternoon Pitcher Royce equalled the college strike-out record. He retired twenty-one batsmen, a feat not equalled in college baseball since 1911. Two weeks ago at Rochester, Royce struck out twenty men. Score:

			R.H.E.
Hamilton	1	1	4
Rochester	0	0	0

	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—7 8 1
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0 4 6

Batteries—Royce and Miller; Herendeen and Shiebel.

21 Errors In This Game.

HAMILTON, N. Y., May 15.—Middlebury overwhelmed Colgate at baseball to-day, winning from the local collegians by 12 to 8. The game was poorly played, the two teams contributing a total of twenty-one errors.

		R.H.E.
Middlebury	12	12
Colgate	5	7

Batteries—Ayward and Weafe; Hicks, Brown, Seyton, and Robinson.

Victory for Montclair Academy.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 15.—The Montclair Academy easily won from the Glen Ridge High School this afternoon by the score of 11 to 1. The Academy boys found Valentine for eight two-baggers, but only two hits were made from Skinner. The score:

Montclair	0	2	0	6	2	0	1	0	—	11
Glen Ridge	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

GIANTS WIELD BATS HARD AT PITTSBURGH

Drive McQuillen Out of Box—Matty Keeps Hits Well Scattered.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 15.—The Giants are beginning to settle down to their regular gait, and again to-day showed their heels to the league leaders by a score of 5 to 3 in a game that was featured by timely batting on the part of the champions, fine fielding of Grant and Fletcher, and splendid pitching on the part of the one man that fans here are satisfied to see win—Christie Mathewson. The grand old man of baseball had everything as of yore to-day and seemed to toy with the big batters on the Pirate team. Konetchy, who has been in a batting trance for some time, was the only man that was able to do much with the shoots and drops of Matty, but the "Big Train" could not bat in six runs, and that was what the Pirates needed to win to-day's game.

George McQuillen had rested up for this contest, and now, with him and "Babe" Adams out of the way, all seems to be good for Manager McGraw to leave this town on Saturday with a clean sheet to the credit of his team. For to-morrow Clarke's best bet is Wilbur Cooper, and with Marquard and Tesreau ready for the champions, the little Napoleon of baseball has a right to feel good over the situation. His players made the Pirates look like minor leaguers to-day, and there never was a chance for an alibi such as was used this morning in explanation of yesterday's defeat.

The home team were the first to score to-day. Konetchy singled in the second inning, went to third on Viox's single, and scored while a double play was disposing of Viox and Mitchell. The triumph of the Pirates was not long lived, for their opponents got busy in the fourth and scored three runs on some timely hitting, aided by the pitcher's error.

Merkle was the first man up and he singled, Snodgrass followed with a two-bagger, and Stock's safe hit scored Merkle. McQuillen threw home to second to catch Stock and Snodgrass also tallied.

The clan of McGraw were not satisfied with what they had, but went after three more in the fifth, and this inning saw the end of Big Mac, after he had been picked for five hits in five innings. After one man had gone out, Fletcher walked, Grant singled, and both men advanced when Merkle sent out a long fly to Mike Mitchell's deep cranium. Snodgrass made good on another safe hit, and Fletcher and Grant crossed the pan. Stock then got in a safe blow, and when Carey dropped Chief Meyers' long fly Snodgrass tallied the fifth run for the champions, enough to win.

The next inning found Bob Harmon on the rubber, and he held the flying Pirate-killers to two hits and no runs in the last four innings.

Fred Clarke's protégés managed to squeeze a run over the plate in the fifth inning when Viox got the only pass the Old Master doled out. The little second baseman went to third on Mitchell's single and scored when Hyatt doubled. The latter batted for McQuillen. However, Matty tightened up and was soon out of danger. In the sixth the Pirates made their last stand, and after the mêlée was over it was found that they had annexed another run. Carey, the first man up, doubled to right, and after Mowrey had failed to advance him, Konetchy singled, scoring Carey with the third and last run for his side.

The New York players are jubilant over the way they have started the Western trip, and are confident that they will return home in first place. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
F'eh'r, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Burns, lf.	5	0	2	1	0
Fl'c'r, ss.	2	1	2	3	6
Grant, 2b.	5	1	1	5	5
M'rkle, 1b.	4	1	2	12	0
S'gr's, rf.	4	2	2	2	0
Stock, 3b.	4	0	3	0	3
Meyers, c.	4	0	0	1	0
M'th'n, p.	4	0	0	1	1
Total.	36	5	12	27	15

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. H. Kel'ly, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Carey, rf.	4	1	1	4	0
M'wr'y, 3b.	4	0	1	0	3
K't'cy, 1b.	4	1	3	7	1
Viox, 2b.	3	1	1	3	2
Mitch'l, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
M'C't'y, ss.	3	0	0	1	4
*Wagner.	1	0	0	0	0
Gibson, c.	4	0	1	5	3
M'Q'lan, p.	1	0	0	0	1
†Hyatt	1	0	1	0	0
H'm'n, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	3	9	27	14

*Batted for McCarthy in the ninth inning.
†Batted for McQuillan in the fifth inning.
Errors—Carey, McQuillan.

New York	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	—5
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Snodgrass, Hyatt, Carey, Konetchy. Stolen bases—Burns, Fletcher, Merkle, Scanlon, Fletcher. Hits—Off McQuillan, 10 in five innings; off Harmon, 2 in four innings. Left on bases—New York, 8; Pittsburgh, 5. First base on errors—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Matthewson, 1; off McQuillan, 2; off Harmon, 1. Struck out—By McQuillan, 1. Double plays—Fletcher, Grant, and Merkle; Viox, unassisted. Time of game—One hour and thirty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Hart.

Phillies Downed by Cardinals.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—St. Louis defeated Philadelphia, 6 to 3, this afternoon through the wildness of Jacobs and by bunching hits and taking advantage of the visitors' errors. St. Louis scored two runs in the third inning when Cruise singled after the bases had been filled. In the sixth inning five hits, one single by Wilson, and another, a double by Huggins, netted St. Louis four more runs. Philadelphia scored its first run on Paskert's triple and an out. In the eighth inning a single, a double, another single, and a wild pitch netted the visitors a brace of tallies. In the seventh inning, Byrne hurt his finger and was succeeded by Ireland, who, after making an error, gave way to Reed, another youngster. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf.	4	1	2	5	2
Lud'g, lb.	4	0	0	5	1
Lob't, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3
S. M'e, ss.	4	0	0	1	3
O'vath, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Becker, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
Byrne, 2b.	2	0	0	1	3
Ireland, 2b.	0	0	0	0	0
Reed, 2b.	1	0	0	2	0
Kl'ffer, c.	2	0	0	1	1
Dooin, c.	2	1	1	2	1
Jacobs, p.	2	0	0	1	1
*Devore	1	1	1	0	0
M'shall, p.	1	0	0	0	0
†Burns	1	0	1	0	0
Total.	35	3	8	24	12

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'g's, 2b.	5	1	1	2	1
D'sen, lb.	1	0	0	1	0
L. M'e, cf.	3	0	2	3	0
Butler, ss.	3	1	2	2	3
Miller, lb.					
2b.	3	1	0	11	0
Wilson, rf.	3	1	2	0	0
Cruise, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Snyder, c.	3	0	1	5	0
Beck, 3b.	4	1	1	0	3
Griner, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Sallee, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total.	32	6	10	27	11

*Batted for Jacobs in eighth inning.
†Batted for Reed in ninth inning.
Errors—Becker, Byrne, Ireland, Butler.

St. Louis	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	—3

Two-base hits—Huggins, Devore, Burns. Three-base hit—Paskert. Home run—Wilson. Sacrifice hit—Snyder. Stolen bases—L. Magee, (2,) Butler. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Jacobs, 5; off Sallee, 1. Struck out—By Griner, 1; by Sallee, 2; by Marshall, 2. Hits—Off Griner, 7 in 7 innings, (two runs, one in the eighth;) off Sallee, 1 in 2 innings; off Jacobs, 10 in 7 innings; off Marshall, none in 1 inning. Passed ball—Snyder. Wild pitch—Griner. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

New Umpire for Federal League.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 15.—Ralph Frary, the Northwestern League umpire, has signed a three-year contract with the Federal League, and left for the East last night, according to his friends. Frary gave no notice of his departure.

Double-Headers Announced.

Dates have been set for the five postponed games to be played by the Brooklyn and Pittsburgh Feds. Double-headers are announced for July 10 and 18 in Brooklyn, and July 17 at Pittsburgh. The other two postponed games will be played on July 20 and 21 in Pittsburgh, when the two clubs have open dates.

Brooklyn—Washington Park.
St. Louis Feds vs. Brooklyn Feds 3 P.M. To-day—Adv.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit, 4; New York, 2.
Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 3.
St. Louis, 9; Boston, 3.
Washington, 6; Chicago, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 5; Pittsburgh, 3.
Brooklyn, 12; Chicago, 6.
Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 2.
St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 3.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn, 12; St. Louis, 5.
Baltimore, 2; Indianapolis, 1.
Chicago, 7; Buffalo, 0.
Kansas City, 1; Pittsburgh, 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Buffalo, 13; Jersey City, 7.
Toronto, 6; Newark, 2.
Providence, 4; Rochester, 3.
(Thirteen innings.)
Baltimore, 9; Montreal, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	19	7	.731
Philadelphia	12	8	.600
Washington	12	11	.522
St. Louis	12	12	.500
New York	10	11	.476
Boston	9	12	.429
Chicago	11	16	.407
Cleveland	8	16	.333

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	15	6	.714
New York	11	6	.647
Philadelphia	10	8	.556
Brooklyn	10	8	.556
Cincinnati	13	11	.542
St. Louis	11	10	.524
Chicago	10	14	.417
Boston	8	15	.167

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	14	5	.736
St. Louis	13	11	.542
Brooklyn	9	8	.529
Indianapolis	11	10	.524
Chicago	12	11	.522
Buffalo	8	12	.400
Kansas City	10	15	.400
Pittsburgh	8	13	.381

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Rochester	11	7	.611
Baltimore	12	8	.600
Toronto	10	8	.556
Buffalo	9	8	.529
Providence	9	10	.474
Newark	8	9	.471
Jersey City	8	11	.421
Montreal	7	13	.350

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1914.

THE NIAGARA FALLS CONFERENCE

The postponement of the opening of the Niagara Falls conference from Monday until Wednesday of next week has no particular significance. The Mexican delegates did not leave Key West until Thursday, and it was not necessary or desirable to hurry them. The visitor from Mexico to the United States needs rest for a day or so to get acclimatized. The prospect is now that the delegates of Mexico and the United States and the envoys of the South American republics will meet first in Washington.

The officers of the Government are very hopeful now as to the outcome of the conferences at the Clifton House, and with good reason. A feeling of gratification extends all over the country as the prospects of war are diminished. But it must be borne in mind that there are still difficulties in the way which may embarrass the delegates. The question of recognition of the revolutionary Government, it is hoped, will not arise to constitute an obstacle. The raising of the embargo on the importation of arms to either of the contending factions in Mexico is out of the question. As to the receipt of arms and ammunition by the Constitutionalists from European countries, that is another matter. There are certainly points on the Mexican Coast where VILLA could receive foreign importation of arms without any danger of objection from us, because it would not be within our knowledge. But it is to be hoped that the conference will have completed its work before any question touching the importation of munitions of war arises.

The settlement of the Lobos Island affair has come in good time, and it is to be hoped that the reported shooting of Private PARKS within the Mexican lines will not develop upon investigation into a matter of sufficiently grave importance to bother the conference.

THE "FARMERS'" WAR.

Oklahoma and Arkansas are up in arms against Leader UNDERWOOD and the President. Mr. THOMPSON of one State and Mr. WINGO of the other have served notice on Mr. UNDERWOOD that they will use all the dilatory tactics they can think of to put off the caucus programme unless the Rural Credits bill is reported to the House and a chance afforded for its passage. Mr. UNDERWOOD met their threats with firmness, and pointed out to them and to their heated supporters that persistence in their course would probably lead to "disaster" in the elections this Fall. This, however, but angered them the more and was responded to by a savage attack on the "dictation" of the President.

Undoubtedly the revolt is a serious one, and may result in the defeat or postponement of the President's programme. Not that the insurgents really represent a considerable volume of public opinion. We do not think that they do. But there is in their districts a pretty well organized party of farmer politicians who can influence and probably determine the nominations this Summer, and the insurgents go in fear of these. A number of them care more for their immediate interests than they do for the success of the Democratic Party. They are deaf to Mr. UNDERWOOD'S appeal for solidarity, and they are indifferent to the plans of the President as the national party leader. It is hardly open to question that the postponement of the Farms Credits bill for this session was wise from a party point of view, and it certainly was wise from the point of view of the general welfare of the country.

Congress, after long and troublous discussion, has passed a finance and currency bill of immense importance to the nation. It has seriously modified the financial and banking system of the country, and the changes it has provided for will take a good deal of time to digest. The process of adjustment, even if successful, will be a delicate and difficult one. If now, at the same time, there is to be undertaken a system of extending bank credits to the farmers on any plan that has yet been suggested, disturbance of business conditions will inevitably ensue. New classes of securities and credits will be created, or old ones extended. The essential process of keeping the reserves of lending corporations at once ample in amount and sufficiently fluid to meet demands will be made harder. Risks, not only to the farmers but to the whole community, will be increased. It would be far better for all concerned that the problem of rural credits should be deferred until the new banking system is in working order and the elements of risk and uncertainty and loss reduced to the lowest practicable point.

The President did quite right in asking that the new project be deferred. He would have done better yet had he asked that the trust bills also go over. The gentlemen from Oklahoma and Arkansas are only pressing their party toward defeat, of which there is serious danger in any case. If they can force Mr. UNDERWOOD to yield, they may secure their nominations, but they will greatly increase the risks of sitting in a minority next year.

"WITHIN A MINUTE."

The conferees of both houses of the Legislature have agreed to abide by Gov. GLYNN'S judgment of the advisability of appropriating $40,000 with which to pay the expenses of the Sullivan Graft Investigating Committee. Gov. GLYNN declared on Jan. 27 last that he would sign such an appropriation bill "within a minute after I receive it."

The $40,000 is needed. The Governor's special investigator, Mr. OSBORNE, succeeded in showing the devastation wrought by conspirators who defrauded the State of millions devoted to highway improvement, but he failed to run down the guilty men. District Attorney WHITMAN found that the contractors on the great highway and canal systems had been systematically "sandbagged" by collectors for political funds, but he had not the power to pursue the conspirators across county lines and through the divisions of the State Government. The Governor himself could not extend his investigation into the canal deals, as the Canal Board and the State Engineer and Surveyor are not under his authority. Neither the Attorney General nor the separate county prosecutors could work in any but restricted areas, while the trail of the grafting serpent was over them all. Only the Legislature could authorize a complete investigation.

The signing "within a minute" after its receipt by the Governor of the Sullivan committee's Appropriation bill will be one of the most significant acts of his career. In the historic disclosures that must follow—disclosures that will be made whether or not the bill is signed, as private support of the committee may be had for the asking—the Democratic administration of this State can then show that it has acted without partisanship, solely in the public interest.

SENATOR LAFOLLETTE'S MIRACLE

Senator LA FOLLETTE has produced the costliest and most worthless issue of The Congressional Record which ever has appeared, and it may be that he has thereby accomplished a most desirable object. It is too generally assumed that he caused the republication of 364 pages of the finest print on the railway rate case because of his views on the railway question, which naturally differ from those of everybody else. Only the frivolous and thoughtless can take that view of the subject. No statesman in his senses would bury seven pages of original dissent among 357 pages of better matter, from sources so numerous and respectable as to prove that the seven pages were eccentric, or perhaps unique. So far as known there is no other American who believes that the railways have corrupted the press of the United States as an entirety, or that the newspapers generally have conspired to misrepresent the sentiments of their constituents. If that is beyond imagination, as it is beyond the allegation of anybody else, it follows that the Senator has gone far toward proving a preponderance of public opinion against the Senator's contention. No man in public life deliberately puts himself in a position so lonesome, and so difficult to maintain with credit. It is necessary, therefore, to look in another direction for the Senator's real objective.

It seems reasonable to believe that what the Senator sought to prove is the worthlessness of The Congressional Record as it is now published, and the necessity of reforming it in the public interest. This single issue cost $12,468.62. If every Congressman were to exercise a similar privilege the cost would be $6,500,000 to produce a record of what did not occur, of words not uttered in debate, which would alter nobody's opinion if either heard or read. Even this does not exhaust the Senator's demonstration of a nuisance and folly. The Senator's speech was produced to be franked, and it will fill the mails, at further expense. It has been officially reported that there were 6,049,419 volumes, a thousand tons, of worthless prints, in storage in Washington before the Senator produced his masterpiece. That was striking in itself, but it sinks into insignificance beside the Senator's demonstration that it was possible to waste six times as much in a single day as the pioneers in this reform declared were wasted each year.

The Senator may have intended incidentally to promote the advance of railway rates by revealing his unique opposition to it, but his main object must have been to prove beyond dispute that The Congressional Record should contain nothing not spoken in Congress, or not germane to the proceedings of Congress, and that it should not be subject to franking for political purposes, without some limitations.

MR. ASQUITH'S BURDEN.

The latest debate in the Commons on the perplexing Irish home rule question shows in a striking manner how heavy is the burden that the British Premier has taken upon his shoulders and how completely he has assumed to himself the decision of how to deal with it. On the one hand, Mr. ASQUITH told the Unionists that he intended to pass the Home Rule bill for the third and final time at this session, while he also intended, after the passage of the bill in its present form, to introduce an amending bill. In the meantime he hoped that an agreement could be reached as to what the amending bill should contain and that the vexed and perilous problem could be settled by consent. If that proved impossible, he should still introduce the amending bill, with such concessions as the Government should deem necessary and wise.

This, on the one hand, was bitterly denounced by the Unionists, who insisted that they should be informed as to what concessions the Government would make. On the other hand, Mr. REDMOND, for the Nationalists, declared that he and his party must reserve entire liberty to deal with the proposals of the Government when they should learn what they are. Obviously, therefore, Mr. ASQUITH faces the possibility of losing the Nationalist vote, on which he depends for his majority, and his tenure of office. That, on the face of it, is a risk that it requires great courage to incur, and while he will do all that he possibly can to carry out the policy of his party and to redeem the pledges that he has made to the Nationalists, he is prepared, if necessary, to retire rather than to be accountable for that supreme calamity. At the same time, he probably reasons that if the time comes when the Nationalists, by overthrowing his Government, can force an election on the practically naked issue of civil war, they will hesitate to do it. The interval he will employ in getting the leaders together face to face and trying to reach a peaceful solution. It is a complex situation, but if Mr. ASQUITH can handle it successfully he will earn a reputation second to none in the brilliant history of parliamentary government in England.

HUERTA'S COURAGE.

On the eve of the fall of Tampico Gen. HUERTA was celebrating with formal ceremony the second anniversary of the battle of Conejos in which he defeated OROZCO, then in arms against MADERO. Within two days HUERTA'S own legislature has gravely passed laws making radical changes in the map of Mexico and instituting a land tax. With more than half the republic now in the hands of the Constitutionalists, and the two States directly south of the capital also in revolt, the Dictator preserves his calm demeanor and clings persistently to his theory that he is his country's chosen ruler and a patriot whose loyalty is unquestioned except by unimportant persons like CARRANZA, VILLA, and ZAPATA, and the President of the United States.

Predictions of the early downfall of HUERTA are now heard on every hand. It may be that his rule will not last much longer than the end of the deliberations at Niagara Falls, whenever that may be. Continued success of the rebel arms may terminate it abruptly any day. But there is no present reason why HUERTA should personally come to grief. Doubtless Gen. FUNSTON would receive him politely at Vera Cruz and expedite his departure to the paradise of exiled rulers, Paris. Few, however, believe that HUERTA will ever run away. With DIAZ the case was different. MADERO'S rebellion was not against him but against his "system." He was 81 years old and he believed that his departure would restore peace to the country. The CARRANZA rebellion has been against HUERTA. There is no system to fight. HUERTA should be the most lonesome ruler in the world. But it must be admitted that he bears his isolation with abundant courage.

LONDON'S LITTLENESS.

The bigness of London is a British boast, but it is the bigness of a Brooklyn—with apologies to our growing sister borough, which every day is more and more putting itself upon the map. That is to say, London is a vast and nearly formless mass, without that concentration of population and rapidity of its circulation which Manhattan is doing its best to rid itself of. An example of this was afforded the other day when Charing Cross set itself up as the busiest terminal on earth. Since then THE TIMES has printed the claims of nearly a dozen American terminals to greater traffic, and several of them were in Manhattan. Now comes the General Omnibus Company of London with something like the same claim to dwarf other carriers of great numbers of people. It describes its business as of "staggering proportions." The exact figures are 5,500,000 fares in four days, and 576,000,000 last year. The buses ran 105,000,000 miles in the year and carried the population of the world's biggest city nearly a hundred times over, or half the population of the world.

Those are big figures, but there are others, and they are all the more remarkable because they are afforded by a smaller city—as yet. According to the last report of the Public Service Commission the passengers of New York City are reckoned by the billion—soon by the billions—rather than by the hundred million. In 1913 the passengers on the various street car lines of New York City totaled 1,769,889,284. There are no similar figures for London available, but an idea of the difference of concentration of traffic is afforded by a comparison of the traffic over London Bridge with that over any of New York's four bridges. The London Omnibus Company's boast is no more than an average day's business for our subways alone, in their incomplete condition, and that leaves out of the count the elevated and the surface lines. The official calculations for the subway system now under construction, embodying merely the facts of experience, allowing nothing for that other fact that all records have been on a rising scale hitherto, are that the population of New York in a single generation more, in 1960 to be exact, will be 21,000,000, and that the passengers will be 21,000,000,000. The figures are "official," and may or may not be exact. They are staggering even to New York, which is accustomed to cyphering of that sort. If London retains its courage after its Charing Cross experience it may try again, and then Little Old New York will try to see what it has in stock of the same sort.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Cincinnatus Must Be Amused.

In these days, when the desire and determination to keep history and mythology apart have become so nearly general, "surprise" is a name all too kindly for the emotion excited by the news that there are in the Society of the Cincinnati still enough survivors from another age to prevent the publication of certain documents in its archives on the absurd ground that they would disturb accepted notions about the nation's founders.

As a matter of fact, so much has been written in recent years with a view to substituting truth for the pretty fictions with which our annals used to be filled, that at present our school textbooks can almost easily be distinguished from fairy stories and only the most obstinate of illiterates continue to cherish the illusion that every inhabitant of the thirteen original Colonies—except the Tories, of course—was a militant saint, exemplifying the uttermost possibilities of patriotism, courage, wisdom, and honesty. As such was by no means the case, people with common sense no longer pretend it was, and they are not at all humiliated because they have learned that the British troops were not the only obstacles that had to be overcome before the new Republic could be none too firmly established.

In the saner view, to admit, or to recognize, rather, that human nature in the Colonies was about what it had been, was and afterward remained everywhere else, is to magnify, not detract from, the achievements of the fathers. Not one new sin or weakness or meanness, in public or private life, has since been invented, as nobody who will read, as many of us have, a real history of the time, can fail to know. What shall be thought, therefore, of a man who can get up, as one CHARLES BEATTY ALEXANDER did at the triennial convention of the Cincinnati, and argue against giving publicity to documents which, he said, would reveal "the poverty of some of our best ancestors" and "money difficulties of a gentleman who was sent to France"? What of the colleagues who were moved by pleas so ridiculous to consent to keeping locked up those awful papers?

Somebody should have told him and them that a rise to eminence from poor estate is not held disgraceful to LINCOLN or to several other American worthies, and that even though gentlemen sent to France are proved to have been unsatisfactory accountants, the shaking of the nation will not be registered by any except particularly delicate seismographs.

A Newspaper with a Good Policy.

To the already large number of New York's newspapers that seek readers among residents knowing little or no English there is soon to be added another, The Day, a name significantly not foreign. The significance lies in the fact that though this journal will serve the needs of people who do not speak the language of their adopted country, and give them in their own the information they ought to have about current happenings here and elsewhere, the purpose of its editors and proprietors will not be, as is usually the case with what may be called the exotic press, to prosper, or even to live, by fostering that segregation and aloofness which the continued use of an alien tongue invariably tends to produce.

On the contrary, The Day will earnestly advise its readers to learn the language of their new neighbors as soon as possible. To facilitate this the contents of half its columns, like its title, will be in English, and it is not hoped, or even desired, that any except the older subscribers will long be obliged to get the news in their own language or not at all.

The success of this policy will undoubtedly mean chief dependence for income on immigrants of comparatively recent arrival, but even if that results in a balance on the wrong side of the ledger, the promoters of The Day will be content, since their object is to facilitate and hasten that assimilation of the foreigner with the American which they think highly desirable for their racial brothers and sisters. The same wisdom, unfortunately, is not shown by many of our foreign-language papers. Too often a conscious or unconscious regard for their own interests leads them to encourage their readers in the always deplorable "colony" habit—a habit injurious alike to the immigrant and to the other inhabitants of the city.

Without speaking and reading English it is almost impossible to be either an American or a citizen really deserving to be called "good." The man or woman in that condition is a prisoner, or, if not exactly that, is deprived of many and important opportunities for advancement and utility. So true is this statement that one is almost tempted to suggest the abolition by law of the whole alien press. That, of course, would be going too far, but it is a fact that a paper printed in a foreign language is fully justifiable here only when its aim is avowedly and actually more or less like that announced in the prospectus of The Day.

We Attend to Our Own Heroes.

One of our correspondents wants to know—not in entire sincerity, perhaps—why such honors are paid here to the American soldiers and marines who were killed in the taking of Vera Cruz, while none of us has a good word to say for those who fell in the unsuccessful defense of that city from the alien invaders.

The reasons are obvious enough: We praise those who lost their lives in our service, and for the present, naturally, leave to the Mexican, whose powers of eulogy, as of denunciation, are adequate for any task, to name and treat as heroes those to whom they may think themselves indebted.

And if we haven't praised the Mexicans—and others—who shot our men, at least we have expressed no bitterness, and felt none, against the Mexican soldiers who did the shooting. Even the civilian "snipers," though they were put to death when caught with weapons hot in their hands, have not been very savagely characterized. Their conduct is calmly taken as a phase of war to be expected in the circumstances, and the object of the executions was to stop rather than to punish it.

The American and Mexican privates have shown no personal unfriendliness at their occasional meetings between the lines. Opposing soldiers rarely do, except in the heat of battle.

NEW YORK'S OBELISK.

How It Was Brought Here Reported Correctly in The Times.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

M. W. Lockwood, your correspondent in to-day's issue on the Obelisk question, could read with profit an article in the St. Nicholas Magazine of February, 1881, entitled "The True Story of the Obelisk," by Charles Barnard. Written so soon after "Cleopatra's Needle" was brought to this country, the article may reasonably be regarded as authoritative. It quite bears out the statement of THE TIMES on the 12th that the obelisk was brought to this country in the hull of a steamer especially prepared for it.

As a matter of fact, the Central Park Obelisk was never in the Thames River at all, but came to this country direct from Alexandria. The obelisk referred to by Mr. Lockwood, brought on a scow on which he had the honor to stand in the Thames, was undoubtedly the one now on the Thames Embankment, which, according to the St. Nicholas report, met with the accident which Mr. Lockwood associates with our own monument.

R. W. M.

New York, May 15, 1914.

Smoking Without Inhaling.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was surprised to learn in THE TIMES that Thomas A. Edison is a strong smoker of cigars, and yet he advises others not to smoke cigarettes. I think Mr. Edison is wrong in saying that cigarette smoking dulls one's brain without specifications as to the way he smokes. Smoking may be divided into two kinds: First, smoking without inhaling, i. e., puffing out; and, second, smoking and inhaling. It is the second kind that he should lay stress on. Should Mr. Edison inhale while smoking cigars he would advise others not to smoke cigars either. It is the inhalation that dulls the mind.

L. Y. CHOW.

New York, May 15, 1914.

To-morrow's Sunday Times.

What is the present status of the trusts under the law? What need is there for further legislation? The Sherman law was passed nearly a quarter of a century ago, and since then it has been interpreted and made workable by a progressive series of Supreme Court decisions. What have these decisions done to the law? Where does business and where does monopoly stand under it to-day?

With a view to clearing up this question and setting the matter plainly before the people ex-President Taft has written a series of five articles which, in their entirety, are authoritative and final on the subject. THE NEW YORK TIMES will publish the first of them to-morrow, and the remaining four on succeeding Sundays. The articles clear away an immense mass of misinformation and misapprehension and set forth just what the law, as dealt with by the courts, has come to be and what is the status of business under it. No more important series of articles has appeared recently in any newspaper or magazine.

Another important series of articles which will begin in to-morrow's SUNDAY TIMES will put an end to many misapprehensions about Russia. No country has been more written about, and yet no country remains so unintelligible to foreigners. The character of the events that have been taking place there for many years has resulted in the publication of a vast amount of matter that is biased on one side or the other, or, at any rate, written to achieve some end. After all that has been written Russia still remains a synonym for confusion and mystery in many minds.

THE NEW YORK TIMES several months ago commissioned Kurt Aram, the distinguished German writer, to ascertain, analyze, and present the truth about Russia. He formerly lived there and studied the country, and has returned to make the further investigation called for. He has now finished his work, and the result shows Russia from the inside. The first article in the series will appear in THE TIMES to-morrow.

Frederick Elwell's painting, "The First Born," which attracted more attention than any other at the 1913 exhibition of the Royal Academy, has been reproduced by THE TIMES'S remarkable new process of printing, the rotogravure, and a copy of it, separate from the paper, will be a beautiful addition to to-morrow's SUNDAY TIMES.

While the Pictorial Section to-morrow will contain many pictures that everybody will want to see, there are several photographic portraits which will be of more than usual value, because they are in themselves unusual character sketches of public men. Among them are two of President Wilson and Gen. Wood, which give almost a new conception of their characters. The one of the President, which was taken while he was in the funeral procession of the Vera Cruz heroes, is especially striking. A half-page photograph of that funeral is another important feature of the Pictorial Section and a remarkable example of photography.

It must have been a surprise to many to read that there was dissatisfaction in Canada over the appointment of members of the royal family as Governors General. This apparent mystery is explained in an acute article showing the "inside" of affairs in the Dominion and containing some surprising information.

Mike Donovan, the dean of New York boxers, who is retiring at the age of 67, has given to THE SUNDAY TIMES answers to these questions: How can the New York business man keep in good physical condition? How can he side-step the weaknesses of old age? Why is the man of the rolltop desk not in good physical form, and what rules of health does he chiefly neglect?

Rupert Hughes in an interesting interview discusses the needs of the modern novel. The arrival of the "fool-proof" aeroplane is the subject of another important article. A new movement to use upper Fifth Avenue for a civic centre will interest all New Yorkers.

THE CANDIDATES.

Choice Next Fall Depends on Gov. Glynn's Action Now.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With a Republican Assembly on record as favoring the amendments to the primary law drawn by the National Democratic Club, and with a Democratic Senate on record as opposing them, what is the outlook of the Democratic Party in this State? The question is up to Gov. Glynn. The amendments will safeguard against corruption the vote for next Fall's candidates. The Governor's responsibility is made all the clearer by his announced intention to send in another important amendment at the end of the special session, in proper respect for a solemn Jewish religious holiday.

Gov. Glynn has before him the record of appalling corruption of the recent balloting under the unamended primary law. His attention has been called to the scandal, not only by the press of the State but also by the National Democratic Club, in an open letter addressed to him by its President. His duty is plain; there are no two opinions on the subject among Democrats who have the best interests of the party at heart. What will he do?

It is still time for him to revise his announced intention of not submitting the amendments at this session. It is his duty to do so, to heed the demand of the majority of the party whose ex officio leader he is in this State. The consequences of his inaction, if he persists in it, are not difficult to foresee.

ALEXANDER KONTA,
Chairman of the Primary Law Committee, National Democratic Club.
New York, May 14, 1914.

THE BOOK SALESMAN'S CASE.

Let Him Receive More Pay and He Will Educate Himself.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The prominence given "the blank-faced book salesman who, by his innocence of the contents of the books he handles, blocks sales and disgusts would-be buyers among the reading public," in your report of the convention of the American Booksellers' Association, published yesterday, focuses attention upon the members of a calling deserving, it would seem, of more intelligent consideration.

Speaking from the viewpoint of one actively engaged in the sale of books in one of the largest book stores of the United States, I want to say that the "system of education for the uplift of the trade" so vigorously insisted upon by the department store representative at the convention should begin with the owners of the stores.

They should be taught the economic wisdom of paying wages sufficient to attract and hold the loyal co-operation of men and women of ability—whether college graduates or not.

As it is, the demands made upon the successful book salesman are fully equal to those required in some of the professions. But, while the professional worker is given a somewhat superior caste and emoluments appropriate to his station, the book salesman is often looked upon as a menial, unfortunate enough to be at the beck and call of the public, which frequently does not know its own mind, or the difference between a binding of dyed goatskin and crushed levant!

Pay the salesman of books good wages, and, take my word for it, he will educate himself! Change the $12 and $15 a week clerkships into $25 and $35 a week "positions," and the general level of efficiency will rise amazingly. That would accomplish more than all the "correspondence courses" ever invented, because it would centre the salesman's thoughts and energies upon his work, and he would not be forced to write poetry and dime novels, or edit fourth-rate periodicals on the side, to help eke out running expenses, as he often does now.

C. W. B.

New York, May 14, 1914.

STRANGE BIRD VISITORS.

Those Caught at the Waldorf May Be Migrating "Redstarts."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your news account of the strange birds caught by Mrs. Reginald Thompson in her room at the Waldorf-Astoria is particularly interesting in view of the fact that only yesterday the attention of my family was drawn to a peach tree in full bloom in our back yard, the foliage flashing orange and gold with the plumage of a bird entirely new to this section of Long Island.

The tree was alive with them. They were too small for the golden oriole, a pair of which annually Summers on the place, and which species is often seen on the island. The size of the sparrow, they were as tame as the caged bird usually is, fluttering around one's feet, looking inquisitively up into one's face and showing small tendency to fear.

They have disappeared, and it is presumable that they were migrating north.

Upon looking them up it was found that Florence A. Merriam, in her "Birds Through an Opera Glass," (Chautauqua Press,) gave an accurate description of them in the redstart. She says:

The long tail of the redstart makes him appear about the size of the chipping bird. In habits, however, he is more like the flycatchers than the sparrows. Indeed, you might imagine that it was from his flycatcher way of starting up or falling through the air unexpectedly that he got his name; for then you can see the blotches of rich salmon that mark his wings and tail. His back is glossy black, and each side of his white breast is ornamented with a patch of bright salmon or red. The female, as usual, is plainer than her spouse, has no black on her breast, is olivaceous above, and light yellow where the male is salmon.

Near the tree where the birds were tarrying was found the body of a small strange bird, of musty yellow plumage tending to green, answering the above description and believed to be a female of the species.

"They are winning, friendly little things," continues Miss Merriam, "and make pretty nests of fine roots, birch bark * * * They build in apple tree crotches, low roadside bushes, or in saplings in open woods."

EDITH DAY ROBINSON.

Hempstead, L. I., May 12, 1914.

Closed Cars Preferred.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having had occasion to ride many times during the past two weeks on the different surface car lines in New York, and having suffered much discomfort therefrom, I wish to make a mild complaint. I am an advocate of good, fresh air, and plenty of it, but every one knows that the weather has been cold and windy much of the time, and can any of the electric car companies imagine there is any pleasure in riding in an open car exposed to the winds of heaven and the dust of the street—not to mention the "end-seat hog"—when a closed car would be so much more comfortable?

The cars ought to be run for the greatest good of the greatest number, and I know I am right when I say that nobody can object to a closed car on a windy, rainy day, and many people can, and do, object to an open one. It seems to be a question of the time of year with the car companies, not the comfort of the passenger.

E. L. B.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 8, 1914.

MITCHEL CIVIL SERVICE

Has Chance to Develop a Newer Examining Method.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read your editorial article approving the proposed exemption from competition of six secretaryships under the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and I venture to point out certain facts which may not have been called to your attention with reference to this matter.

As stated in your article, these secretaries will "be practically the executive officers of the committees," but, as acknowledged by President McAneny, they are also to be "chosen only with reference to their expert and special training for such posts." These men are held forth as being technical experts who are to be the heads of these committees, subject to the policy determining action of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. Every one agrees that the secretaries are members of the operating forces of the City Government, and that they do not mark out policies, but carry out the policies determined by their superiors.

In determining the classification of these positions, the Civil Service Commission is, as suggested by you, governed by the Constitutional provision requiring that appointments shall be made for merit and fitness, to be ascertained wherever practicable by competitive examination. I agree entirely with your statement that competition "should be resorted to when it will in practice yield the best results," and that is why, as the representative of the Civil Service Reform Association, I opposed the exemption of these secretaryships.

In urging the exemption of the positions THE TIMES has assumed an attitude which shows, first, a lack of understanding of the real character of a civil service examination, which can be made a most practical investigation into the qualifications of candidates, and, in the second place, a misapprehension as to the results to which such policies may lead. I am willing to concede that in the past it has been possible for a department head in rare cases to secure a more efficient expert than the Civil Service Commission would ordinarily obtain from its examination, but I believe that this difficulty can be corrected by improved examinations. Civil service examinations have been developed far beyond the scope of a mere scholastic test and have become practical, common sense investigations, such as any head of a private business would conduct into the record and qualifications of candidates for appointment. I cannot in this letter indicate all the details of such improvements, but I desire to emphasize the practice of other Civil Service Commissions, including the United States Commission and municipal commissions in Philadelphia, Chicago, and elsewhere, of holding the so-called non-assembled type of examination, in which the candidates are not required to meet in one particular place and answer set questions in a competitive test, but are asked to submit evidence of a broad nature, showing their experience and general fitness for the positions to which they seek appointment. Such examinations have never been held for the New York City service, and should be confined, of course, only to the high expert positions. Such an examination for a similar position to those in question has been successfully held in Philadelphia.

Civil service reformers in New York City look to the present Civil Service Commission as a commission that is to mark a real advance in civil service administration, to develop newer and better examining methods, and to press on the merit system to the highest point, provided positions which determine policies of the administration are not encroached upon. The Civil Service Reform Association officially hopes that the Mitchel Civil Service Commission will not lose this opportunity to demonstrate that it can pick out the best men for these secretaryships, and thereby aid in the efficiency of the Mitchel administration.

SAMUEL H. ORDWAY,
Chairman of the Executive Committee, Civil Service Reform Association.
New York, May 13, 1914.

UNLOCK BABYLON RECORDS.

Yale Scientists Make Discoveries in Deciphering Ancient Inscriptions.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 15.—The Babylonian department at Yale University announced to-day several new discoveries made in deciphering some of the inscriptions of the recently acquired collections, which were found by Arabs at Larsa, a city known in the Old Testament as Ellasar, and at Erech, one of the cities of Nimrod's kingdom, mentioned in Genesis.

One of the tablets proves to be an important list of Kings who ruled over Larsa in the third millennium B. C. Among other results obtained from it is the fact that Ritivaku is not a variant reading of the name known as Arioch, but that it is the name of a brother who was the last King of the Larsa dynasty. Eri-aku is Arioch, the contemporary of Abraham, one of the four Kings routed by the patriarch with some kind of strategy in the night. His rule preceded that of Rim-aku, his brother.

Another and important inscription, written upon a terra-cotta cone in the shape of a large nail with a huge head, is a votive inscription dedicated to the goddess Ishtar, by this King, Arioch. In it the King recounts his pious deeds in the form of temple building and city improvements, for which he asks in return "abundance of years, a well established throne, and a putting down of uprisings."

THE HAPPY LAND.

It beckons to me! I can glimpse its green hills,
But, oh, they are far, far away!
I dream of it, yearn for it, sigh for it still,
And wish I were there, night and day.
What bliss it would be to meet nothing but smiles,
The sunshine of cheery content!
To miss all the grumpiness, scowling, and sneers,
For me and for other wights meant!
Just think what 'twould be in a land of gay crowds,
Where never such comments one heard
As "Business is punky!" "This city's no good!"
"Well, he's a big bluff, on my word!"
Where every employer would say,
"Splendid! Great!
Your work is the best of its kind!"
Where only of virtues, fine traits, one were told,
And mortals to vices were blind!
What changes 'twould bring! No discouragement, then,
Would ever seize poor human souls.
A wave of real joy would sweep over the earth
And extend from equator to poles.
Oh, that is the country I seek—free from snarls,
Heart burnings and floods of tears salt!
There each one's an optimist! Lead me, I pray,
To The-Land-Where-They-Never-Find-Fault.

ELLA A. FANNING.

SHONTS ATTACKS BID ON SUBWAY JUNCTION

Tells Public Service Commission Low Offer Underestimates Times Square Work.

DANGER NOT ALLOWED FOR

Conference to be Held on Monday—Public Hearing on Contract May Be Granted.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, has written to the Public Service Commission renewing in the case of the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation the protest which he made in the case of the Oscar Daniels Company against any contractor except the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, the Interborough's own subsidiary, being authorized to reconstruct the structure of the present Subway.

The protest was caused by the fact that for Section 6A of the Interborough's new Seventh Avenue line, which includes the connection with the present Subway in Times Square, the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation underbid the Subway Construction Company by $46,472.

In his protest Mr. Shonts raises a technical point as to the amount which the Holbrook Corporation bid on the items for the protection of the present Subway, but he lays most stress on the danger of the work, considering that during eighteen hours every day 5,000 persons in each three-minute interval may be within the danger zone. So he asks the commission to exercise the discretion permitted to it by law and award the contract to the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, although it is not the lowest bidder. Here is his letter:

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.
165 Broadway,
New York, May 15, 1914.

Hon. Edward E. McCall, Chairman
Public Service Commission for the First District.

Dear Sir: Our attention has been called to the bids for the construction of Section No. 6A of the Seventh Avenue line, which were received on May 13, 1914, and are now being considered by the commission. We are informed that the lowest bid was that of the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation for $420,199. We also understand that this bid specified the sum of $33,000 for the item of maintaining, supporting, and protecting the present Subway and that this amount represents nothing more than the premiums which it is expected will have to be paid in order to obtain the indemnity bond of $500,000 required by the contract to be given to the Interborough Company, and does not include the allowance for the work that must be done to safeguard the present Subway. If this information is correct, it clearly indicates that this bid is greatly unbalanced and that the contractor has not the slightest conception of the difficulties involved or of the work to be done to assure the safe and continuous operation of the trains during the construction work.

The construction contracts heretofore awarded by the commission have provided that the work of maintaining, supporting, and protecting railroads is to be compensated for by the prices allowed for excavation work. But the similar work of protecting the present Subway is of such an exceptional character as to require the special provision incorporated in the contract that the work to be done for the support and protection of the existing Subway and for the safety of the passengers therein is not to be paid for by the prices allowed for excavations, &c., but is to be covered by a special lump sum allowance. If our information is correct that the lowest bidder has included in this item only the estimated cost of the $500,000 bond and has made no allowance therein for the cost of the work to be done in protecting the present Subway and safeguarding the traveling public, it is clear that the provision in the invitation to contractors that the unit prices must not be improperly balanced has been entirely disregarded.

Under the provisions of the Rapid Transit act and the invitation to contractors, the commission has the absolute right to reject all the bids and re-advertise, or to accept any of the bids which in the commission's judgment may best promote the public interests. Because of the vital interest we have in seeing that the safe operation of the present Subway for the next three years is adequately safeguarded, we request that no action be taken in awarding this contract until the matter has been very carefully considered and until we are given an opportunity to be heard.

We cannot too strongly urge upon your attention the very great danger of serious accidents during the progress of this work, which must go on during train operation. During every three-minute period for eighteen hours every day over 5,000 passengers may be within the zone of danger incident to this work. When you consider that the subway roof must come off while trains are passing, and that the steel structure and concrete arches over the cars leave a clearance too small for the insertion of one's fingers between the car tops and the roof, which must be removed with steel crowbars and other tools, you will appreciate how great will be the danger of loss of life and serious injury to passengers and employes. This is only one illustration. Many others can be demonstrated, and will be in case you conclude to have a hearing.

The proposed contract does not provide that the sureties on the bond for $500,000 to be given to the Interborough Company be named prior to the award or execution of the contract; but in our opinion it would be advisable to insist that before the contract is awarded the sureties to be offered on this bond must be submitted and approved, as otherwise the contractor might have the contract but not be able to supply satisfactory and responsible sureties.

Very truly yours,
T. P. SHONTS, President.

As a result of this protest the commission will hold a conference on Monday morning, at which both the Interborough and the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation will be represented.

Another section of the new Seventh Avenue subway, concerning which a similar question may arise, is 1A. This covers the connection between the old and new subways at South Ferry, the building of a new station opposite the present South Ferry station, and the construction of a two-track line to join Section 1. The plans and form of contract were formally approved yesterday by the Public Service Commission, and bids will be opened on June 9. The Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company has already secured the contract for Section 1.

DR. BUTLER GIVES PRIZE CUP

Goes to Columbia Fraternity with Best Scholastic Membership.

President Nicholas Murray Butler is taking a ke

BALL AIDS FAMILIES OF VERA CRUZ SLAIN

Army and Navy Dance at the Biltmore Draws a Throng of Society.

MAYOR MITCHEL IN BOX

Governor's Staff Also Attends—Mrs. Albert Gleaves and Mrs. Algernon S. Sullivan Receive.

The Army and Navy Ball held in the Biltmore ballroom last night, for the benefit of the families of the American sailors killed at Vera Cruz, drew a large crowd. The decorations were American flags, and those who received were Mrs. Albert Gleaves, wife of Capt. Gleaves, Commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard; Mrs. Charles F. Roe, Mrs. Haan of Governors Island, Mrs. Algernon Sidney Sullivan, and Mrs. A. W. Thackara.

Gov. and Mrs. Glynn were unable to attend, but the Governor's staff in uniform occupied the box reserved for him. Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel also had a box.

The twenty-four boxes were filled with people, among them being Mrs. Henry H. Landon and the Misses Landon, Mrs. Henry Meyer Johnson, Miss Louisa Johnson, Mrs. William Lowe Rice, Miss Mildred Gautier Rice, Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, Major James Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. James R. McKee, Mr. and Mrs. Kurt Reisinger, Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, Mrs. Edward Breitung, Mrs. Orin Mitcham, Mrs. T. T. Gaunt, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Waters Taft.

The Floor Committee had George H. Sullivan and Edward Simmons as its General Chairman and Chairman, the other members being Arthur Comstock, Fairfax Ayres, Minturn Post Collins, Lieut. John F. Daniell, Frederick S. Dellenbaugh, Jr., Andrew G. Dickinson, Bayard Dominick, Jr., Louis Hays Dos Passos, Charles C. Goldsborough, Frank Landon Humphreys, Edward C. Kavanagh, Emlen Littell, William R. Maloney, Jr., E. Hubert Litchfield, Benjamin Rush Lummis, James C. McGuire, Stowe Phelps, Kurt Reisinger, Arthur F. Schermerhorn, Joseph F. Simmons, Marcel Steinbrugge, Walter L. Suydam, Paul G. Thebaud, Frederick Hearne Wooley, and Charles Elliott Warren.

There was exhibition dancing during the evening.

The entire ballroom floor was given over to the affair, and supper à la carte was served in the large restaurant.

The Committee on Arrangements was Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. A. M. Thackara, Jr., Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, Mrs. A. Heckscher, Mrs. T. T. Gaunt, and Mrs. James R. McKee.

LEVI P. MORTON 90 TO-DAY.

Going to His Country Home to Celebrate His Birthday.

Levi P. Morton will be 90 years old to-day. He left New York yesterday for his country home, Ellerslie, in the upper valley of the Hudson, where he will celebrate his birthday.

Despite his advanced age, Mr. Morton has almost completely recovered from the illness which caused his friends alarm last Winter, when he was suffering from hardening of the arteries and slight hemorrhage of the brain. For several months he has been able to take daily walks with his physician in Central Park, and has been driving twice every day when weather permitted. He was eagerly looking forward to his trip to the country when he left his apartment at 908 Fifth Avenue yesterday, and expected to spend much of his time out of doors.

Dance at Baltusrol Golf Club.

A subscription dance was held last night at the Baltusrol Golf Club, Baltusrol, N. J. Several dinners were given at the clubhouse before the dance. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barclay, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Brown, Mrs. Samuel S. Auchincloss, Miss Duryea, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bradley, Miss Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Fincke, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Freeman, Mrs. Richard Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. George K. D. Schieffelin, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Johnson, Mrs. Frank Otis, Mrs. Roger Minton, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Mapes, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Talbot, Miss Eleanor Hartshorne, Miss Edith Smalley, the Misses Van Wyck, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stuart Gwynne, and Henry and Evans Tucker of Philadelphia.

Tea for Miss Hazel Vermilye.

Mrs. Walter L. Hervey, of the Monterey, West 114th Street, gave a tea yesterday afternoon for Miss Hazel Vermilye, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Hoagland Vermilye, whose engagement to Mrs. Hervey's son, Bryant Hervey, was recently announced. The Misses Elizabeth Mendelsohn and Harriet Fox were at the tea table and the Misses Katharine and Barbara Scott, Nathalie and Lisa Willits, and Freda Phelps and Frances Gulick assisted Mrs. Hervey and Miss Vermilye in receiving. Several hundred invitations were sent out for the tea.

MISS MAY WHITE WEDS.

Married to David L. George in Church of the Ascension.

The marriage of David L. George of Orange, N. J., to Miss May White, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James W. White of this city, took place at 8 o'clock last evening in the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street. The church was decorated with apple blossoms, white lilacs and dogwood, and the Rev Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the church, officiated.

Miss White, who walked up the nave with her father, wore a white satin moiré gown with a court train, trimmed with tulle and a tulle veil held by a lace cap and orange blossoms. She carried a white Prayer Book and gardenias with lilies of the valley. She was attended by Miss Marjorie Harris of New York as maid of honor. Miss Harris was in a yellow charmeuse gown, having a Court train, trimmed with lace and a gold lace Castle cap trimmed with yellow tulle and carried Lady Illington roses.

The bridesmaids were Miss Christine Nichols of Summit, N. J., Miss Essie Watters of Brooklyn, and the Misses Catharine George and Mary Weber of Orange. They wore yellow taffeta frocks with panniers with large butterfly bows of lavender tulle, and carried armfuls of lavender lilacs.

Mr. George's best man was William P. Weber of Orange. Dr. Edgar W. White and Ewart White of New York, brothers of the bride, Edward H. Austin, George Mayer of Haledon, and Henry Poeller, and William J. Bryan of Orange were the ushers.

The ceremony was followed by a small reception at the St. Denis, where the decorations were dogwood blossoms and palms.

MISS RAND ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Rand to Wed Felix Doubleday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Rand, of 347 West End Avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Rand, to Felix Doubleday, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Doubleday of Effendi Farm, Locust Valley, L. I.

Miss Rand made her début in society two seasons ago, and has been active in the younger set ever since, taking part in many amateur theatricals given for charity. Her mother was Miss Mary E. Burnham before her marriage. She is a sister of Mrs. Stuart C. Adams (Marjorie Rand) of Hutton Park, West Orange, N. J. She has a younger sister, Miss Helen Rand.

Mr. Doubleday was graduated from Williams College, class of '10, and is a member of the Alpha Delta Phi.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Chadbourne-Bond Wedding May 22.

The wedding of Miss Lily Gordon Bond and Frank Merriam Chadbourne will take place on Friday afternoon, May 22, at 4 o'clock, in the Church of the Heavenly Rest. The Rev. Herbert Shipman, rector of the church, is to officiate. A small reception will be held after the ceremony at 158 West Fifty-eighth Street.

Mrs. Dane Hennen Coddington is to be matron of honor, and William M. Chadbourne is to act as his brother's best man. Dave H. Coddington will give his cousin in marriage.

The ushers will be Seymour M. Peyser, William A. Philips, Dr. Walter F. Anderton, Edward D. King, Laurence I. Neale, J. Graham Parsons, Roger B. Emmons, and J. Otto Stack.

Miss Pearson to Wed F. H. Wood.

Mrs. Florence Barrett Pearson of New York and Denver, Col., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Margery Pearson, to Frederick Hill Wood. Miss Pearson has lived in this city for the last two years, and before that time was in Paris and London, completing her education. Mr. Wood is the general attorney of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The wedding is to take place in July.

LOWTHORP—BREWSTER.

The engagement of Miss Eleanor Lowthorp, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis C. Lowthorp of Trenton, N. J., to Wrestling Cabot Brewster, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Kenderton S. Brewster of Elizabeth, N. J., is announced. Mr. Brewster is a graduate of Princeton. No date has been set for the wedding.

LAMBS' AUCTIONS, $20,000.

Club Sells Seats for Its Matinee Gambol at Metropolitan.

Several thousand dollars was raised yesterday afternoon for the matinee performance next Saturday afternoon of the Lambs' Gambol at the Metropolitan Opera House at an auction of seats held at the Hudson Theatre. The auctioneers were Shepherd William Courtleigh and Lambs DeWolf Hopper and Wilton Lackaye. The premiums for choice of seats ranged from $25 for the first choice, which went to William Harris, down to several block bids of $1.

The total receipts from the two auction sales will bring the Lambs a premium in excess of $20,000. The regular sale of seats for both the Friday night and matinée performances will open at 9 o'clock Monday morning at the box office of the Metropolitan Opera House.

The Lambs announce that the sale of seats at a premium does not represent the capacity of the Opera House, and that there are plenty of seats which can be had when the regular sale opens Monday.

Corning, Iowa, Bank Closes.

CORNING, Iowa, May 15.—The First National Bank of Corning closed its doors to-day, following a run yesterday, in which about $50,000 in deposits was withdrawn. The institution was closed by order of the Controller of the Currency. B. Newcomb, the cashier, said to-day that all claims would be paid.

"A valuable contribution to American literature."

—From the Foreword of The Hon. JOSEPH H. CHOATE

Essays and Miscellanies

BY

JOSEPH S. AUERBACH

THIS is a collection of essays by the well-known New York lawyer, treating many subjects, widely diverse in character. The author sets forth in his essay on "Literature and the Practical World" his belief that the literary spirit and the business life should enter into closer acquaintance to the benefit of both. In his essay on "The Bible and Modern Life" he considers the Bible both from the standpoint of its religious value and as the great column which supports so much of English Literature. The titles of some of the other chapters are: "A Club," "Future in America," "English Style," "One Phase of Journalism," "Protest of the Democratic Party," "Matthew Arnold," etc.

Crown Octavo, Cloth. 2 volumes, net $3.00

HARPER & BROTHERS

GEST BRINGS NEW PLAYS FROM EUROPE

Will Present "The Story of the Rosary" at Manhattan on Labor Day.

HAS OPERETTA 'POLENBLUT'

Also a Musical Play and Pantomime Ballet—Hungary Leading in Playwriting.

Morris Gest of the theatrical firm of Comstock & Gest returned to New York yesterday on the Lusitania after a two months' trip to Europe. Mr. Gest got back with a trunkfull of manuscripts of foreign plays, and announced many productions for the coming season.

"On Labor Day," said he, "I will present at the Manhattan Opera House Walter Howard's melodramatic production, 'The Story of the Rosary.' We have obtained the Princess Theatre Company of London, numbering seventy-five persons, and organization and production will be brought here intact. Howard is both author and producer of 'The Story of the Rosary.'"

"We have also the American rights to 'Polenblut,' an operetta in the most approved Viennese style, with book by Leo Stein and music by Oscar Nedbal. 'Polenblut' has been running for five months at the Theatre des Westens, Berlin. We also have both the American and English rights to 'Der Juxbaron,' a musical play in three acts by Herman Haller and Von Willi Wolf, with music by Von Walter Kollo. It is the funniest piece of its kind in a generation, and is playing at the Hollendorfplatz, Berlin.

"I arranged for Miss Alexandra Carlisle's immediate presentation of two of our Princess plays, one of which will be the novelty of our last bill, 'It Can Be Done.' Two weeks from now Mr. Comstock and I will present in London, Theodore Kosloff and the Imperial Theatre company of Moscow in the pantomime ballet 'He, He, and She.' It is of extraordinary scenic construction, and at one situation presents three scenes simultaneously: an interior and two exteriors. The London ordering of 'He, He, and She' will merely prelude the Autumn presentation of the pantomime in New York.

"'Sealed Orders,' which will be seen in New York later, remains one of the biggest dramatic successes England has known."

Commenting upon the present phase of theatrical activity in Europe Mr. Gest said: "Hungary is now speaking the big word in contemporary drama, a far louder and more potent word than those of England, France, or Germany. France has ruined herself, or, rather, has been ruined by that association of theoretical protection but actually of throttling, the French Authors' Society. No one can do business with a French author individually any more, and as a result of unending hold-ups managers are staying away from Paris and are going elsewhere.

"Then, too, France is writing plays of Paris and about ultra-Parisians and Parisiennes. Hungary is writing international plays—plays whose plots and people have universal humanity.

"Theatrically, the season in London has been very dull. Twelve plays went up in the metropolitan playhouses the Saturday I left. Imagine a notice posted in the Gayety!

"The most notable success in the theatre of Europe at present—considering Europe as a whole—is Henry Russell's Opera Company, a melodious sensation in the Theatre Champs Elysees of Paris."

Mr. Gest also states that he has brought back rights to three one-act plays for the Princess Theatre company of New York.

MAYOR TO OPEN FAIR.

White Rats Start Eight Days' Fun at Clubhouse To-night.

Mayor Mitchel will open the Actors' Fair at the White Rats Clubhouse in West Forty-sixth Street at 8:30 to-night by blowing a whistle, and from then until next Saturday night at midnight the theatrical people propose to make the fun fast and furious. The doors of the clubhouse are to remain open night and day during the eight days of the entertainment, and the White Rats expect to raise many thousand dollars for their fund during that time.

The features of the fair will be many and varied. There will be a Town Hall "Rep" show, where "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be played by a splendidly misscast cast. There also will be played the worst ten minutes of "The Corsican Brothers," "Ten Nights in a Barroom," "The Silver King," "East Lynne," "The Two Orphans," and other mellow mellers.

In a tent visitors can see also how amusing the club members think the average travelling Oriental dance side show can be made, and, in a rival round-top, get an up-to-date travesty or the average wild animal exhibition.

Traveling medicine shows, museum freaks, chambers of horrors, one-horse town vaudeville, a "rube" roof cabaret, an amateur "diving nymph" exhibit in real water, and "movies in the making" are the subjects of other satires. The horrors shown will be well-known Broadway stars offered in comic caricature makeups. John Drew and Ethel Barrymore are included in this kind.

Particular interest promises to attach to the main inclosure of the fair, where encircling a number of sales booths will be found a cycloramic drop running from the floor to the dome illustrated with the lithographed heads of about 1,000 players of to-day and yesterday, cut from lithographs, in some instances dating back before the civil war.

A pageant of all the widely known characters of the footlights, from Hamlet down to Cyril Maude's Grumpy and Julian Eltinge's Crinoline Girl, is another promised item of the programme.

Junie McCree, Charles J. Ross, Julian Eltinge, Fred Stone, Dave Montgomery, Stella Mayhew, Frances Starr, Olga Petrova, Elizabeth Murray, and others are the heads of the fair's promotion committees of announced participants.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Werba and Luescher have refused an offer for the American rights of the film play of D'Annunzio's "Cabiria," and will book the pictures in the first-class theatres of the country with an orchestra and chorus.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle will hold a dance carnival on the roof of Madison Square Garden next Saturday afternoon and evening. There will be amateur contests for prizes offered by the Castles.

Mae Murray will have a classical dancing role in a dramatic production next season. Previous to her recent vaudeville activities, Miss Murray had five years' experience in stock and in musical comedy.

A professional matinee will be given at the Fulton Theatre on Tuesday afternoon next of Webb's electrical singing and talking pictures.

One hundred members of the "Pinafore" company had an automobile party yesterday. In their stage costumes, with drums beating and bugles blowing, there was a parade of twenty automobiles from the Hippodrome to Central Park and uptown as far as Eighty-sixth Street, thence downtown as far as Broadway and Fourteenth Street.

The Palace Theatre Baseball team has arranged to play the opening game of the season on Sunday morning at Jasper Oval, 135th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, against the baseball team of the United Booking Offices of America.

Florine Arnold, who has been absent from the cast of "The Things That Count" at the Playhouse for the last few nights, resumed her role of Mrs. Hennaberry last evening. Miss Arnold sufered a nervous breakdown.

Three military numbers from the West Point song series will be interpolated in "The Midnight Girl" at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre on the evening of June 12, when the army cadet graduating class and friends will attend the performance of this production.

FAVERSHAM SAILS TO-DAY.

To Join His Wife, Julie Opp, Ill with Tuberculosis in Switzerland.

William Faversham has suddenly cancelled all of his vaudeville engagements and will sail to-day on the Imperator to join Mrs. Faversham (Julie Opp,) in Switzerland. Mrs. Faversham is ill, suffering from tuberculosis, and it is stated that she will probably never appear on the stage again. At present she is being treated by specialists in Arosa, Switzerland. The two Faversham children are with their mother.

Miss Opp's condition became serious during the Winter, and her appearances with Mr. Faversham in his Shakespearean revivals were frequently interrupted. Upon the end of his tour, which terminated here at the Lyric Theatre, Miss Opp went abroad for treatment, but her condition grew steadily worse and Mr. Faversham was cabled for.

The actor had planned to give up vaudeville for a short time, and was to act in a motion picture version of "The Social Highwayman" next Monday.

If Mrs. Faversham's condition permits Mr. Faversham will go to Paris to complete arrangements for his new play, "L'Epervier," which is now playing at the Theatre de L'Ambigu. Mr. and Mrs. Talbot J. Taylor have obtained the American rights for Mr. Faversham, and Mrs. Taylor has made the English adaptation under the title of "The Hawk." Gabrielle Dorziat, the leading woman of "L'Epervier" in Paris, will create the role in English in the Faversham company.

As a result of Miss Opp's illness Mr. Faversham will be forced to forego his engagement to play Iago, Antony and Romeo in the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre at Stratford-on-Avon next August. Mr. Faversham has also withdrawn from the "Miracle" production at Madison Square Garden.

CAMPANINI WILL STAY.

Says Losses of Chicago Opera Company Have Been Exaggerated.

General Director Campanini of the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Company yesterday issued a statement concerning the losses of the company and its plans for next season. The day before he had strenuously denied that there was internal trouble among the backers of the company and that he might not be connected with it next season. Mr. Campanini's statement, as far as it refers to the losses of the company, says:

"My attention having been drawn to the accounts of the losses sustained by the Philadelphia-Chicago Grand Opera Company, I am impelled to state that these have been much exaggerated, have been limited to the coast, and have been due to special conditions which will in no way affect the future operations of the company.

"He continues to the effect that the plans are on a greater scale than ever, including the engagement of Mme. Maria Koussnietzoff, Lucien Muratore, Mme. Maria Barrientos, Alessandro Bonci, Mario Sammarco, Mme. Louise Edvina, and Lina Cavalieri, while Titta Ruffo is re-engaged.

The season will begin at Philadelphia early in November and will be of the same duration as last year, that is, three weeks at Philadelphia and four weeks at Chicago, followed by the return of the company to Philadelphia for four weeks in February, during which there will be given the usual performances at the Metropolitan in New York every Tuesday night. At the conclusion of the Philadelphia season the company will start its annual tour.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers on Seven Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

IMPERATOR (Hamburg)—G. M. Andrews, Dr. and Mrs. A. Alderman, Mrs. S. Borchardt, Paul Butler, A. A. Cowles, Mrs. I. M. Congleton, Mr. and Mrs. F. Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Croker, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Chapin, Mrs. Leopold Cahn, Mrs. H. K. Devereux, Mr. and Mrs. A. Davidson, Henry Dater, Newman Erb, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Fox, S. Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Barbara J. Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas M. Garvan, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Gunnell, Mr. and Mrs. E. Heller, Dr. T. C. Hall, Mrs. W. G. Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Jones, Mrs. A. H. Lackin, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Lombard, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Murray, Mrs. Emily Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Ray McWilliams, Mrs. E. Martin Philipps, H. E. Raymond, Miss Emily Sloane, Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford, Mr. and Mrs. G. Snowden, Mr. and Mrs. I. Samuels, Mrs. J. H. Towne, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Thomas, Dr. and Mrs. C. P. Weber, Mrs. D. N. Walter, Miss C. C. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Waters, W. H. Watt, Dr. J. N. Worcester, George Scott, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bedford, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Childs, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Dale, A. E. Harrison, Col. and Mrs. Edward M. House, Count von Moltke, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Nevin.

GEORGE WASHINGTON (Bremen)—Lawrence Abbot, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Alexander, Miss Grace Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Perry B. Anderson, Miss M. E. Ball, Mrs. E. L. Bayles, Mrs. F. S. Bradley, Miss Dorothea Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Albert Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Camac, Mrs. Walter Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Roswell G. Feltus, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Griffith, F. G. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Hornor, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont Laurence, Mr. and Mrs. G. Leask, Miss Florence Macbeth, Miss Carroll Potter, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Reiss, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Schwab, C. K. Stewart, Mrs. Thelman, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Walker, Miss M. G. Townsend, Dr. Francis S. Watson, Mrs. C. Williams, and Mrs. L. C. Williams.

FINLAND (Antwerp)—A. H. Ackland, Mrs. E. F. Dick, Mrs. G. H. Dutter, Miss M. A. Foley, Mrs. K. Frazier, E. H. Gray, Miss Elise F. Gray, Robert Jaffray, Marshall Jones, F. W. Miller, Miss G. Williamson, and Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Wilson.

MINNEHAHA (London)—Newton D. Baker, Mrs. M. L. Barrett, Edward Batten, Miss E. M. Benn, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Black, Lowell C. Briggs, W. G. Browne, Mr. and Mrs. James Carter, Mrs. A. L. Cayzer, L. Charlton, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Craig, Mrs. Chas. C. Elliott, Edward Jar, Mrs. W. C. Jacobs, R. H. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. G. Oldfield, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Ott, F. S. Peer, Miss J. A. Proudfoot, Mrs. W. H. Sands, Mr. and Mrs. J. Spurgeon, Mrs. H. H. Welcr, L. H. Wells, and Miss Mary Winson.

EUROPA (Naples)—Clarence Bird, Miss Marcia O. Dunham, Miss K. H. Scott, C. Clentane, Mrs. M. Denarl, and S. D. Shannon.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow)—W. H. Barrow, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Brown, T. Kerr Brown, Miss Jane Craig, G. W. Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. W. Cook, Alfred Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. T. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. George Neill, A. A. Pope, F. Pearce, Mr. and Mrs. G. Richmond, M. S. Sutherland, and Mrs. E. Weldon.

PATRIA (Marseilles)—C. F. Benton, Mrs. G. Bullard, Misses Elsie and Margaret Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Morrell, B. F. Erhmann, C. S. Graham, Dr. and Mrs. William Lintz, E. H. Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. Warren S. Wright, and Mrs. William G. McKinley.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

LUSITANIA (Liverpool)—W. L. Abingdon, Mr. and Mrs. J. Adams, W. E. Allwood, Mrs. W. G. Appleby, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Asten, A. H. Ayres, Miss G. Barrett, John Beattle, L. A. Biddle, Miss M. T. Blanchard, E. A. Brothneon, D. C. Cherry, E. J. Crocker, Jr.; Mrs. Emmons Crocker, Sir Seville Crossley, Bart., J. de Bathe Crossley, H. C. Dexter, T. G. Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. R. Donner, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Fairbanks, A. R. Fay, Walter Gardner, Lionel Guest, Mrs. G. H. Hayes, Miss A. M. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Hudson, M. F. Kindusley, W. A. La Montaigne, P. Lawless, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Newell, Mrs. Ellen Preston, C. Reevis, Sir Henry Seton-Kerr, F. J. Smith, Miss H. T. Tetley, Mr. and Mrs. F. Turner, Horace Lee Washington, U. S. Consul at Liverpool; L. C. West, Major T. Whelan.

CEDRIC (Liverpool.)—Dr. D. L. Cady, C. W. Gillette, Maurice C. Glynn, Dr. Valentine Mott, Ernest Barnes, Miss H. Bukett, Miss Anna Boland, Mrs. C. King, Miss E. Lee, S. J. Gilbert, Mrs. F. Custance, Edward Clark, Mrs. W. Campbell, Mrs. A. Caldwell, Miss Maud Clarke.

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A PAGEANT OF WORK SHOWN BY 600 GIRLS

Occupations of American Women from Earliest Days to the Far Future Represented.

DANCES IN THE INTERVALS

National League of Women Workers Hears How Norwich Club Paid Its Debts.

A pageant, "The Romance of Work," in which 600 girls took part, was given by the New York members for the visiting delegates to the tenth biennial convention of the National League of Women Workers at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory last evening. The girls had been rehearsing for the pageant since last January.

The relation of women to work in America from the earliest days and looking into the future was shown. Indian women worked around the camp fire, the Colonial women of north and south appeared in the many and varied industries of the home, the women of to-day were shown under the factory system, while for the future women were engaged in all parts of useful work, without class distinction, and united in homage to the family.

Dances, given in the interludes, represented fire, the utility of the loom, and steam. The pageant was based on combined ideas of members of the League and was given under the direction of Miss Porter Beegle, Director of Physical Culture at Barnard College.

There was a board meeting of club workers yesterday morning and a large convention meeting in the afternoon, both in the Assembly Hall of the Metropolitan Life Building. The Haile Club of Norwich, Conn., became temporarily the banner club through a report showing how it extricated itself from an unpaid indebtedness and in two years and four months paid a debt of $1,300, contracted without its knowledge, a great sum for a girl's club.

The convention listened with interest to the account of the way the Norwich girls worked to pay this money, by selling the furniture of their clubhouse the girls reduced the debt one-half, and for the next 2 years and four months, up to April, 1914, when they paid the last cent, they worked with fairs and card parties and teas to earn the money. The membership was reduced in the meantime from 500 to 50.

"We became famous for giving the best food in town for the money," said the report, "and we never had a better time. We bought a piano, under price, which we used in small new quarters. Then the days of economy were had two pianos, but those were both hired."

"This debt had no legal hold upon the girls," said Miss Jean Hamilton, the league Secretary, at the close of the report, "and the girls showed more business integrity than many men, who under less difficult circumstance have gone into bankruptcy."

Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer, the President, presided. There will be a trip to West Point for the girls to-day, and the closing meeting will be held this evening.

Miss Edith M. Howes will speak on the "League and Association Interest in Legislation for Women;" Miss Beulah E. Kennard and Miss Ethel Hobart will talk of "Opportunities of League Clubs in Social Centres," and Miss Jean Hamilton will speak to the league about "Democracy in the League."

BACKS ROOSEVELT'S CLAIM.

Sir Henry Seton-Karr Not Doubtful of New River in Brazil.

Sir Henry Seton-Karr, member of the Royal Geographical Society and a famous traveler, who arrived yesterday on the Lusitania, spoke in favor of Theodore Roosevelt's claim that he had discovered a new river in Brazil.

"I think the criticism of Col. Roosevelt is ill-timed and unfair. I know Savage Landor very well. He has made some important discoveries, too."

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. J. E. Fisher and Miss Vieva Fisher are leaving the Ritz-Carlton to-day for British Columbia, to be absent several months. Mrs. Fisher's son, J. Ellis Fisher, has been stationed there for some time as a civil engineer.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Carroll have opened their country estate, Carrollcliff, in Tarrytown, N. Y., for the Summer. Their children, Miss Caramai Carroll and Lauren Carroll, are with them.

John T. Jerry, Jr., will give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's this evening. His marriage to Miss Constance Williams takes place on June 1.

The wedding of Miss Anne Pendleton Rogers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, and J. Griswold Webb, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. H. Walter Webb of Boston, will take place to-day at 12:30 in St. James's Church at Hyde Park, N. Y. The reception will be held at Crumwold Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Hornor, who are sailing to-day on the George Washington, will remain abroad all Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Aykroyd, of Lightliffe, England, are at the Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. William De Forest Manice are being congratulated upon the birth of a son on Thursday at 960 Park Avenue. Mrs. Manice was Miss Harriet Ferry, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hayward Ferry. The child is to be named for his father.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Crane gave a dinner of fourteen covers last night at the St. Regis.

J. J. Fay, of Ontario, Canada, and J. Bruce McDonald, of Toronto, are spending a week at the Claridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph C. Carroll of 490 West End Avenue are being congratulated upon the birth of a son.

Mrs. J. Stuart White has returned from the White Sulphur Springs, and will sail on May 26 on the Mauretania for a two months' motor trip through England.

Mrs. W. R. Hearst is to give a dance at 137 Riverside Drive on Monday evening, May 25.

Tourists for Bermuda and Panama.

Among those sailing to-day on the Caribbean for Bermuda are:

Miss A. E. Armstrong, Miss Laura Bloom, Miss M. F. Clark, M. C. Gillett, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Haviland, Miss C. Jenkins, Mrs. F. W. Read, E. M. Rarlton, Miss B. A. Royce, Mrs. Stanley Young.

TENADORES, (Panama.)—H. C. Wendt, H. W. Holland, Angus McDonald, R. J. Stevenson, W. S. Bishop, Duncan Ellis, S. A. Long, W. S. Milligan, T. B. Bond, R. W. Young.

Senator Chamberlain Renominated.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 15.—Senator George E. Chamberlain, Democrat, was renominated at a general State primary election to-day. The Republicans nominated Robert A. Booth and the Progressives, William Hanley. Few women availed themselves of their first opportunity to vote at a State primary.

J. J. FERRIS DIES SUDDENLY.

Recently Resigned from City Commission Which Governs Jersey City.

James J. Ferris, who on May 4 resigned from the City Commission which governs Jersey City, died suddenly yesterday afternoon of acute gastritis. During the morning he had been in New York City and had visited a business associate in 130th Street. He died while at luncheon with his family.

Mr. Ferris tendered his resignation as Commissioner in April because his firm, Stillman, Delehanty & Ferris, got the contract for building a structure in the stockyards on Sixth Street, on the Pennsylvania Railroad property. The fact that a corporation with which his firm did business also had official business with the commission was his reason for resigning. An amendment had been introduced in the Legislature so that the commission government act would not have been operative in Ferris's case, and when it failed to pass he resigned.

He was born in Ballyduff, Ireland, 55 years ago, and came to America with his parents in 1861. He is survived by his wife, five sons, and three daughters.

CANADIAN STATESMAN DEAD.

Frederick D. Monk Was Ex-Minister of Public Works.

Frederick D. Monk, ex-Minister of Public Works in the Dominion Cabinet, died in Montreal yesterday, aged 58 years. For the last twelve years he was an active member of the Roman Catholic School Board. Mr. Monk was prominent in Canadian politics for thirty years, and was a member of the Bar. He was born in Montreal and educated at Montreal College and McGill University, receiving the degree of B. C. L. in 1893.

In 1892 he became Professor of International and Constitutional Law at Laval College. In 1898 he was elected President of the Liberal-Conservative Club in Montreal. Mr. Monk was elected to the House of Commons in 1896 and re-elected in 1900, 1904, and 1908. He was Opposition leader for the Province of Quebec in 1901, but resigned two years later. In 1911 he was appointed Minister of Public Works in the Borden Cabinet.

Mr. Monk lectured extensively, his principal lectures being, "A Page of Old French-Canadian History," "Absorption by the United States," and "Canadian Patriotism."

Father Rupert of Benedictines Dies.

Father Rupert Kiefer, a member of the Order of St. Benedict, attached to St. Anslem's Church, at 152d Street and Tinton Avenue, Bronx, the only priory of the order in Manhattan and the Bronx, died yesterday in his forty-fifth year. He had been at the Bronx church twenty-one years. Thousands of the residents of the section knew him as Father Rupert, the Benedictines never using family names. The priest was born in Bavaria, and educated at St. John's University. On Sunday the body will be placed in the church for his parishioners to take a last view, and on Monday a requiem mass will be said, with Father Prior, pastor of the church, officiating. The interment will be in St. John's Abbey, Minnésota.

Obituary Notes.

Judge WILLIAM J. McCONVILLE, one of the best known men of Hartford, Conn., died at his home in that city yesterday, in his sixty-third year. He was a native of Baltimore, began life as a harness maker, studied law in his spare time, and was admitted to the bar in Hartford in 1870. Later he was a Clerk in the General Assembly and Judge of the City Court. A widow survives.

HARRIS SILVERMAN, a retired teacher of languages, died yesterday in Mount Sinai Hospital following an operation. He was 63 years old. He retired for fifteen years. Mr. Silverman is survived by six children. His home was at 50 East 104th Street.

PAUL TRACEY BRINE, a member of the class of 1914 of New York University, died yesterday at his home, 98 West 183d Street, after an illness of five days. He was 24 years old, and was employed by an optical concern.

Corp. FREDERICK F. FOX of the Ninth Regiment, New York Volunteers, Hawkins Zouaves, died yesterday in his seventy-second year, from liver disease, at his home, 244 Rector Street, Perth Amboy, N. J. He served for two years under Col. Hawkins during the civil war. Mr. Fox had lived in Perth Amboy for the last thirty-four years, and was in the real estate and insurance business.

DAVID STORMS, an octogenarian, died at his home in East Rockaway, L. I., Thursday as the result of a fracture of the skull received in a fall down stairs. He had lived in East Rockaway for thirty-five years.

HENRY CLAY MITCHELL, a stock broker and member of the firm of Titus & Mitchell, at 43 Exchange Place, which he formed in 1909, died yesterday at the home of his mother, Mrs. Anna Mitchell, 183 Devoe Street, Brooklyn. He was in his 37th year and left his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Mitchell.

Miss MARIA A. KELLY, 82 years old and a prominent member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, died Thursday at her residence, 408 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn. She was born in Pennsylvania and had lived in Brooklyn for more than fifty years.

MARTIN PEPPER, a civil war veteran and for years a clerk in the Paymaster's Department in the Armory Building, is dead at 207 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn. He left a widow.

Mrs. BRIDGET D. CURRAN, the oldest person in Pennsylvania, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. C. Fahy, in South Bethlehem, in her 108th year. She came of a long-lived family, her mother living to be 102 years old and her grandfather 108.

Mrs. WILLIAM KELLY, wife of Major William Kelly of New York City, Second Assistant to the Chief of Engineers to the Army, was buried in Arlington Cemetery on Thursday. Mrs. Kelly, who was Miss Georgette West of Edgewood Park, Penn., died in Washington on Tuesday. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James M. West and a niece of Mrs. George F. Huff, wife of a former Representative from Pennsylvania.

Mrs. AUGUSTA WEBER, 72 years old, died yesterday at the home of her son, Charles Weber, on the Willets Point Road, Whitestone, L. I. She had been a resident of Whitestone for the last twenty years.

CHARITIES.

**A WORK SUCH AS THIS DESERVES Y

GRAHAM'S GOLF TOO FAST FOR AMERICANS

Travers Nine Strokes Behind Winner of St. George's Challenge Cup.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 15.—John Graham, with a record score of 146, won the St. George's vase at Sandwich to-day, being nine strokes better than the nearest American. Graham played almost faultless golf to-day, returning a score of 71, and he is now a hot favorite for the championship. The Americans again failed to shine, although Travers played steadily but not brilliantly for a round of 78, making an aggregate of 155.

Evans and Ouimet both showed improvement over yesterday's play, but neither of them did as well as expected, Ouimet's total being 158, and Evan's, 159. Fraser and Weber both did an 84 to-day, making aggregates of 166 and 167, respectively. Inslee had 169, while Hilton was off his game to-day, and returned a card of 82, making an aggregate of 158.

TRAVERS A DISAPPOINTMENT.

Montclair Golfer's Game Does Not Improve in Final Round.

SANDWICH, England, May 15.—Travers proved a disappointment in the final round for the St. George's vase to-day. It was the expectation that to-day he would improve his first round score of 77, but he required 78 to get around, making his total 155. Ouimet cut 12 strokes to-day off his score of 80 Thursday, making his total 158.

In the general competition Ouimet finished in thirteenth place, while Evans was tied with fourteen other players for fourteenth place.

D. Ransom, Crowborough, England, who led the first round Thursday with a 72, to-day required ten more strokes, which brought his aggregate score up to 154. Harold H. Hilton, the British amateur champion, finished up the round with 158.

The showing of the Americans in this match has greatly diminished the fears of Britishers that the amateur championship again will cross the Atlantic.

MISS LEITCH WINS GOLF.

23-Year-Old Girl Defeats Miss Ravenscroft for British Title.

HUNSTANTON, May 15.—Miss Cecil Leitch won the British Women's Golf Championship to-day, defeating Miss Gladys Ravenscroft, woman champion of the United States, by two holes up and one to play. Miss Leitch is a well-known player, having been favorite at the opening of last year's championship tournament at St. Annes-on-Sea, when her defeat caused considerable surprise.

Miss Leitch is only 23 years old. She is the best among a famous quintette of sisters who have figured in championship matches during the past few years. When she was only 17 years old she reached the semi-final round in the championship tournament. When she was 19 she scored a sensational victory over Harold N. Hilton, the present amateur champion, defeating him by two holes up and one to play in a match of 72 holes over various courses. She won the title of woman's golf champion of France in 1912.

PRINCETON GOLFERS LOSE.

Garden City Wins Four-Ball and Singles Contests, 14 to 6.

With a score of 14 points to 6, the team of the Garden City Golf Club, playing on its home links, defeated the combination from Princeton yesterday. Early in the day a four-ball contest was run off, while in the afternoon individual matches were in order. In the four-ball contest Walter J. Travis, the former international champion, was paired with Cornelius J. Sullivan, who won the medal in the recent tournament at Garden City, and together they defeated J. N. Stearns and T. B. Douglas, the Princeton leaders.

A peculiar feature of the afternoon was the fact that Walter J. Travis, instead of taking on merely one of the collegians, taught the young idea how to shoot by playing the best ball of two of them. One of these was Stearns, who in the course of the French amateur championship last year at La Boulie eliminated Harold H. Hilton, the present amateur title holder of Great Britain. Travis won all three points from the two collegians. The summary:

FOUR-BALL MATCH.

GARDEN CITY.	
Walter J. Travis and C. J. Sullivan	3
Percy R. Pyne, 2d, and R. Peters, Jr.	0
C. M. Hall and E. L. de Forest	0
C. R. Leake and C. B. Cleghorn	3
Total	6

PRINCETON.	
J. N. Stearns and T. B. Douglas	0
L. M. Washburn and J. B. Rose	0
J. H. Boyd and R. N. B. Fay	2
J. R. MacColl and W. J. Huntley	0
Total	2

SINGLES.

GARDEN CITY.		PRINCETON.	
Travis	3	Stearns and Washburn	0
Leake	0	Douglas	0
Peters	2	Rose	0
Pyne	3	Huntley	0
Hall	0	Fay	2
De Forest	0	Boyd	0
Cleghorn	0	MacColl	2
Total	8	Total	4

Grand totals—Garden City, 14; Princeton, 6.

Youth Wins in Brookline Golf.

BROOKLINE, Mass., May 15.—Another youthful golfing star shone to-day when J. Guilford, 2d Intervale, a boy of 19 years, amateur champion of New Hampshire, won victories over veteran opponents in the first and second rounds of match play for the Spring tournament cup of the Country Club. He vanquished T. G. Stevenson of the home club, 6 up and 4 to play in the first round, and in the second eliminated, by 1 up, P. W. Whittemore, also of the Country Club, who was the medalist yesterday and the popular choice for finalist. Guilford's long tee shots drew applause from the gallery. The summary:

Second Round—F. H. Hoyt, Woodland, defeated R. W. Brown, Meadow Brook, 1 up, 19 holes; J. H. Standish, Detroit, defeated G. H. Crocker, the Country Club, 2 up; J. Guilford, Intervale, defeated P. W. Whittemore, the Country Club, 1 up; H. H. Wilder, the Country Club, defeated F. J. Alsop, the Country Club, 9 and 8.

Mrs. Barlow Wins Title Again.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—For the third successive year Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of the Marion Cricket Club to-day won the women's individual golf championship of Philadelphia, defeated Mrs. Clarence H. Vanderbeck of the Philadelphia Cricket Club in the final round, 3 up and 2 to play. The tournament was played on the links of the Philadelphia Country Club. This is the fifth time Mrs. Barlow has won the Philadelphia championship title.

Yale Beats Williams at Golf.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 15.—Yale golf team defeated Williams to-day, 5 matches to 1. Marshall of Williams sprung a surprise by beating Wheeler of Yale, the intercollegiate champion, 5 up and 3 to play.

Veteran Cricketers Win.

Opening the cricket season at Manor Field, West New Brighton, S. I., yesterday an eleven of the New York Veterans' Cricket Association defeated the Van Cortlandt Cricket Club by the score of 69 to 66.

Lasker Wins from Marshall.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 15.—In the fifth round of the international chess tournament played to-day Lasker defeated Marshall, and Alechine and Capablanca adjourned their game. The scores in the tournament stand: Capablanca, 10½; Lasker, 10; Alechine, 8; Marshall, 7, and Tarrasch, 6½.

Coffroth Won't Referee Johnson Bout

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15.—James W. Coffroth, the prize fight promoter, refused to-day an offer from Jack Johnson, the heavyweight champion, to referee the Johnson-Moran fight in Paris, June 27. Coffroth pleaded business interests that would keep him at home.

NEW ATHLETIC ALLIANCE.

American and Canadian A. A. U.'s Reach Amicable Agreement.

Another amateur athletic alliance between the governing bodies of this country and Canada has been formed.

Through the efforts of President Lill and Secretary Sullivan of the Amateur Athletic Union of America and President Dr. H. D. Johnson and Secretary N. H. Crowe of the Canadian A. A. U. the breach which parted the two organizations about five years ago has been closed, and now perfect harmony exists in the athletic relations between the neighboring countries.

By a mail vote of the Board of Governors of the A. A. U. of the United States a set of articles of alliance have been adopted, and these proved more than satisfactory to the Canadian authorities. The two amateur bodies will now work together under the following conditions:

All open or closed games held in Canada shall be under the rules and sanction of the A. A. U. of Canada, and all open or closed games in this country shall be conducted under the rules and sanction of the A. A. U. of the United States of America.

Athletes shall compete under the rules of the country in which they compete. Athletes registered as amateurs in one country shall be recognized as such by the other country to the agreement, but in all cases the athlete must present a permit from his governing body.

Both parties will furnish to each other complete lists of sanctioned games upon request. International permits and vouchers adopted by the parties to this alliance may be issued by those authorized and must be signed and returned by athletes ten days from date of competition of official issuing the same.

Each party to this alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension and disqualifications imposed by the other party.

An outstanding feature to the agreement is that the articles of alliance may be terminated by either party upon thirty days' notice to the other.

A form of permit which shall have to be used by athletes making report of their trips abroad and for use in granting to an athlete permission to compete in foreign countries has also been approved.

President Lill and Secretary Sullivan of the United States A. A. U. settled the terms of this agreement when they met in Bosion last month, just prior to the national amateur boxing championships.

The split between the two organizations occurred over minor disagreements, it is said, but for some reason negotiations at several other times fell through.

Yale Track Team at Newton.

NEWTON, Mass., May 15.—The Yale track team arrived here to-night to prepare for the annual dual track and field meeting with Harvard, which is to be held in the stadium to-morrow. Coach Johnny Mack said there were forty men in the squad and that all were in good shape and hopeful of victory.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 15.—A send-off, the like of which had never before been accorded any departing track team, was given the Yale team to-day by the student body of the university when it left for Cambridge, Mass., for the annual dual track meeting with Harvard to-morrow. Massed behind the band the students marched through the university settlement and then to the railroad station, where the members of the team were cheered until the train pulled out. The team will spend to-night at Auburndale, Mass.

The members of the Yale 1915 championship class crew also left to-day for Cambridge. They will meet the Harvard sophomore crew to-morrow in a one and seven-eighths of a mile

Philadelphia Boys Win Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—The fifth annual junior Middle States interscholastic championships for athletes under 17½ years of age was won to-day by the Central High School of this City, with a total of 28 1-3 points. West Philadelphia High was second, while Washington, D. C., High, and Baltimore Polytechnic Institute tied for third place, with 10 points each. Chase of Washington won the 100-yard dash and the 220-yard hurdles, while Chipman of Baltimore finished first in both the quarter and half-mile races. Only one record was excelled, Smalley of Central High running the 120-yard hurdles in 17 seconds. Smalley also won the 220-yard dash and the broad jump. Warnke of the Richmond High School, New York City, won the mile run.

Schoolboy Games In Brooklyn.

This will be a great day for boys of the Public High Schools and the pupils of the Evening High Schools, as the high school novice games and the championship relays and the Evening High School track and field championships will be held at the Brooklyn Athletic Field, Avenue K and East Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn.

Eighteen out of the nineteen public high schools in Greater New York have entered their complete track and field teams. More than ordinary pride is taken in these events because it is the first time in the history of the Public Schools Athletic League that an athletic meet has been conducted with no prizes to be distributed to the winners of the various events. That the youthful athletes have responded so well, knowing the winners will not receive prizes, causes much gratification throughout the league. The games start at 2 P. M. sharp.

Athlete Harry Smith Married.

Harry Smith of the Bronx Church House, the two-mile national amateur champion runner, was married to Miss Mildred Unwright. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. H. E. Clute of the Church of the Holy Nativity. The attendants were Harvey Frick and Miss Agnes Kohn. The well-known athlete concealed his intention of marrying and the news came as a big surprise to his friends. The marriage is the culmination of a romance which started some time ago, when Miss Unwright met the runner at an indoor meet in this city.

Cuban President's Son Wins.

J. Menacol, the son of the President of Cuba, ran on the winning mile relay team yesterday in the games of the Clason Military Academy at Clason Point. There were twenty-four events on the card, but darkness prevented the completion of all of the contests, which will be decided this afternoon. Some 500 were present.

Columbia Wrestling Captain.

Nelson G. Pendleton, intercollegiate champion heavyweight wrestler, was elected Captain of the Columbia wrestling team yesterday for the season of 1914-15. Pendleton has completed his second year on the Columbia squad, and is the first member of the junior class to have attained the honor of Captain. He wrestled in both the 175-pound and unlimited heavyweight classes and lost only two bouts, both in the unlimited heavyweight class. He won the championship in the 175-pound class with ease.

To Bar Castor Oil in Auto Race.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 15.—Castor oil will be barred at the next meeting on the Speedway here if the managers can have their way. The stench is too objectionable to the spectators, and the managers have requested that the drivers use another lubricant. Some of the foreign drivers have protested that their motors are especially constructed for castor oil and that they can use no other.

United Hunts Race Programme.

The racing season of the United Hunts Racing Association opens to-day at the club course, Belmont Park Terminal, when six well filled events make up an attractive programme. The Piping Rock Subscription Serial Handicap holds first place on the card with seventeen entries and six eligible to start, while the Hollis plate, a six-furlong dash for three-year-olds, holds a commanding position. The other events have attracted the best horses in training on Long Island. The entries follow:

First Race.—The Turf and Field hurdle plate, for three-year-olds and upward; about one and a half miles. Chopin, 144 pounds; Boisterous, 152; Tandsticker, 137; Capricorn, 154; Meadowlark and Bob McGee, 144 each; Grandrunning, 148; Eiddis, 142; Zellwood, 138.

Second Race.—The Piping Rock Subscription Serial Handicap; about six furlongs. Bombay, 107 pounds; Bergamot, 106; Some Kid, 158; Peg o' My Heart, 110; Arrington and Lily Orme, 115 each; Babisa, 116; Knick Knack, 98; Rosa, 112; Delegate and Armament, 114 each; Optimist, 107; Election Bet, 102; Burgrave, 98; Virginia Lass, 118; Lokomia, 106; Caglostro, 102. Also eligible: Andes, 124; Aurora and Piping Hot, 112 each; Golden Prime, 100; Sandow, 103; Qveryonda 11., 97.

Third Race.—The Greentree Steeplechase Handicap, for hunters; about two and a half miles. Octette, 147 pounds; Gold Plate, 172; Pall Mall, 162; Windrow, 155; Ireland Yet, 148; Quatemotzin, 145; Ben Cabell, 153; Sparks, 140; Indicator, 149; Web Carter, 151; Cherry Malotte, 147; Free and Easy, 149; Dullcare, 142.

Fourth Race.—The Hollis plate, for three-years-olds and upward; about six furlongs. War Lord, 120 pounds; Mr. Specs, 134; Knight of Merci, 121; Coreopsis, 134; Hannah, 118; Mr. Mingo, 113; Rio Nibs, 106; Reybourn, 136; Dixon and Sir Giles, 121 each; Culvert, 131; Raymond, 126; Roy Roberts, 108; Lad of Langdon, 131.

Fifth Race.—The Queens Open Steeplechase Handicap; about two miles. Fashion Wing, 143 pounds; Peregrine Pickle, 168; Lysander, 146; Kingpin, 151; Astute, 142; Highbridge, 162; Footlights, 146; The Evader, 149; Ballet, 146; Virile, 144; Judge Walser, 140; Nattie Bumppo, 136; Adventuress, 150.

Sixth Race.—La Montagne Memorial, for hacks; about one mile and a quarter. Windrow, 147 pounds; Octette, 145; Sir Giles, 147; Johnny, 160; Nosegay, 167; Hingham, 147; Cloud, 163; Former, 155; Willing, 160; Howard Sheen, 155; Judge Walser, 155; Grand Vedette, 147.

PLANS OF SAFETY FIRST SOCIETY TOLD

In the Matter of Street Traffic It Believes in Enforcing Present Laws—Other Motor News.

Some of the plans of the Safety First Society of Greater New York, in so far as they concern street traffic and especially automobile traffic, were discussed at a luncheon at the City Club, at which Ralph Folks, Secretary of the Borough of Manhattan, who is the Chairman of the society's Executive Committee, and Frederick H. Elliot, its Secretary, were present. The society proposes to bring about, if possible, a more rigid enforcement of present laws in regard to traffic, which it deems practically adequate, rather than to seek a mass of new legislation. Such matters as the proper inspection of brakes, the collection of the reports of accidents at a central bureau and the enforcement of the eight-foot leeway law are its immediate concern. The first Safety First Forum is to be held by the society on Monday evening at the Hotel Biltmore on the subject, "The Regulation of Street Traffic, Its Relation to Pedestrians." The guests of the evening will include Mayor Mitchel, Borough President Marks, and Chief Magistrate McAdoo. The officers of the society, in addition to those already mentioned, are Ogden L. Mills, President; Jefferson De Mont Thompson, Charles L. Bernheimer, Ogden Mills Reid, and Gen. Howard Carroll, Vice Presidents, and John E. Woodruff, Treasurer.

The Forest Hills Country Club has arranged for an automobile run, dinner, and dance, to be held to-day. The run will start from the clubhouse and go down the south shore of Long Island, returning over the north shore. Dinner will be served at Bayside and dancing will follow. More than 20 cars are expected to take part in the day's outing.

J. A. Anglada will talk on alcohol as the motor fuel of the future at the West Y. M. C. A. on Thursday evening, and Herbert Chase, laboratory engineer of the Automobile Club of America, will speak on how the mechanism of a motor car operates.

Two announcements of interest were heard yesterday by "Automobile Row." One was to the effect that a test extending over 30 consecutive days, with a mileage over a given course of 135 miles a day, had just been concluded by a Saxon car in Detroit, with an average of 30 miles to the gallon of gasoline, and 200 miles to the quart of oil. The total run was 4,050 miles and no tire changes were made. The other item of news was that the Lozier was about to put on the market a new six-cylindered car, larger by several inches than the last light six, but weighing only 80 pounds more. The new model will have a stroke of 6 inches, the bore remaining at 3⅞ inches. It will have inclosed drive speedometer, disappearing auxiliary seats and other features of the present line.

COLLEGE CREWS TUNE UP.

American Regatta to be Rowed on Schuylkill River To-day.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—Crews from Princeton, Harvard, Yale, Syracuse, Pennsylvania, and Annapolis, and oarsmen representing clubs from Boston, New York, Baltimore, and Philadelphia, practiced on the Schuylkill River to-day in preparation for the American regatta which will be rowed to-morrow over the Henley course of 1 mile and 550 yards.

The Syracuse eight, including six of the crew which won the intercollegiate championship last year at Poughkeepsie, will meet the Union Boat Club's crew of Harvard veterans, who have been entered for the Grand Challenge race in the English Henley, in the senior eight-oared event. Yale, Harvard, and the United States Naval Academy are also entered in this event. The Harvard and Yale boats will also compete in the junior collegiate event against the representatives of Annapolis, Pennsylvania, and Princeton for the New England Cup. These crews are all only slightly slower than the 'Varsity crews of the same institutions, and a close race is anticipated.

In the single sculls Withington, the former Harvard oarsman, who expects to compete in England for the diamond sculls, will meet Durando Miller of the New York Athletic Club and John Kelly of the Vesper Club of this city.

TO PROTECT OARSMEN.

State Inspector to Check Reckless Motor Boating on Cayuga Inlet.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 15.—Motor boats which have menaced the lives of Cornell oarsmen by rushing past the shells and creating such turmoil in the water as to frequently threaten capsizing them will be checked hereafter through the action of the Department of Public Works at Albany, which to-day appointed an inspector to see that the speed law was enforced in the Cayuga Inlet, which is a State waterway. Coach Courtney has issued a statement declaring that the lives of the oarsmen were endangered by the reckless motor boat owners, saying that several of the shells had been on the verge of being swamped in the last few evenings. Hereafter the law will be vigorously enforced and the oarsmen protected.

The Cornell 'Varsity was humbled again to-day by the freshmen for the third time in three weeks, when the cubs beat the 'Varsity in a two-mile race, but this time only by a quarter of a boat length, and it is believed now at the boat house that the big crew will soon hit its stride. Courtney has served notice that if the men do not come up to expectations the biggest shake-up of the year will occur, but it now looks as if such a drastic step would be necessary.

Speedway Brushes To-morrow.

The Road Drivers' Association will hold its second Spring matinee to-morrow afternoon on the Speedway with ten brushes for various classes of pacers and trotters, beginning at 1:30 P. M. Nathan Strauss, who has recently returned from California, will drive his gray trotter Denver (2:14¼) in the Class A for trotters, where he will meet Castle Dome, (2:09¾,) which won last Sunday and which is owned by Dr. James H. Forster.

Illinois Wins Western Title.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., May 15.—Illinois won the dual meet championship of the Western conference to-day, defeating University of Chicago Athletes, 70½ to 55½. All of the runs and dashes were fast and exceptional marks in the field events were made. In the baseball game, Chicago defeated Illinois, 4 to 3.

STIFF BREEZE FOR RESOLUTE

Cup Defender Stood Up Finely in Trial at Newport.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWYORT, R. I., May 15.—For five hours to-day the cup yacht Defender candidate Resolute was under sail trial between an area from Brentons Reef Lightship down eastward as far as Sea Connet. Leaving Fort Adams, a spanking thirty-five-mile northwest breeze was picked up, just what the manager, Robert W. Emmons 2d, was looking for.

From time to time the big single-sticker was tried on every sailing angle with her new sails. The Resolute was beautifully handled and stood up finely under the strongest breeze the craft has yet met.

Capt. Chauncey Kenyon of Price's Neck Life Saving Station and his crew were out in their life-saving launch for practice close to the Resolute. He said afterwards the Resolute works as quickly as a catboat, steers finely, in fact, better than any of her predecessors. The crew showed excellent training in handling sails to-day.

West Side Y. M. C. A. Swimming.

An unusually large number of entries were received for the bi-monthly swimming meet of the West Side Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association decided last night in the branch natatorium in West Fifty-seventh Street. The programme comprised four events, with the forty-yard swim the feature. Fifteen swimmers answered the call for starters in this race, with the result that four heats were necessary to decide the contestants in the final. Three of the preliminary trials resulted in dead heats and had to be contested again. In the final C. Hanner, starting with an allowance of six seconds, crossed the finish line first in 0:23 3-5, with J. Fulton (0:03) second and E. Hanscom (0:07) third. The 100-yard swim was also a close event and resulted in a victory for H. Ripperger (0:03) in 1:04 2-5. This race resulted in a "blanket" finish.

PRINCETON'S TRACK MEET.

Metropolitan Stars to be Seen in College and Club Games.

PRINCETON, May 15.—Princeton track enthusiasts are awaiting anxiously the appearance of the track stars of international fame to-morrow morning for the open handicap track meet which will be held on University Field in the afternoon, starting at 3 o'clock. Because it is the first time that such an event has ever been staged, and also because of the "bigness" of the affair, many of the undergraduates who would otherwise follow the baseball team to Cornell have arranged to stay in town and see the games.

The list of entries, as announced by Manager C. E. Goldsmith, shows champions in every event. The leading runners and performers are William Kramer, Hal Helland, J. J. Eller, A. T. Meyer, Mike Ryan, John J. Gallagher, Ed Gallagher, Walt Robinson, all of New York, in the runs; Paddie Ryan in the weights, Platt Adams in the broad jump, G. B. Dukes of New York, and Mark Wright of Boston, both competing in the pole vault with Capt. Torrance Fiske of the Princeton track team, who holds the intercollegiate championship at present.

The students are anxious to see how the club athletes stack up with the college runners and vice versa, and how the claimed "records" will come out of the test. The Princeton University Track Association has made the meet worth while by investing considerable money for the medals—solid gold for first, silver for second, and bronze for third place winners respectively.

Gustavus T. Kirby of the A. A. U. will act as referee, and Lawson Robertson, trainer of the Irish-American Club, will do the starting.

LIMIT SENTENCE FOR GIBSON

Must Serve from Five to Ten Years and Pay $7,800 Fine.

Burton W. Gibson, convicted two weeks ago before Judge Swann in General Sessions of grand larceny for the looting of the estate of Mrs. Rosa Menschik Szabo, was sentenced yesterday to the maximum term for a first offender—from five to ten years. In addition, Gibson must pay a fine of $6,500, the amount of the theft, and 20 per cent. interest, making in all $7,800. The fine was imposed under the law which has to do with thefts by executors. If the fine is not paid, Gibson must serve five years in addition to his regular term.

Before receiving sentence, Gibson talked for thirty minutes. He said the missing money had been paid to a woman who posed as Mrs. Petronella Menschik, Mrs. Szabo's mother. He said his wife and his counsel had been searching for this woman, and that if she had been found the whole matter would be cleared up.

Gibson made an accounting, in which he made it appear that the missing money went to Mrs. Menschik.

Gibson was tried twice for the murder of Mrs. Szabo, who was drowned in Greenwood Lake in 1912 while boating with him. The jury disagreed at both trials. Since he has been in the Tombs, Gibson has suffered with rheumatism, and for a time was in Bellevue Hospital. He leaned on a cane yesterday, and was helped out of court by two attendants.

Edward Hymes, Gibson's counsel, asked that the execution of the sentence be deferred to give him further time to straighten out his affairs, and Judge Swann gave him a week.

"That is a very liberal allowance," Judge Swann said. "Furthermore, I understand you have been going about in the Tombs giving advice to other prisoners which was not for the good of the community."

RUBENSTEIN CLUB ROW.

The Conductor Thinks the President Has Libeled Him.

G. Dexter Richardson, conductor of a concert bureau in Brooklyn, was the only witness examined yesterday at the hearing before Magistrate Naumer in the Butler Street Court in the proceedings he started against Mrs. William R. Chapman, President of the Rubinstein Club of Manhattan, charging her with criminal libel. Richardson accuses Mrs. Chapman of writing a letter to Municipal Court Justice Farrar of Brooklyn stating that certain letters he sent to her were "like blackmail." The letter was sent to the Justice while he had under consideration a suit brought by Richardson against Mrs. Chapman.

After Richardson finished testifying at the hearing yesterday, Magistrate Naumer took under advisement for two weeks a motion made by counsel for Mrs. Chapman to dismiss the complaint. He paroled Mrs. Chapman in the custody of her counsel.

SCHOOLBOY ATHLETIC NEWS.

The 220-yard straightaway running track at the Brooklyn Athletic Field, East Seventeenth Street and Avenue K, Brooklyn, is said to be the fastest track in the world.

On May 26, at 10 o'clock A. M., the athletic events of the schools in the lower east side district will be held at Brooklyn Athletic Field.

One hundred and seventy-four individual public schools of Greater New York are holding field days for field and track athletics, and all of these will have dates assigned to them giving each school the privilege of one of the several athletic fields. Between 300,000 and 400,000 pupils are to be active in the many events scheduled.

The national interscholastic track and field championships are to be held at Travers Island on Saturday afternoon, May 30, under the auspices of the New York Athletic Club. These games are open to all high and preparatory schools under the rules of the Public Schools Athletic League. The programme will include sixteen events.

According to the ruling of the Amateur Athletic Union school boy novices who win prizes at a dual meet retain their standing as novices. This rule will be effective to novices who take part in the high school championship games and the novice relay races that occur on June 6.

At Brooklyn Athletic Field on Saturday afternoon, June 13, the elementary schools championship games will be held. There will be competitions in sixteen events. From the 389 schools 1,600 entries have been received. This is considered remarkable and a most convincing proof of the deep rooted hold athletic sports have taken on the youthful enthusiasts.

Three swimming pools, each having an instructor in charge and with ample provision to afford lessons to 2,700 boys each week, are now in readiness to receive boys who are pupils in the elementary public schools. It is the hope of those in charge that within a reasonable time every schoolboy in Greater New York will be able to swim and dive.

Principals of the elementary public schools will arrange with the Director of Physical Training as to the number of boys in the respective schools who desire to be taught swimming, and a suitable time will be set aside for the pupils of each school. By this arrangement overcrowding will be obviated.

The Board of Education will award to elementary school boys bronze buttons, similar to the athletic badges, to those who can swim and perform as follows: Twenty-yard swim, breast stroke, 24 seconds; overhand stroke, 18 seconds; dive, plunge for distance, 25 feet. Form in all events to be satisfactory to teacher in charge of swimming pool. There are at present three swimming pools where these tests may be made, viz.: Rutgers Place pool, Rutgers Place and Jefferson Street; Twenty-third Street pool, Twenty-third Street and Avenue A, Manhattan; West Sixtieth Street pool, 232 West Sixtieth Street, Manhattan.

Norgren Coach at Utah University.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 15.—Nelson H. Norgren, Captain of last year's football team of the University of Chicago, was to-day selected by the Board of Regents as athletic coach of the University of Utah.

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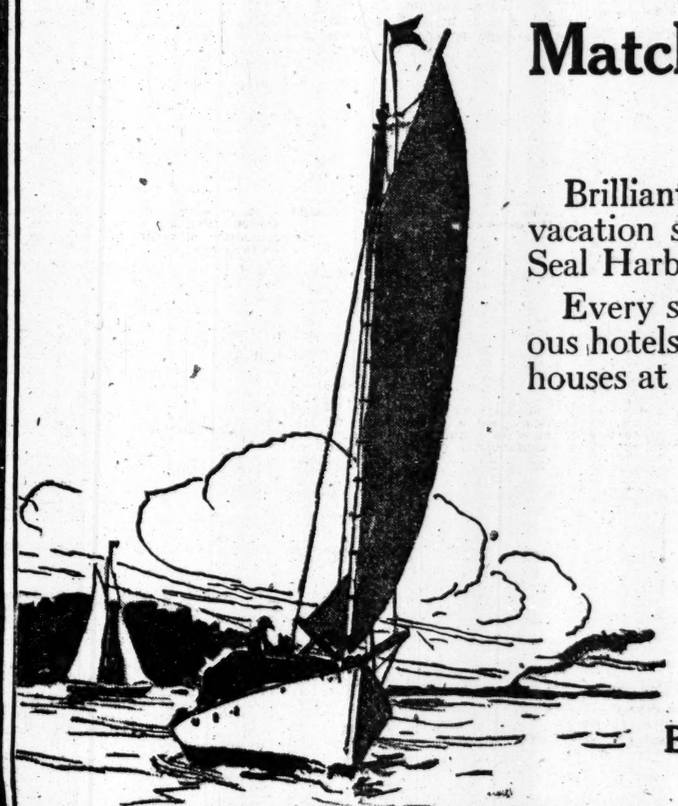

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DR. HUMPHREYS HITS AT COLLEGE MEN

Blames Them for Destructive Criticisms of Civic Conditions.

QUOTES TIMES EDITORIAL

Attacks Congressmen for Forging New Fetters for Big Business.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 15.—Scientific and engineering men of Philadelphia, assembled to-night to sponsor the founding of an organization to further the mechanical arts in this city, heard a notable address by Dr. Alexander C. Humphreys, President of Stevens Institute of Technology, who interpolated in his speech an argument for conservatism in the regulation of Big Business.

Dr. Humphreys held that college men, professional men, and particularly the economists, were responsible for present conditions, which he said, would be worse before they were better. His subject was "The Engineer as a Factor in Modern Progress."

He read an editorial from THE NEW YORK TIMES of a recent issued entitled "Collegians and Civics," which criticized the teaching of civics in our modern educational institutions as neglecting the practical and laying undue stress on the theoretical.

"We of the United States to-day are suffering from the destructive criticism of those who are incompetent to improve the conditions at which they are so ready to rail," said Mr. Humphreys, "and to the reform of which they are willing to devote themselves at so much per week, month, or year. I am sorry to say I am convinced that the college men, professional men of the country, and particularly the economists, are particularly to blame for our present conditions. The so-called educated man, meaning the man of school, college, and books, is to blame far more than the less favored man, if he, by his ill-considered words, lead others astray. Particularly is this true of the teacher and the professor.

"The legislators are now busy in Washington forging additional fetters for big business, which, properly managed and directed, means economy and efficiency. If the 'big business' is to be killed, in fafness the politicians should be put out of the way also."

HARVARD CLUB TO BUILD.

To Place a $500,000 Mortgage on Its Property.

Supreme Court Justice Lehman gave permission to the Harvard Club yesterday to place a mortgage or $500,000 on its property at 27-31 West Forty-fourth Street and 28-36 West Forty-fifth Street. The money will be loaned by the Union Trust Company for twenty-five years beginning June 1 at 6 per cent. It is to be used for building an addition to the club and in improving the property. The petition says that the club has 4,000 members, and that the membership is rapidly increasing, there being no limit to the number who may join. It fixes the value of the real estate at $1,125,000, which will be increased to $1,600,000 when the addition and improvements contemplated are made.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company holds a 4½ per cent. mortgage on the property for $750,000. This money was used to pay off an earlier incumbrance. The new addition is to cost $450,000.

SLAYER SENT TO SING SING.

U. B. M. Peper, Who Killed Man in Row Over a Nickel, Sentenced.

John B. M. Peper, a saloonkeeper, who killed John Mooney last December in his saloon in Amsterdam Avenue, was sentenced to Sing Sing yesterday by Judge Swann for a term of from five to fifteen years. Peper made a confession and later pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the second degree.

Mooney, who was a customer in Peper's saloon, was leaving the saloon when he and Peper got into an argument over 5 cents, the price of a glass of beer. Peper shot him.

MRS. T. J. PRESTON, JR., HERE

Crosses Atlantic to Remain Only a Few Days on Business.

Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., who was Mrs. Grover Cleveland, returned yesterday on the Lusitania of the Cunard line for a brief visit to this country on private business. She was met at Quarantine by Frank S. Hastings, her attorney, and at the pier by Bradley Field Malone, Collector of the Port.

Mr. Malone expedited the handling of her baggage and escorted Mrs. Preston to the Pennsylvania station. She said she would be here only a few days and then would rejoin her husband in Europe.

The SALAMANDER

Owen Johnson's Greatest Novel

ALTHOUGH she revels in her unconventionality, rejoices in her Bohemian freedom, there are the hushed echoes of the retreating first generation to keep her from forgetting — that rekindled at last the spark of love for home.

Pictures by Shinn.

At all Booksellers, $1.35 net.

THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY, Publishers

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 2, 1914, for Contract 124, for the construction of nine concrete-stone and brick superstructures at and near the Ashokan reservoir, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, New York. The largest of the buildings is approximately 62 feet by 34 feet by 45 feet, and the smallest 19 feet by 31 feet by 18 feet. The substructures or foundations of the buildings have been built, and The City will furnish and erect the roof cover for the buildings.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings, may be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., May 7, 1914.—SEALED PROPOSALS, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received here until 10:30 A. M., May 28, 1914, and then publicly opened, for the construction of a hangar and guardhouse for hydro-aeroplanes on Governors Island. Information furnished on application to Department Quartermaster.

HURRY LEGISLATIVE WORK.

Leaders Expect Adjournment on Monday or Tuesday.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 15.—Gov. Glynn said to-day that he believed the extraordinary session of the Legislature would be adjourned next Wednesday, but he would not commit himself concerning the recommendation that primary day be advanced one week because it fell on the day of the Feast of the Assumption. The Democratic leaders in the Legislature are inclined to think the adjournment will be on Monday or Tuesday.

The Conference Committees of both houses are going through the General Appropriation bill, laying aside such items as are objected to, to be taken up for final determination later.

The Democrats insist on retaining an amount to carry on the Efficiency and Economy and Fire Marshal's Departments until Feb. 1 next. The committee will continue its work to-morrow, and on Monday will formulate its report.

Speaker Sweet has proposed to the Democratic leaders that if the Senate will pass the $40,000 resolution for the expenses of the Assembly Highway Department Investigating Committee the Assembly will agree to Senator Murtaugh's resolution for the appointment of five Senators and $30,000 for the investigation.

STRIKE RIOT IN WAKEFIELD.

Mob of 1,000 Stone Strikebreakers —Seven Arrests Made.

WAKEFIELD, Mass., May 15.—Mobs rioted early to-day and to-night in the vicinity of the Rattan furniture factory of Heywood Brothers and Wakefield Company, where there has been a strike for three weeks.

The worst of the outbreaks occurred at the closing hour, when a crowd, mostly of foreigners, stoned workmen and police and was beaten back by officers, who swung their clubs freely.

Benjamin Finn, one of the fifty metropolitan policemen who were called upon on Sunday after the local force had been found inadequate, had to be removed to a hospital on account of his injuries. Other officers were painfully, but not seriously, hurt. Seven foreigners, suffering from various injuries, were locked up to-night, charged with rioting, while crowds surrounded the Town Hall and clamored for their release.

The Selectmen voted to request help from Gov. Walsh, and he was asked to send fifty additional policemen here for duty to-morrow morning.

Early in the day a crowd marched through the town, arousing other strike sympathizers, and more than 1,000 persons were in front of the mill gates at opening time. The police had difficulty in handling the crowd, and one officer discharged his revolver in the air to frighten the rioters. Chief of Police Pollard said that unless order was restored the militia would be called out.

The crowd remained near the factory throughout the forenoon. When the workmen emerged at noon they were stoned by strike sympathizers. Joseph E. Ettor, an Industrial Workers of the World organizer, who had been addressing a mass meeting of strikers, managed to escape the mob in check, and the workmen escaped.

TO EDUCATE THE WORKER.

Committee Decides to Continue Campaign Till Fund Is Complete.

Having assurances of contributions more than sufficient to complete the fund, the New York Committee of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education, 140 West Forty-second Street, which has been conducting a campaign to raise a fund of $100,000 for educating the worker, decided yesterday at a meeting at 30 Broad Street to continue the campaign.

A statement was issued yesterday by the New York Committee, which consists of J. W. Lieb, Chairman; Lionel Sutro, George Coffing Warner, Mrs. Henry Hesselman, Mrs. Robert Shaw Mead, Mrs. Lindsay Van Rensselaer, Eben E. Olcott, Union N. Bethel, Gustav Schwab, V. Everit Macy, Felix M. Warburg, Frederic B. Pratt, R. Fulton Cutting, Harry B. Thayer, Miss Virginia Potter, and Miss Isabel Ely Lord. The statement said:

> At the meeting to-day it was decided to extend the financial campaign beyond the date, May 15, originally set for its completion. This action was taken because the workers' reports favorable prospects of subscriptions sufficient to complete the fund. It was impossible to get decision as to these probable contributions within the original limit, but that the final report has been deferred.

The total subscriptions were $27,903. Among the subscribers were Manhattan Trade School Group, $2,000; National Metal Trades Association, $1,000; George Coffing Warner, $1,000; F. B. Pratt, $5,000; Harold I. Pratt, $1,000; George D. Pratt, $1,000; Felix Warburg, $5,000; Coleman du Pont, $1,000; V. Everit Macy, $5,000; Nicholas Brady, $1,000; J. W. Lieb, $500; W. C. Redfield, $1,000; R. Fulton Cutting, $250; Grace Dodge, $125; Brighton Mills, $125; E. E. O., $200, and Gustav Schwab, $250.

SCHWAB ESTATE $657,065.

Former Head of Oelrichs & Co. Left All to Children.

Gustav H. Schwab, former head of Oelrichs & Co., who committed suicide on Nov. 12, 1912, following a nervous breakdown, left a net estate of $657,065, according to an appraisal filed yesterday. The estate will be divided in equal shares between Gustav Schwab, Jr., and Mrs. Emily S. Herrick, Mr. Schwab's children. Mrs. Herrick is the wife of Dr. William Herrick.

Mr. Schwab's interest in Oelrichs & Co. was appraised at $446,953, his realty at $193,194, and his stocks at $21,089. He held a claim of $59,442 against the Reynolds Machine Company, but the actual value of the claim had not yet been determined, and it was therefore not listed among the estate's assets.

CHILDREN TO NAME HIPPO.

Mrs. Murphy's Baby Rouses Interest of Young Park Visitors.

So much interest has been aroused by the baby hippopotamus to which "Mrs. Murphy" gave birth on Thursday that Park Commissioner Cabot Ward has decided to let the children, of whom hundreds went to the Central Park Zoo yesterday, to choose a name for the newcomer.

A large box is to be put up at the lion house, and in this the children are to deposit slips bearing the names they prefer. The Park Commissioners of the Greater City, as a Board of Judges, will decide on the best name, and the winner will get a framed photograph of the young hippopotamus.

Head Keeper "Bill" Snyder said yesterday that the baby, which is about the size of a fat pig, was swimming happily in the tank after a hearty breakfast.

$100,000 Standard Oil Fire.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 15.—In a fire of unknown origin at the large storage plant of the Standard Oil Company, near Unionville, N. Y., this morning, two tanks, each containing about 30,000 barrels of oil, were destroyed, entailing a loss of more than $100,000. Both tanks will probably burn for two days. Six other tanks of the same capacity are near by, but it is not believed they will catch fire unless the wind changes. The fire was a spectacular one, the smoke and flames rising hundreds of feet in the air. No one was injured.

Auto Truck Kills a Boy.

Yepes G. Isaias, a fifteen-year-old boy of Spanish parentage, who lived at 204 Manhattan Avenue, was roller skating yesterday afternoon at 103th Street and Central Park West when, emerging from behind one automobile truck, he was struck by another. The boy was knocked down and received internal injuries. The truck belonged to Burns Brothers, coal dealers, and was driven by M. H. Kearney of 123 West 122d Street. The boy was removed by Dr. Peterson to the Knickerbocker Hospital, where he died two hours later.

NO NEW AUTHORS IN LONDON

Joseph H. Sears Says Publishers Must Tap Old Sources for Fiction.

Joseph H. Sears, President of D. Appleton & Co., publishers, arrived yesterday from London on the Cunarder Lusitania somewhat pessimistic as to the outlook in London for new authors.

"I am sorry to say that I was unable to find a real new author in the field of fiction that had written a book worthy of serious attention. The old authors are going along steadily turning out their work, but there are no young writers so far to take their places. By that I mean that in my inspection of the publishing field in England I did not hear of any one book by a new author that was spoken of as a book one ought to read.

"There is an excellent organization in London," Mr. Sears went on, "that is known as The Publishers' Circle. It is composed of representatives of firms in the business. They meet once a month to take luncheon together, and afterward discuss business and the conditions of trade. The association is, therefore, half business and half social, and is, in my opinion, an excellent idea which might be followed in New York."

As an illustration of the benefit to publishers of such an organization Mr. Sears said that a certain Russian bookseller who had repudiated an order to a London house was in the city on a business visit and was invited by a representative of the firm to attend the monthly session of the Publishers' Circle. He went and enjoyed the luncheon, and after talking with the men he met there he decided that his action in the deal with the London firm had been wrong and asked voluntarily to be allowed to recall his letter repudiating his order.

Mr. Sear sadded that the Russian bookseller saw the men and realized what a power they represented, and that if he was unfair with one of them it would affect his dealings with others.

Mr. Sears added that the Russian ments with several of his old authors for books of interest for the coming season.

STUDIES IMMIGRATION HERE.

Dr. N. Katzenelsohn Comes from Russia in Interest of Jews.

Dr. N. Katzenelsohn, a merchant and banker of Libau, Russia, who is Chairman of the local Committee on Immigration at that port, arrived here yesterday on the Lusitania to study immigration at this port. He is a Director of the Jewish Colonial Trust, Limited, of London, the bank controlled by the International Zionist organization.

"I expect to spend about two weeks here," said Dr. Katzenelsohn, "to find out if any improvement can be discovered in the way of sending the people of Russia to this country. Among other things I wish to find out whether it will not be possible to prevent defective or infirm persons from being sent by steamship agents, who take their money and know they are sending poor aliens who will be turned back and have nowhere to go."

Dr. Katzenelsohn added that he had visited Bremen, Hamburg, and other ports in Europe where there are big immigrant depots. He intends to devote his two weeks here on Ellis Island. He will be aided by the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society. A delegation from the Federation of American Zionists met him at the pier.

The banker said conditions in Russia for the Jews were worse to-day than ever before in history.

"Each day," he said, "further persecutions are put upon our race, and there is no hope in sight. The anti-Semitic feeling grows stronger all the time and spreads from the wealthy classes downward."

Dr. Katzenelsohn was a Deputy for Kurland in the First Duma, and had to flee the country with many others after signing the protest of Weinburg, Finland.

CALLS LAW UNFAIR TO CITY.

Appellate Division Points to Unearned Pay of Reinstated Officials.

In a decision rendered yesterday, reinstating Frank K. Baran as a member of the police force, the Appellate Division in Brooklyn declared that the statutes should be changed so that a city employe who fails to sue within a certain time after his dismissal cannot recover back pay upon reinstatement.

Baran, a patrolman, was dismissed by Commissioner Waldo for a violation of the rules on Nov. 12, 1912, but he did not sue out a writ of certiorari until April, 1913.

"Although the determination of the Police Commissioner must be reversed," says the Appellate Division, "we desire to call attention to a most reprehensible practice that has frequently come within our observation in connection with cases of this character. As a salary is incident to office and thus beyond our control, reinstatement carries the salary with it for more than a year, during which the city had no benefit of the relator's services. The statute should be amended that provides that if a case is not brought to a hearing thirty days after a return is filed, the relator should be deemed to have waived his salary from that date in the event of his reinstatement.

"While we have no control over the salary, we have over the cost of the proceedings, and our decision is that the relator be reinstated, but without costs and disbursements."

WASSERMAN GETS 6 CENTS.

Retired Policeman Bears the Costs of His Suit for Libel.

Joseph A. Wasserman, the retired policeman who brought an action against the Bronx Home News Publishing Company for libel, claiming $100,000 damages, got 6 cents from the jury that heard the ten-day trial in the Bronx County Supreme Court. No costs go with the verdict.

At the end of the trial Wasserman addressed the court, asking that warrants charging perjury be issued for Jacob Hertz, who was a witness against him. Justice Brady said it was a matter for a Magistrate to attend to.

In the article in the Bronx paper on which Wasserman brought the suit he was not mentioned by name. The defendant conceded that he was the person referred to, however, as being a grafter who was driven from the Police Department. Wasserman was retired from the department and draws a pension, however, and the jury gave him nominal damages. The article was published when Wasserman was a candidate for Sheriff of Bronx County last year.

MOVE TO DISBAR ROUSS.

Court Sends Police Lawyer's Case to Special Referee.

The Bar Association yesterday presented charges to the Appellate Division against Jacob Rouss, which accuse him of misconduct in connection with the investigation made by District Attorney Whitman in December, 1912, into police graft. At that time it was said that Policeman Eugene Fox, then under arrest, would have a better chance to escape if George A. Sipp, keeper of a Harlem hotel, was kept out of the city. Rouss was accused of giving Edward J. Newell, Sipp's lawyer, money for Sipp as an inducement for him to keep away. The gravity of the offense of which Rouss is accused rests in the fact that Sipp was under subpœna.

The charges against Rouss were sent to an official referee.

Americans Still Buying Wool.

LONDON, May 15.—There was a brisk demand for the 8,360 bales offered at the wool sales to-day. Yorkshire was keen for West Australian greasy and Americans brought crossbreds. The American purchases to date are estimated at 24,000 bales. The auctions will be finished to-morrow. To-day's sales follow: New South Wales, 700 bales; scoured, 1s 3¼d@1s 10½d; greasy, 7d@1s 2d. Queensland, 500 bales; scoured, 1s@2s 2d; greasy, 8d@1s ½d. Victoria, 300 bales; greasy, 8½d@1s 5d. West Australia, 1,600 bales; greasy, 7¾d@1s 3½d. New Zealand, 5,000 bales; scoured, 1s ½d@1s 7½d; greasy, 6½d@1s 3½d. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 200 bales; scoured, 1s 6d@1s 11½d; greasy, 8½d@11d.

BUSINESS WORLD

Now It Is Cubist Furniture.

A London company will send over in the early Fall an exhibition of cubist furniture, pottery, rugs, candelabra, cotton and silk prints, &c. The company claims to be the first to adopt the futurist and cubist ideas to the applied arts. Sketches of the showroom space suitable for the exhibition have been sent to the company by the Merchants and Manufacturers' Sales Syndicate of this city.

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Cheap Shoes for Babies.

Baby shoes made of soft white kid to sell as low as $1.35 a dozen and up to $6 a dozen are shown by a company here that acts as selling agent for a number of foreign manufacturers. A baby's English gaiter boot, said to be something new for this market, and manufactured of kid, suède, and glazed kid, is also handled by the company. These articles sell from $5.50 to $8.

***

Carpet Men to Dine.

The Carpet Club will give its semi-annual dinner at the Hotel Astor next Tuesday evening, beginning at 7 o'clock. Applications for seats have been received from all over the country. Myron W. Robinson, President of the Crex Carpet Company, will be the toastmaster, and addresses will be made by ex-Gov. William M. Bunn of Nevada, Rev. Madison C. Peters, and Judge Moore. Many buyers and manufacturers of carpets will be in town during the coming week to attend the carpet opening exhibitions. The dinner is one of the features of these occasions.

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Better Inquiry for Gray Goods.

While the gray goods market yesterday could not be termed active, some transactions were reported. Although mills are not holding any firmer, there seems to be a trifle better inquiry in the market. Some good-sized sales of 40-inch lawns and other fine yarn goods were disposed of on contracts, together with a few odd sales of 38½-inch 60-48s for May and June delivery at 4 3-16 cents. A fair call for sheetings developed with a little trading on the basis of 5¼ cents for 48 square four-yard goods. There was a little call for low count sateens, with a few fair-sized sales on contract for June and July delivery.

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Ribbons That Are in Favor.

Although engaged in marking time just now, ribbon manufacturers are preparing for the usual Summer rush on goods suitable for girdles and sashes. Some of the houses using the finer grades of merchandise have already sent in substantial orders for light printed effects. The immediate demand is confined for the most part to Roman stripes, although a stronger tendency is noted for plaids. In the plainer fabrics, moires are still selling freely, but the demand for satin effects is the widest faller-off. Stove-polish ribbon, which manufacturers thought had enjoyed its day, has made a surprising return to favor and is being used for girdles on white Summer dresses.

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A Flexible Enamel.

A recently discovered flexible enamel will soon be sold in this market. The enamel is made by a Holland concern and the claim is made for it that no matter how the article to which it is applied is bent or folded, the coating does not crack. Great success has accompanied its use on the other side, it is said, particularly in the automobile industry. The enamel retails at $2 a gallon. A black paint, handled here by the same company that sells the enamel, is so constituted as to resist the action of salt water. The paint is known as Otol, and the Rotterdam, of the Holland-America Line, was recently painted with it. It will also be used on the Statendam, now building for the same company.

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Suits at a Fixed Price.

As a possible explanation of the poor-sized orders received from a certain city on the Pacific coast, a clothing manufacturer pointed out that a one-price store in that city had taken away a good portion of the trade formerly distributed among the other retail clothiers. Customers, who previously were willing to pay $20 or $25 for a suit or overcoat, now walk up a flight of stairs and get what they want for $15. If the out in question is an old one in a manufacturing clothier, the effect on other manufacturers who have customers in that city can readily be seen, but otherwise the one-price store has to buy its merchandise the same as any other house. The best feature in this case is the fact that the manufacturer who caters to the one-price store must specialize even as that store itself specializes, and the wholesaler does not like the idea of following the retailer. The effect of the trade is yet to be felt, since the business has scarcely been sufficiently developed.

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Must He Stay in the Association?

The question of the union's right to compel a manufacturer once started in the cloak and cuit business and a member of the association in that industry, to remain in that business and that organization, will be placed before the Board of Arbitrators in the dress and waist industry, which is expected to meet to-morrow at the Bar Association. The manufacturer in question changed his product from tailor-made garments to those coming properly, he contends, under the head of dresses. Accordingly, he withdraw from the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, and joined the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association. Both organizations have protocols with the union, but the latter claims that in this case, if the change were permitted, it would mean a reduction in standards. Male operators are employed in the coat and suit, and girls in the dress and waist shops, and the decision of the board on the issue, which is one of jurisdiction, is looked forward to with great interest by manufacturers in both industries.

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Imports of a Week.

Imports of general merchandise, including dry goods, here in the week ended May 9 were valued at $18,998,628, compared with $20,057,864 the week before. Included in these imports are $645,099 worth of jewelry, precious stones, and watches, while in the previous week the entries reached $837,712. Imports of leather, hides, &c., were $1,824,258, compared with $1,654,931 the week before. There were entered 181,048 bags of coffee, appraised at $1,549,194, while sugar imports were valued at $11,517,870. India rubber, manufactures, substitutes, waste, &c., are set down at $1,145,947, compared with $2,086,848 the week before. Imports of wool were 4,697 bales worth $292,481, while in the previous week the value was $378,026. Imports of dry goods totaled $1,927,064, while the imports of silk goods were appraised at $437,269. The week before the imports were respectively $1,789,538 and $781,490. Withdrawals of dry goods of all kinds from bonded warehouses last week were $619,796, while those entered for warehouse had a value of $754,087. Statistics of the previous week were respectfully $620,345 and $444,468.

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Rumors of Removal Hurt.

A prominent merchant in the downtown wholesale district said yesterday that there is one phase of the movement undertaken by the Wholesale Dry Goods Centre Association to keep the cotton cloth jobbers in the locality where they have been so many years that is often overlooked, but nevertheless has a serious side. For a long time, this man said, members of the trade have been disturbed from day to day by hearing that this merchant or that firm was leaving the district to locate uptown. In nearly every instance such report was found to be without any basis of fact, but the rumors of impending changes had the effect of causing more or less of an uneasy feeling. This is accounted for by the assumption that, if any fair-sized movement uptown began, the trade as an entirety would have to follow. The movement of the association to enlist the co-operation of the owners of the property in the present dry goods section will, it is hoped, do much toward ending rumors of removals by making it possible for tenants to renew leases for fairly long terms. Hearsay gossip about removals does not help matters toward permanency in the downtown district.

AIDS PAPER IMPORTERS.

Treasury Department Ruling Facilitates Entries at Lowest Rates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Treasury Department to-day made a ruling to facilitate the importation of paper at the lowest possible rate of duty.

Under the retaliatory provision of the paper schedule in the Underwood Tariff act, regulations were drafted requiring the importer to disclose the name of the manufacturer and the place of manufacture of the paper, so that the customs officials might be able to tell whether the paper was entitled to the lower duty. To-day, in the case of an importation of paper by the Perkins-Goodwin Company which for trade reasons did not wish to disclose the names of the manufacturers, the Treasury Department ordered that the name of the manufacturer in this and similar cases be waived.

Customs officials were directed to accept instead the affidavit of the importer as to the place of manufacture of the paper and the province of origin of the wood from which it was made.

THE JEWELERS PROTEST.

Reasons for Their Opposition to the Watch Case Bill.

The Board of Directors of the National Jewelers Board of Trade has sent a formal protest to the Committee of Interstate and Foreign Commerce of the House of Representatives, against the Owen-Goeke Watch Case bill providing for a minimum gold standard for watches, and the prohibition of guarantees or warrantees of merchandise by manufacturers or dealers. The memorial points out that a special committee of the board studied the bill last Winter, and reached the conclusion that the measure does not provide a workable remedy for the evils sought to be corrected.

It is insisted that the prohibitions contained in the Owen-Goeke bill are not within the province of Congress, and even if that body should pass the bill, the supplementary acts which would be necessary in the various States to make the law effective could not be passed because special legislation of this nature has been repeatedly declared to violate the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States. The jewelers' brief holds that the tests provided in the bill are inadequate and practically worthless, and an aid to fraud rather than a deterrent.

The committee is informed that the Jewelers Board of Trade is preparing to call a conference of all representative organizations of manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers in the jewelry trade for the purpose of considering the kind of legislation that should be embodied in a law to correct present abuses. Pending such conference, the committee is asked not to report the Owen-Goeke bill. The memorial is signed in behalf of the board by C. S. Ingersoll, President of the organization, and Edmund N. Stone, Secretary.

London Sheepskin Sale.

LONDON, May 15.—A sale of Cape of Good Hope and Natal sheepskins was held here to-day. There were 307,203 pelts offered, of which 250,894 were sold. There was an active demand for medium to full grown and damaged skins, and they ranged from unchanged to ¼d higher. Coarse and short-woolled skins were slow and from unchanged to ¼d lower.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JOHN J. MITCHELL COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the John J. Mitchell Company, publisher and printer of 41 West Twenty-fifth Street, by Jesse S. Epstein for these creditors: William L. Morck $5,000, Rudolph A. Baker $5,000, and Samuel L. Kern $5,000, all on notes of the company. It was alleged that the company is insolvent and has preferential payments to these creditors: Wanaque River Paper Company $1,254, Diamond Press Company $280, Consolidated Engraving Company $605, and International Mailing Rules Company $245. Judge Mayer appointed Frederick W. Stelle and O. D. Gray receivers under a bond of $10,000. Mr. Epstein said that the liabilities are more than $200,000 and good assets from $60,000 to $70,000. The business was started about forty years ago by John J. Mitchell and was incorporated in 1883 with capital stock $30,000, which was later increased to $60,000. John J. Mitchell was President and Olin D. Gray Treasurer. The company published several periodicals devoted to fashions and styles in dressmaking, furs, tailoring and other lines. It is said that the liabilities to the banks amount to $150,000.

AMERICAN DESIGNING AND REPRODUCING COMPANY, INC.—A petition has been filed against the American Designing and Reproducing Company of 4 White Street, by Harry B. Rosen, a creditor, for $1,000. Assets are estimated at $1,000. The company was incorporated on May 16, 1912, with capital stock $100,000, and succeeded a company of the same name against which a petition in bankruptcy was filed on April 16, 1912.

ALERT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Alert Construction Company, builder and real estate, at 1,905 Marmion Avenue, Bronx, by these creditors: Thomas P. McDowell, $450; James A. Driscoll, $400, and Carsten H. E. Bohlen, $900. It was alleged that the company made preferential payments of $5,000 and transferred real estate of $25,000. Assets are estimated at $10,000.

TRAVERS VALE of 2,025 Broadway, formerly a theatrical manager, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $5,831 and assets consisting of copyrights of the plays "Strolling Players" and "After the War," of no value. The debts are for royalties, salaries, loans, rent of scenery, printing, and advertising. Among those for royalties are Sanger & Jordan, $682; American Play Company, $600; Alice Kanserx, $125; Darcy & Welford, $125, and Samuel T. French, $75. He owes the following actors and actresses for salaries: Henry Hall, $175; Walter Vealand, $120; Paul Harvey, $120; Charles Eglesion, $85; Frank Elliott, $85; Bernard J. McOwen, $60; Merle Stanton, $60, and Elsie Hitz, $110. Among the other creditors are: Dow Vale, $1,400; John H. Bruning, $850, and W. F. Harms, $125. He filed the petition to stop an examination yesterday in supplementary proceedings on a judgment for $882 obtained by Sanger & Jordan. Judge Mayer stayed the suit for one year.

JOSEPH R. DE GRATRESSE, consulting engineer of 32 West Fortieth Street, formerly a partner in the Turnbull Construction Company of 1 Madison Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $7,714 and no tangible assets. He has a suit pending in the Supreme Court against Leon Garcy for $75,000 damages for alleged alienation of affections. Among his creditors are the following for restaurant bills: Cafe de Paris, $200; Receiver of Hotel Rector, $150; Claridge Hotel, $45; Ansaldi Company, San Souci, $85, and Medrin Company, $75. He owes J. B. Martin $200 for loans.

JULIUS ROETTGER of 5, 6, and 7 South Street, formerly a hotel keeper, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $24,612, and assets of $485, consisting of cash in bank, $26, and accounts, $459. The largest creditor is the Peter Doelger Brewing Company, Inc., $15,161. Mr. Roettger kept a hotel at South Ferry for eight years.

SAMUEL PEARL.—A petition has been filed against Samuel Pearl, shoe dealer, at 260 Monroe Street, by these creditors: Endicott Johnson & Co., $508; J. E. Bates & Co., $580, and Claflin, Thayer & Co., $213; Judge Mayer appointed Alfred B. Simonds receiver under a bond of $1,000. Liabilities are $4,500, and assets $2,000.

GEORGE H. SHUMAN, electrical contractor, of 18 East Thirtieth Street, has filed schedules which show liabilities of $41,329 and assets of $12,884, consisting of cash, $587; stock, $185; accounts, $10,984; notes, $1,128.

ALICE NECKWEAR COMPANY.—Schedules of Aaron Solomon, doing business at the Alice Neckwear Company at 498 Broadway, show liabilities of $20,623 and assets of $12,021, consisting of stock, $5,000; machinery, $7,000, and accounts, $21.

BOHNE-McLAUGHLIN COMPANY.—Judge Blanchard of the Supreme Court has appointed William A. Shields receiver for the Bohne-McLaughlin Company, dealer in church goods at 34 Barclay Street, in proceedings for the voluntary dissolution of the corporation, brought by Gustave B. Bohne, President, and Mary A. Bohne, Secretary, and the bond of the receiver was fixed at $20,000. Liabilities are $51,136, and nominal assets $53,600.

Out of Town.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

WACO, Texas.—The Fire Brick Company, with a plant at Lasher, Bastrop County; voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $90,000; assets, $128,500. No exemptions are claimed.

CHICAGO, Ill.—James J. Kanss, a salesman; voluntary petition filed; liabilities, $14,258; assets, $242.

UTICA, N. Y.—The Hunter Arms Company of Fulton; involuntary petition filed. Judge Ray of the United States Court appointed Frederick Sage of Fulton and Frank B. Hodges of Syracuse receivers under a bond of $50,000 to continue the business. The concern has been in the hands of a Creditors' Committee. Materials, cash, and accounts receivable are estimated at $190,000. The value of the plant and the amount of liabilities are not given.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—William T. Thorpe, a contractor; petition filed; liabilities, $24,000; assets, $7,670.

BOSTON, Mass.—The Springfield Mutual Disability Company; petition filed. Judd Dewey, an attorney, has been appointed receiver. A temporary injunction against the company was issued a few days ago at the request of Insurance Commissioner Hardison. Assistant Attorney General Hour told the court that the company's insolvency was indicated by the refusal of interested parties to make good a shortage of $2,000 necessary to enable it to resume business.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—Max A. Gottlieb, a salesman; petition filed; liabilities, $1,677; no assets.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—James E. Buoy, a manufacturing jeweler and engraver; voluntary petition filed; liabilities, $9,119; assets, $10,850. Most of his creditors are New York and Chicago firms.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 297 business failures in the United States during the week, against 285 for the previous week and 259, 243, 235, and 225 for the corresponding weeks of 1913 to 1910. The Middle States had 108, New England 33, Southern 68, Western 49, Northwestern 9, and Far Western 25. Canada had 40, against 52 for the preceding week. About 85 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000, and less than 12 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor.

Barnow, Jacob—Globe Bosse World Furniture Co., $118.
Berman, Samuel—L. Frankel et al., $955.
Brewster, Ulysses B. and William J.—J. B. Doyle et al., $1,263.
Blumenstock, Samuel—California Wine Association, $234.
Bennett, Robert P.—S. Kaufman, $114.
Coutant, Margaret B.—J. C. Mason, $864.
Cohn, Harris—A. Aron et al., $139.
Calhoun, David—A. R. Levy, $264.
Crabtree, John H.—H. L. Picks, $499.
Dorenbaum, Edgar—C. Schumacher, $197.
Dumary, T. Henry, Jr.—Gansevoort Beef & Provision Co., $142.
De Witt, Henry C.—Joseph Fahys & Co., $138.
Ehrgott, George M., Mildred B. Ehrgott, Minna E. Vondrann, Paul Vondrann, and Minna Vondrann—L. B. McClure, $113.
Haldeman, Julius—Irene Rowe, $147.
Franke, Hugo—John Steneck & Sons, $315.
Feinberg, Samuel—H. Frucht, $204.
Feinstein, Ignatz—Josian Partridge & Sons Co., $162.
Fauntleroy, Thomas T.—H. A. Ritchie et al., $114.
Fitzgerald, Lulu, and Edward Rosenheimer—A. Sharkey, $403.
Frankel, Maurice—Northern Bank of N. Y., $411.
Fagan, Arthur F., and Arthur S. Glun—People, $—, $1,000.
Gans, Isaac, $800.
Goldstein, Jacob—Max Grab Fashion Co., $106.
Goldberger, Freim S. and Esther S.—D. L. Menning, $341.
Glendening, Frederick W.—S. Shapiro, $3,184.
Hamilton, Schuyler and Virginia M.—A. Falvary, $270.
Hanneman, Alexander—Empire State Liquor Co., $86.
Hampton, Schuyler S.—W. R. Woods, $477.
Ireland, John D.—E. Bunker, $408.
Innocenzo, Ferrero—G. W. Faber, Inc., $229.
Isrlel, Abraham et al.—M. Matthews, $367.
Klein, Jacob E., and Leon Greenfield—B. Davis, $697.
Lewis, Herman—I. Mendelson et al., $132.
Lynch, Anna F.—A. Purcell, $2,755.
Laura, Anthony—D. L. Korn, $304.
Levy, Morris—O'Donnell, Weisberger & Co., $186.
McCormack, James J.—H. O'Dougherty, $121.
Morris, Richard—D. Hederi, $227.
McGarry, Malachy, adm.—Adams Express Building Co., costs, $107.
Machat, Nathan—Ilg Electric Ventilating Co., $345.
Merritt, Henry C.—M. A. Cooper, $2,050.
Mottola, Charles—Bouker Contracting Co., $169.
Overton, Myron E.—C. C. Sibley et al., $369.
Peters, John D.—Rund Nilsen Co., $118.
Peck, Edw. H.—A. Dunlap, $117.
Price, Joseph and Emma—S. Kraus et al., $1,000.
Posaner, Lizzie—M. Nadler, $336.
Racus, James D.—E. D. Ross, $123.
Rice, Jacob—A. Wolpin, $268.
Rudd, Joseph, adm.—L. Greenwood, costs, $187.
Same—C. Boeso, costs, $280.
Reiter, Lues—U. S. Fastener Co., $3,000.
Reiter, Sam—M. Dolgens, $113.
Ritter, Philip—H. Bokal, $181.
Rogow, Elizabeth—S. Finkelstein, $103.
Russell, Andrew A.—Auto Stationery and Printing Co., $119.
Sternberg, Isidor P.—S. Cohen, $186.
Samm, Charles—Patent Scaffolding Co., costs, $108.
Swift, Mary E.—Ivy Courts Realty Co., $161.
Strosensky, Oscar—H. Kraus et al., $112.
Sobel, Max—A. L. Kass,

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Upturn in Stocks Is Carried Further—Some Important New Financing.

There was somewhat less activity and less aggressiveness about yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange, but prices rose enough to show, despite a moderate reaction at the end of the day, a further net gain. The influences which gave impetus to stocks on Thursday were still effective yesterday, although in somewhat diminished force, due to the advances which had already taken place in quotations and to the absence of any important new factors upon which to predicate fresh operations. The Mexican situation had not changed overnight, nor did any striking development appear in other quarters.

The chief items of financial news had to do with new financing and with preliminary preparations for maturing issues. The Baltimore & Ohio completed arrangements for an issue of $35,000,000 one year 4½ per cent. secured notes, which were largely oversubscribed during the day. The Illinois Central has under negotiation and has practically completed banking arrangements for the sale of two lots of bonds aggregating $15,000,000. News was also received of an offer by the Boston & Maine to its noteholders looking to an extension of the $27,000,000 of obligations of that road which come due in June.

One of the advantages which it was hoped would acerue from the very easy money market which we are having this year was the substitution of permanent issues for the large amount of short-term notes issued last year and in earlier years, and falling due this year. Some of these have already been taken up through permanent security issues, but in other cases fresh resort has been had to temporary financing. In the Baltimore & Ohio case it was explained that work is now under way on a comprehensive financial plan which will provide for all maturing obligations, as well as for other future needs of the road. The present note issue is described as intended merely to cover the period within which it will be possible to carry this comprehensive plan to completion. High grade short-term notes enjoy the advantage of a very ready market, as the large oversubscription of yesterday's Baltimore & Ohio issue clearly shows. At the same time, it is well for the financial community to bear steadily in mind the desirability of reducing temporary obligations to permanent form and, so far as possible of avoiding further recourse to short-time notes as a means of raising capital for permanent improvements. Too free use of short-time issues amount to the employment of bank credits for purposes more properly provided for by appeals to the long-time capital market.

An estimated large gain in cash, notwithstanding the week's gold exports, foreshadowed a favorable return by the New York banks, while the continued strength of foreign exchange left it still probable that more gold will be taken for export. The statement of the country's agricultural exports for April, showing a falling-off of over 20 per cent. compared with the corresponding month last year, prepared the financial community for an unfavorable showing in our total foreign trade for that month so far as the relation of exports to imports is concerned. The credit trade balance in March was abnormally small, and the conditions governing that month's trade, which continued throughout April, help to account for the current unusually high rate for exchange.

The sharp drop in agricultural exports explains the scarcity of bills, which has been an important factor in causing the rise in Sterling exchange to the highest rate quoted since March, 1909. The drop in those exports during April amounted to more than three times the sum of gold which has been shipped abroad on the presnt movement. The quiet condition of trade makes possible the loss of gold without money market inconvenience, but that is a negative rather than a positive offset to the disadvantages of the reduced exports of staples, which have been caused by last year's shortened crops. That, fortunately, is a condition which is not threatened again this year, for the crop outlook is about as brilliant as it could be at this date. Reports of impairment such as are now coming to hand regarding Winter wheat are inevitable, but such deterioration as may occur will be from an indicated yield on the basis of the May 1 figures, exceeding by more than 100,000,000 bushels the maximum Winter wheat crop ever raised in this country.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call 2	1¾	1¾	1¾	
A year ago..... 8	2¼	2¼	2¾	
Since Jan. 1....10	1½	..	..	
Same period 1913 7	2	..	..	

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¼@2⅜	3@3¼	3@3¼
Commercial paper (prime bills).....	3¼@3⅜	3¼@4	

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$281,927,797	$12,960,310
Sub-Treasury debit balance	.....	496,587
Banks lose this week	.....	3,682,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money	Check on London.
London.....	2%	1¾@2¼	..
Paris	2¾	..	25f 19c
Berlin	2¾	2½	20m.48½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8830	$4.8815	$4.8830
A year ago.....	4.8630	4.8620	4.8625
Since Jan. 1....	4.8830	4.8535	.....
Same period 1913.	4.8790	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8830	$4.8865
Paris	5.15¾—1-32	5.15—1-16
Berlin	95 5-16+1-32	95¾+1-32
Switzerland	5.16¼	5.15⅝—1-32
Holland	40 5-16	40.34
Belgium	5.18¾—3-64	5.18⅛—5-64

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85¼	$4.84¼
Paris	5.18¾	5.19¼
Berlin	94 15-16	94¾

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.85¼	$4.84¼
Paris	5.18¾	5.20
Berlin	94¾—1-32	94¼+1-32
Amsterdam	40.03	39.91

Domestic Rates.
Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem
Chicago	10c	San Francisco	20c
St. Louis	30c	Montreal.....	Par
Boston	Par	St. Paul.....	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 15-16d. per ounce, unchanged; New York, 56¾c., unchanged.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Lake Superior Corporation and subsidiary companies report net earnings for the nine months ended March 31 at $1,613,034, an increase of $20,800 over the same period last year.

Interest on the $1,960,000 collateral trust 5 per cent. bonds of the Wilkes-Barre & Hazelton Railroad, due May 15, was not paid by the Guaranty Trust Company. In lieu of payment the company is asking holders to surrender their May 15 coupons and others up to November, 1916, in return for which it will issue non-interest-bearing certificates.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Took a Lesson from the Brokers.

A stock may hang around the same figure for several days or weeks and escape notice as a possible vehicle for speculation or investment, but let it move two or three points in one day and immediately rumors start about developments in the company, and orders begin to appear on the floor. When manipulation was not banned by the laws of this State, a broker with a large block of an inactive issue which he desired to sell was quite likely to buy a few hundred shares first in order to get the stock under way, after which it was an easy matter to work off what he had originally, as well as what he had bought. This same principle has been adopted by a street fakir who operates back of the New Street entrance to the Stock Exchange. This man suddenly steps from the sidewalk and begins to pace off a hollow square. Around and around he goes, turning the corners sharply and increasing his speed on the straight sides. At once the passersby stop to watch the walker, so that in a moment he has a crowd about him. The eccentric walker at once becomes a man of business with a novelty to sell. He is a good advertiser.

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Short-Term Notes Still Popular.

Notwithstanding the unfortunate experience of the Erie, New Haven, Boston & Maine, and the Missouri Pacific with short term notes, that form of financing continues to be used by railroads which in that way are absorbing liquid capital and putting it into permanent investment. With money a drug on the market, as it has been of late, a good short-term note issue is practically sold with the announcement of its creation. Such issues are made on the expectation that they can be refunded before maturity on better terms than could be obtained from a sale of bonds originally. In the past it has been found on more than one occasion that such an expectation was not justified, and that the bond market was not ready to assume the burden which was intended for it. In the case of the Baltimore & Ohio the issue of notes was decided upon not only because of the absence of a good demand for bonds, but because the company had in mind a blanket mortgage under which its financing could be unified next year. Another factor which is responsible largely for the short term habit that has taken hold of the railroads is the expectation of a favorable decision in the rate case, which ought to make a better demand for long-term issues. The ease with which short-term notes can be placed is illustrated by the experience of the Baltimore & Ohio, which had hardly agreed to sell $35,000,000 before its bankers had offers for twice that amount on a 4½ per cent. basis.

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Missouri Pacific Notes Coming In.

With eight days left for noteholders of the Missouri Pacific to deposit their securities with the Union Trust Company the outlook for the success of the extension plan was said to be encouraging yesterday. Of the $25,000,000 in securities outstanding, $5,000,000 worth had been turned in up to last night, most of these coming from a few large holders who hastened to set an example. It was said that only a part of the notes held by the Missouri Pacific's official family had been turned in, but the balance will be deposited, and the only difficulty looked for is in getting notes of the scattered holders.

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The Standard Oil Dividends.

Followers of the Standard Oil shares did not look seriously for any reduction in the quarterly dividends of Standard of New Jersey and Standard of New York, but some tension was lifted when it was announced yesterday morning that the usual payments of $5 and $2, respectively, had been ordered. It was the second quarterly disbursement for the New York company on its capital of $75,000,000. The lopping off of extra payments and reductions of ordinary quarterly returns have been so numerous among the oil stocks lately that news of dividend action is awaited anxiously on the Curb whenever any is due. Standard Oil of New York is reported to be earning a great deal more than the shareholders are receiving, but, owing to the company's plans in China, it is expected that the Directors will conserve the income. This will not be an unusual procedure for a Standard Oil concern when extension work is in hand.

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Expect Good Crops Abroad.

Crop conditions in Europe are reported, in the main, to be excellent for the season by those who keep a record of the soil and weather factors abroad. This information may not be especially cheering to exporters of grain from this side, who would like to help make good a shortage across the sea, but steel makers like it. Good crops over there, they say, act just as potently as a big grain yield in this country to expand buying of steel. With the German, Belgian, and English steel markets inactive, producers here see small chance of better prices without a stimulant to buying abroad. With a free or reduced tariff, our manufacturer has to watch foreign quotations much more closely than he used to, and he sees small hope of increasing his prices unless those of Europe advance.

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Copper Report Disappointing.

Amalgamated Copper was one of the few prominent speculative issues to end the session with a net loss. The recession was fractional, but the traders decided that it had been brought about by the sentimental effect of the deficit shown in the report for 1913. It had been predicted previously that the company would show a surplus in the neighborhood of $500,000. This estimate had been arrived at through knowledge that the company had received $9,200,000 from the Anaconda Copper Mining Company and about $350,000 from the International Smelting & Refining Company, with additional income from other sources. The company's own dividend payments called for $9,233,000, which was covered practically by the return from the holdings of Anaconda stock alone. The deductions were made without regard for administrative and other expenses, which were great enough to cut down gross income substantially.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..Mar., 1964.....	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
4½s..Mar., 1963.....	107	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
4½s..May, 1957.....	106⅞	107⅛	106⅞	107
4½s..Nov., 1957.....	107	107⅛	106⅞	107
4½s..May, 1917.....	101⅝	102	101⅝	102
4½s..Nov., 1917.....	101⅝	102	101⅝	102
4½s..Mar., 1930-60...	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4½s..Mar., 1962.....	101⅝	101⅞	101⅝	101⅞
4½s..Sept., 1960.....	101¼	101½	101¼	101⅜
4s ..May, 1959.....	98¾	99	98⅝	98¾
4s ..Nov., 1958.....	98⅜	98⅝	98⅜	98⅝
4s ..May, 1957.....	98⅜	99	98⅜	98⅝
4s ..Nov., 1956.....	97⅝	98¼	97⅝	98
4s ..Nov., 1955.....	97⅝	98¼	97½	98
4s ..Nov., 1936.....	97⅝	98⅜	97⅝	98⅜
4s ..1913-1919	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
3½s..Nov., 1954-5...	87⅛	88	87⅛	88
3½s..May, 1954.....	87⅛	88	87⅛	88
3½s..1960-1954	87⅛	88	87⅛	88

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Generally Strong, with Broader Trading in the Smaller Industrials.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 73,483 shares of stocks and $82,200 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 24,735; oils, 2,758, and mining, 45,990. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900..Brit.-A. Tob..	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
300..B.-A.Tob.,new	22⅛	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜
100..Houston Oil..	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
215..Kel. Sp. Tire.	52½	52½	52	52
1,000..Man. Trans...	⅞	13-16	⅞	13-16
3,000..Max. Motors..	11⅛	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞
2,500..M. M. 1st pf.	43⅛	43⅛	42	42⅜
2,000..M. M. 2d pf.	18⅛	18⅛	17¼	17⅜
600..Nat. Cl. & S..	43⅜	56	54⅜	56
200..N. C. & S. pf.	97½	97½	97½	97½
225..Pu. Sm. & P..	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
1,200..Riker-Hegm'n	9⅝	9½	9⅝	9½
300..U. C. S. of A.	88¼	88¼	88½	88½
12,000..Un. Pr. S. C.	5¼	5¾	5¼	5½
195..Willys Over..	66	68	66	68

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
800..Anglo-Am. Oil	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
1..Atlantic Ref.	618	618	618	+2
7..Continen'l Oil.	214	214	214	+1
50..Cres. Pipe L.	50	49½	50	..
70..Ind. Pipe L.	139	137	138	..
5..Nat. Transit.	39	39	39	..
15..N. Y. Transit.	275	273	274	..
425..Ohio Oil.....	178	174	176½	+3½
60..Pierce Oil ...	87	83	87	+4
100..Prai'e O. & G.	457	445	448	+5
35..So. Pipe Line.	221	219	220	..
375..S. Penn Oil..	284	272	277	+5
70..St. Oil of Cal.	310	306	306	+1
45..St. Oil of Ind.	459	449	449	+3
20..St.Oil of Kan.	402	400	400	..
40..St. Oil of N.J.	412	409	410	+4
650..St. Oil of N.Y.	221	213½	214	+4
50..Un. Tank Li..	86	85	86	+ ½
40..Vacuum Oil ..	219	217	218	+ ½

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000..Con. Gas rts.	3⅞	3 7-16	3⅜	3 7-16
400..Un. Pac. rts.	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼

MINING STOCKS.

3,000..*Atlanta	21	21	20½	20½
500..*Beaver Con....	26	26	26	26
1,000..*Booth	6	6	6	6
400..Boston Mont..	9	9¼	9	9¼
200..Braden Cop....	8	8	8	8
100..Buffalo Min..	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
100..Butte-N. Y...	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
800..C. C. C. w. i.	2½	2½	2 7-16	2½
6,000..*Can. G. Sil..	9	9½	9	9
750..Copper Mines.	1½	1½	1½	1½
275..*Cosmo Cob.	67	67	67	68
3,000..*C. O. D. Con.	5	5	4½	4½
200..Crown Res...	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
535..Dome Mines..	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞
700..*Florence	53	54	53	54
500..Gold. Cons...	1⅝	1 7-16	1⅝	1 7-16
500..*Gold. Merger.	15	15	15	15
2,000..G. Hill Min..	⅝	⅝	19-32	19-32
500..Gr.-Can new..	33	34	33	34
100..Gr.-Can. old..	6	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
1,000..Iron Blos...	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37
1,000..Kerr Lake....	4½	4½	4½	4½
200..La Rose Con.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
400..McK.-Dar. ..	64	65	64	65
2,500..*MacNamara..	3	3¼	3	3¼
100..Mines of Am..	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
100..Nipis. M. Co.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
7,500..*North Star..	29	30	29	29½
100..Ohio Copper..	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
2,000..*Ore	12	12	12	12
200..Pacific Smelt.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
500..*Peterson L..	40	40	40	40
200..Stand. Sil.-L..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
500..Stewart	1⅛	1 3-16	1⅛	1 3-16
100..Stewart Min. Trust ctfs.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
1,000..Tono. Ext.	2 9-16	2 11-16	2 9-16	2 11-16
600..Tono. Mer....	57	57	57	57
100..Tono. of Nev.	6½	6½	6½	6½
3,000..*Ton. R. Eula	18	18	18	18
200..Tularosa	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,700..*W. End Con.	87	88	87	88
1,800..*W. End Ext.	4	4½	4	4½

BONDS.

$6,200..Can. Pac. 6% notes	103⅜	104¼	103⅜	104¼
75,000..Con. Gas cv. 6s.	113⅝	114	113⅝	114
1,000..N. Y. City, 4½s, 1962	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅝

*Sell cents per share.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper..	5	Mar. 2,'15	100⅝	100¾	4.00
Am. Locom..5		July, 1915	100	100⅛	4.00
Am. T. & T..5		Apr., 1916	100	100⅜	4.95
Austrian Gov.	4½	July,'14-15	100⅛	100⅜	3.30
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	July, 1915	100	100⅛	4.25
Boston & Me.	6	June 2,'14	99	99½	175.05
B'klyn R. T..5		July, 1918	99⅞	100	5.00
Can. Pacific..6		Mar. 2,'24	103½	104	5.40
C. P. (Minn.)6		May, 1917	98	98	6.65
Chat. Ry. & L.5		July, 1915	99	99⅛	5.50
Ches. & Ohio..5		June, 1919	96¾	97	5.70
Chi. & W. I..5		Sep., 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Chi. El. Ry..5		July, 1914	99¼	99⅜	6.55
Erie R. R....5½		Apr., 1917	99¾	99⅞	5.55
Erie R. R....5		Oct., 1914	100⅛	100⅜	3.25
Erie R. R....5		Apr., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Federal Sug..5		Nov. 1,'14	99	100	5.00
Gen. Motors..6		Oct., 1915	100¼	101⅛	4.80
Gen. Rubber..4½		July, 1915	99¼	99⅝	4.95
Harlem Riv..5		May, 1915	98⅝	99	6.00
Hock. Valley..5		Nov., 1914	100⅜	100⅞	3.20
Ill. Central...4½		July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	2.20
Int. Agric. C..5		Aug., 1914	99	100	37.00
Int. Harv ..5		Feb.15,'15	100⅝	100⅞	3.80
Lack. Steel...5		Mar. 1915	96½	98	6.35
Mich. Cent...4½		Mar. 2,'15	100¼	100½	3.90
Minn. & St...6		Feb., 1916	94	96	7.70
Mo. K. & T..5		May, 1915	91	93	12.25
Mo. Pacific...5		June, 1914	92½	93½	100.00
Mont. T. & P.6		Apr., 1915	99½	100¼	5.40
N. Eng. Nav.6		May, 1917	99½	99¾	6.15
N.Y.C. & H.R.5		Sep. 15,'14	100⅜	100⅝	2.75
N.Y.C. & H.R..5		Nov. 5,'14	100⅜	100⅞	2.20
N.Y.C. & H.R.4½		May, 1915	100¼	100½	3.95
N.Y.,N.H.&H.5		May, 1915	98⅝	99	6.00
Nor. Pacific..6		July 01,'15	100⅜	100½	3.80
Pac. Gas & El.5		Mar. 25,'15	99½	100	5.00
P. S. Corp..N.J.5		Mar., 1916	99	99¼	5.40
Seab. A. L....5		Mar., 1916	99⅝	100	5.00
So. Pacific...5		Jan. 15,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.50
So. Railway..5		Feb., 1916	99⅜	99⅝	5.05
Southern Ry..5		Mar., 1917	99⅝	99¾	5.10
State of Tenn.5		July, 1914	100⅛	100½	2.00
Sulz. & Sons.6		June, 1916	100	100¼	5.80
U.S.S.R. & M...5		Aug., 1914	100	100⅛	3.50
Union Typew.5		Jan. 15,'16	97¾	98¼	5.80
United Fruit.6		May, 1917	101¾	102¼	5.10
Utah Co.....6		Apr., 1917	101⅝	102⅜	5.80
W. El. & M...6		Aug., 1915	101¼	102¼	4.20
Western Md..5		July, 1915	95	97½	7.30
West. Power.6		July, 1915	98¼	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.
The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line....	1914-23	4 @4½	4.60	4.40
Balt. & Ohio...	1914-23	4½	4.45	4.40
Buf., Roch. & P...	1914-30	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Ches. & Ohio.....	1910-17	4	4.80	4.60
Chi. & N. W.....	1914-23	4½	4.55	4.40
Chi., Ind. & L....	1914-23	4½	4.80	4.60
Del. & Hudson....	1922	4½	4.55	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-23	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-23	4 @5	4.80	4.60
Illinois Central..	1914-23	4½@5	4.50	4.40
Int. Great North..	1914-23	5	6.00	5.25
Louis. & Nash....	1914-23	5	4.50	4.40
Mo., Kan. & T....	1914-23	5	5.20	5.00
Missouri Pacific..	1914-22	5	5.90	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines.	1914-28	4½@5	4.65	4.55
Norfolk & West...	1915-24	4½	4.45	4.35
Penn. Gen. Freight.	1914-23	4 @4½	4.40	4.30
St. L. & L. Mt. S..	1914-24	5	5.25	4.80
Seaboard Air Line.	1914-23	5	4.75	4.60
Southern Railway..	1914-24	4½@5	4.75	4.60
Southern Pacific ..	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginian Ry	1914-19	5	5.00	4.75
Wabash	1914-21	5	6.25	5.25

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16½	17	16½	17
Atlantic Refining ...	610	620	610	620
Borne-Scrymser	270	280	270	280
Buckeye Pipe Line ..	142	144	140	143
Chesebrough Mfg	660	670	660	670
Colonial Oil	95	105	95	97
Continental Oil	210	215	212	217
Crescent Pipe Line..	48	52	48	52
Cumberland Pipe Line	52	56	52	56
Eureka Pipe Line...	260	265	260	265
Galena-Signal Oil ..	178	182	178	182
Galena-Signal Oil, pf.	143	144	143	143
Indiana Pipe Lines..	136	139	136	139
National Transit ...	38	40	38	40
New York Transit ..	270	280	270	280
Northern Pipe Line..	113	117	113	117
Ohio Oil	176	178	172	175
Prairie Oil & Gas...	442	447	445	450
Solar Refining	300	310	300	310
Southern Pipe Line.	217	222	216	221
South. Penn. Oil...	270	275	270	275
S. W. Penn. P. L...	142	147	142	147
Standard Oil (Cal.).	305	308	305	308
Standard Oil (Ind.).	447	452	450	455
Standard Oil (Kan.).	400	410	395	405
Standard Oil (Ky.)..	260	270	264	268
Standard Oil (Neb.).	335	345	345	355
Standard Oil (N. J.).	408	411	405	407
Standard Oil (N. Y.).	213	217	217	219
Standard Oil (Ohio).	400	410	400	407
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Line ..	85	87	84	86
Vacuum Oil	215	220	217	220
Washington Oil	45	50	45	50
Waters-Pierce Oil ..	3,200	..	3,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 15. Bid.	Asked.	May 14. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	98	100	98½	100
American Cigar pf..	84	89	84	89
British-Am., new....	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
Conley Foil	275	285	275	285
Johnson Tin & M....	175	185	175	175
J. S. Young.....	125	135	130	135
MacA. & Forbes.....	190	200	190	200
MacA. & Forbes pf..	98½	100	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob..	240	250	247	254
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip...	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds.....	265	275	268	275
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip.	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf..	85	86	85	85
United Cigar Stores...	88	88½	87¼	87¾
Un. Cigar Stores pf..	111	115	110	118
Un. Prof. Sharing Co.	5⅞	6¼	5¼	6¼

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
15..Con. Coal	93	93	93
80—Con. Power	104¾	104¾	104¾
520..Elkhorn Fuel	22⅝	21⅝	22½
12..Northern Central...	122¾	122¾	122¾
4..Union Bank	138	138	138
200..United Rys. & Elec	27	26¾	27

BONDS.

$12,000..B., Sp. P. & C. 4½s	97	96¾	97
8,000..Chi. Rys. 1st 5s....	98½	98½	98½
3,000..City Balt. 3½s, '45.	90	90	90
1,000..Con. Coal ref. 4½s.	91	91	91
1,000..Con. Coal 6s.....	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000..Con. Gas 4½s.....	94½	94½	94½
1,000..Con. Power 4½s...	89	89	89
6,000..Elkhorn Fuel 5s...	94¾	94¾	94¾
2,000..Norf. & Car. 1st 5s.	106¾	106¾	106¾
1,000..Petersburg 5s A...	104½	104½	104½
6,000..U. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	83¾	83⅝	83⅝
2,000..U. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	65	65	65
600..U. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	87	87	87
3,000..Wilm. & Weld. 4s..	72¾	72¾	72¾

BOSTON.

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
40..Adventure	1¼	1¼	1¼
4..Ahmeek	275	275	275
100..Algomah	99c	99c	99c
35..Allouez	41	40¾	41
310..American Zinc....	17¼	17	17¼
190..Arizona Com.	4½	4 7-16	4½
8,155..Butte & Superior...	40⅝	39½	39⅝
660..Calumet & Arizona.	66¾	65½	66¾
3..Calumet & Hecla....	425	425	425
220..Copper Range.....	38	37½	37¾
50..East Butte	10½	10¼	10⅜
690..Granby	83	81¾	81¾
100..Hancock	16	16	16
385..Indiana	4¼	3¾	4¼
22..Island Creek pf....

PLAN $600,000,000 B. & O. MORTGAGE

Blanket Indenture Will Provide for Future Refunding and Bond Financing.

$425,000,000 TO BE MET

This Will Leave $175,000,000 for Bond Issues to Devote to Improvements ond New Construction.

In connection with the announcement yesterday of the sale of $35,000,000 one-year notes by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, President Daniel Willard announced that the company was at work on a blanket mortgage, under which all future refunding and bond financing by the company would be cared for. While no figures were given, it is expected that the new mortgage will be for not less than $600,000,000. It must provide for refunding needs amounting to more than $355,000,000 of bonds now outstanding, in addition to the $35,000,000 of notes just authorized, and an issue of $31,000,000 of the Baltimore & Ohio Chicago Terminal Railroad, making an aggregate of approximately $425,000,000. A mortgage for $600,000,000, which would leave room for additional issues of $175,000,000 for improvements and new construction, would equal in size the refunding mortgage executed by the Great Northern three years ago. The first large maturities to be met by the Baltimore & Ohio are $75,000,000 of prior lien bonds and $45,000,000 of Southern Division bonds in 1925.

Through Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Speyer & Co. the Baltimore & Ohio sold yesterday $35,000,000 of one-year 4½ per cent. secured gold notes to be dated June 1. The proceeds will be used to take up $20,000,000 of notes that fall due on July 1. The other $15,000,000 will provided for expenditures for additions and betterments in the current year, and for the completion of work now under way. The announcement of the offering of new notes was followed within a few hours with the news that the offering had been closed after subscriptions totaling $70,000,000, or twice the amount to be sold, had been received.

The principal work now in progress by the Baltimore & Ohio is the construction at a cost approximating $6,000,000 of two additional tracks between Cherry Run and Magnolia, a distance of seventeen miles, on the Cumberland Division, thereby completing a four-track system between Cherry Run and Patterson Creek, where the traffic is greatest. Commenting on the issue, Mr. Willard said:

"The present offered the most favorable opportunity to provide for the retirement of the maturing notes of the company, and for its current requirements, including funds for the completion of improvements now under way, and some additional facilities which, while not extensive, are urgently demanded."

The issue of the $35,000,000 provides for all present requirements, said Mr. Willard, and the arrangement is made for one year only for the reason that the company has in preparation a broad financial plan for future requirements. This plan will probably take the form of a general mortgage, combining in a single indenture all of the properties of the system, including the company's Chicago and New York terminals, and in addition to providing for existing indebtedness will make ample provision for additions to road and facilities which may be found to be necessary from time to time in the future.

With this in view the company has for some time been proceeding with the unification of its properties. The company recently took over the direct ownership of all of its lines in West Virginia, and has combined the principal properties in Pennsylvania in a single comany, known as the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company in Pennsylvania.

"It is expected," said Mr. Willard, "that these arrangements will be completed in the near future, and it is therefore deemed inadvisable at this time to arrange for temporary needs for more than one year."

AMALGAMATED COPPER.

Aggregate Surplus of $23,639,139 Shown at the Close of Fiscal Year.

The Amalgamated Copper Company showed yesterday in its pamphlet report for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31 a net income of $8,871,799. As the company's fiscal year in 1913 ended with April it was not possible from the figures presented to make comparison with the preceding period. Shareholders received in dividends $9,233,274, so that there was a deficit of $361,475, which had to be made up from the surplus of the past. After meeting the deficit the company's profit and loss account showed an aggregate surplus at the close of the year of $23,639,139.

President John D. Ryan told shareholders that the market for copper was a reasonably good one, notwithstanding that in the final quarter domestic consumption fell away materially.

"Domestic buying has averaged in the six months beginning with November," said he, "but 77 per cent. of the rate of consumption during the year 1913, and but 75 per cent. of that during 1912. Exports during this period have been sufficient to absorb not only the surplus left over after supplying domestic customers, but to reduce the stocks in producers' hands in this country from 106,000,000 pounds at the end of 1912 to 70,000,000 on May 1, 1914. To realize the very healthy condition of the trade, we have but to note the reduction in total stocks in Europe and the United States, which were 370,000,000 pounds at the end of 1909, to 122,000,000 pounds on the first of May in the present year."

The balance sheet for the Amalgamated and United Metals Selling Companies showed investments of $182,741,077, and cash and bills receivable of $19,212,885. The Anaconda Copper Mining Company, of which the Amalgamated owns most of the stock, earned a profit of $11,323,498. The report of this company has been issued.

The report of the International Smelting & Refining Company, which was included in the statement of the parent company, gave a net income for the year of $1,066,238, a decrease of $39,-909. Of this amount $800,000 was paid out in dividends. The company's total surplus at the end of the year was $2,129,226, a gain of $266,238.

Central-Lake Shore Consolidation.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 15.—Request for the Ohio Public Utilities Commission's approval of the consolidation of the New York Central and Lake Shore Railroads on a $300,000,000 basis was filed with the commission to-day. The commission has set June 9 for the hearing. The plan already has been described in detail.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.01	Kentucky Con.	.01
Andes	.02	Mexican	.56
Belcher	.32	Occidental Con.	.08
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.12
Caledenia	.44	Potosi	.01
Challenge Con.	.67	Savage	.02
Chollar	.02	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Cal. & Va.	.08	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.08
Crown Point	.20	Yellow Jacket	.20
Hale & Norcross	.02		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.20	Comb. Fraction	.06
Jim Butler	.90	D'field Daisy	.06
MacNamara	.03	D'field Bl. B.	.03
Midway	.31	Florence	.30
Mispah Exten.	.38	G'field Mines	1.40
Montana	.77	G'field Merger	.14
North Star	.01	Jumbo Exten.	.22
Rescue Eula	.17	Silver Pick	.04
Tonopah Exten.	2.62½	Vernal	.05
Tonopah Merger	.56	Nevada Hills	.33
West End	.56	Round Mountain	.25

GOLDFIELD.

Atlanta	.20	Manhattan Con.	.04
Booth	.06	Man. Big Four	.07
C. C. D.	.04		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Ppot.	5¼	6¼	Jackpot	6¼	6¼
Elkton	41	44	McKinney	45	50
El Paso	175	200	Old Gold	..	2
Findlay	2	..	Portland	108	109
Gold Dol.	3¼	4	Vindicator	93	94
Isabella	11¾	11¾	R. B. H.	8	8¼

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)	
Total sales May 15, 1914	251,119	
Same day last year	147,288	
Total year to date	32,430,534	
Same period last year	34,117,754	
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.27	+.18
Same day last year	70.08	+.15

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	64.95	May 1
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	68.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
28¼	28¾	8,420	Alaska Gold Mines	28	28¼	27⅞	28⅛	+ ⅛
10½	11⅝	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	10½	11½	10½	11¼	+ ⅝
41¾	42⅜	700	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	41⅝	42	41⅝	42	+1
73⅝	73½	12,200	Amalgamated Cop.	74	74⅛	73¼	73⅝	+ ⅜
54	57	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	55	55	55	55	+ ½
23	23½	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	22	22⅞	22	22⅞	+ ⅛
27⅝	28	4,300	Am. Can	25⅝	28⅝	28	28	+ ⅛
91	91½	300	Am. Can pf	91¼	91⅝	91¼	91¼	+1⅛
50¼	50⅞	500	Am. Car & Fdry.	50¼	50⅝	50¼	50¼	+ ⅛
117½	118	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	117⅝	117⅝	117⅝	117⅝	+ ⅛
62⅝	64⅞	100	Am. Cities pf	64½	64½		64½	+2⅝
105½	107	60	Am. Coal Prod. pf.	105	105	105	106	..
41¾	42	400	Am. Cotton Oil	41⅝	42	41¾	41¾	+ ¼
80½	81	400	Am. Ice Securities	31⅝	31⅝	31	31	..
13⅞	13⅞	200	Am. Linseed	10½	10½	10½	10⅝	+ ⅛
10	10¼	100	Am. Locomotive	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	31⅞	+ ⅛
32	33	100	Am. Locomotive	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	+ ⅛
44½	46	100	Am. Malt pf	45	45	45	45	− ⅝
64	64¼	2,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	64⅛	64⅞	64¼	64¼	+ ⅜
100¼	100½	300	Am. S. & F. pf. x d.	100⅜	100⅜	100⅛	100⅛	+ ⅛
81⅜	82½	20	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B.	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81½	..
30½	31⅛	100	Am. Steel F'dries.	31¼	31¼	31½	31¼	+ ⅜
105½	106	800	Am. Sugar Refining	106	106	105½	106¼	− ⅛
122½	122⅝	100	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	122⅜	122⅝	122⅜	122⅝	− ⅛
227	230	200	Am. Tobacco x d.	224½	228	224½	228	+6
76	76¾	100	Am. Woolen pf.	76	76	76	76	− ⅜
32⅜	32⅞	1,900	Anaconda Cop. Co.	32⅝	32⅞	32¼	32⅝	+ ⅛
96⅜	96⅝	700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	96⅝	96⅝	96½	96½	+ ⅛
100⅜	100⅝	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛	100⅜	+ ⅛
91⅞	92⅛	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	91⅝	92⅛	91⅝	91½	+ ⅛
81	81½	400	Baltimore & O. pf.	81¼	81½	81⅛	81½	..
42	42⅜	600	Bethlehem Steel	42¾	42¾	42¾	42⅝	− ⅛
84¼	85¼	180	Bethlehem Steel pf.	85¼	85½	85¼	85¼	..
62¼	92⅜	900	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	92⅛	92⅝	92⅛	92⅛	+ ⅝
21	21⅛	125	California Petrol'm.	21⅞	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	− ⅛
56¾	57	200	California Pet. pf.	57	57	56⅝	56⅝	− ⅛
192½	193	5,700	Canadian Pacific	192⅝	193⅝	192½	192⅝	+ ¼
82⅜	86¼	13	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	84	84	84	84	..
35⅝	35⅞	4,500	Central Leather Co.	35⅞	36	35⅜	35⅝	..
106	107½	20	Cent. & So. Am. Tel.	107½	107½	107½	107½	..
52⅜	53	450	Chesapeake & Ohio.	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53¼	+ ⅛
12⅝	13¼	600	Chi. Gt. Western	12⅝	13⅛	12⅝	13⅛	+ ⅛
34	34⅝	1,000	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	33½	34¼	33½	34	+ ⅝
90⅝	100	2,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	100	100½	99⅞	99⅞	..
136½	138⅛	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	137½	137½	137½	137½	+ ½
132	133	100	Chi. & Northwest.	132½	132½	132½	132½	+1
41¾	42	4,000	Chino Copper	42⅜	42⅝	42	42	− ⅜
100¼	103	100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+ ¼
28	28¼	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	28	28	28	28	+ ¼
130	130¼	1,100	Consolidated Gas	130	130⅛	130	130	+ ¼
..	..	100	Corn Products Ref.	9¼	9⅜	9¼	9⅜	+ ⅛
65⅜	67	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	65⅝	66½	65⅝	66⅜	+ ½
395	400	220	Del. Lack. & West.	400½	400½	400	400	+ ⅜
14⅜	15¼	410	Distillers' Secur.	15½	15⅝	15⅛	15⅜	+ ⅛
28⅞	29	4,100	Erie	29½	29½	28⅞	28⅞	− ⅛
44¼	44⅝	770	Erie 1st pf.	44⅛	44½	44⅛	44⅜	+ ⅛
32¼	36½	300	Federal M. & S. pf.	35	36⅛	35	36⅛	+1⅛
32½	33	700	Gen. Chemical pf.	32	33	32	32⅞	+1¼
54⅜	54⅝	1,000	Guggenheim Explor.	54⅞	55	54⅜	54⅝	+ ⅛
110¼	111½	100	Illinois Central	111½	111½	111½	111½	+ ⅛
17	17¼	100	Inspiration Cop.	17⅛	17⅜	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
14⅜	15	700	Inter.-Met.v. tr. cfs.	15	15	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
62⅜	63	2,100	Inter.-Met. pf.	62⅜	63⅜	62⅝	62⅝	+ ¼
106	106½	300	Int. Harvester, N. J.	107½	108¼	107½	108¼	..
112½	..	100	Int. Harv.| Corp. pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½	..
36	36⅝	200	Int. Paper pf.	36⅞	36⅞	36½	36½	+ ⅜
27⅛	27⅝	3,675	Kan. City Southern.	26⅝	27⅜	26⅝	27⅛	−1
96	97	100	Laclede Gas	96	96	96	96	− ¼
139⅝	140	2,125	Lehigh Valley	139⅞	140¼	139⅜	139⅜	+ ⅛
218	220	100	Lig. & Myers X div.	220	220	220	220	+2½
113	..	100	Lorll. (P.) Co. pf.	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	− ⅜
137¼	138½	200	Louis. & Nash.	139	139	137	137	+ ½
62	63	3,100	Mexican Petroleum.	62½	63	61¾	63	+2
71	80	70	Mex. Petroleum pf.	74	74	74	74	+ ¼
22	22¼	510	Miami Copper	22	22¼	22	22½	+ ⅛
125	126	200	M., St. P. & S. M.	125	125	125	125	− ½
17	17⅝	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas.	17¼	17⅜	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
40¼	41½	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	41	41¼	41	41¼	+ ⅜
18½	18⅝	7,600	Missouri Pacific	19½	19½	18⅜	18⅝	− ⅛
46⅞	47⅛	100	Montana Power	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	..
102¼	102⅝	100	Mont. Power pf.	102½	102½	102½	102⅝	..
130⅜	132	800	Nat. Biscuit Co.	130	132	130	131½	+2½
10	10⅝	200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	10	10	10	10	+ ¼
14⅞	15⅛	8,000	Nevada Con. Copper	15	15½	14⅜	15⅛	+ ¼
67	68	100	N. Y. Air Brake	67½	67½	67½	67½	+ ¼
93¼	94	1,700	N. Y. Central	94	94	93½	93½	− ⅜
68½	69¼	700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	70	70	69¼	69¼	− ½
26⅛	27	100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ½
104½	105	100	Norfolk & Western.	104½	104½	104½	104½	..
76½	77	200	North American	76½	76½	76½	76½	+ ¼
111	111¼	1,700	Northern Pacific	111	111½	111	111	+ ¼
2½	3	300	Ontario Mining	2½	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅛
24	24½	400	Pacific Mail	24	24¼	24	24¼	+ ½
27	28	300	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	28	28	28	28	..
111½	111⅝	900	Penn. R. R.	111½	111⅝	111¼	111⅜	..
43⅞	44¼	1,040	Pressed Steel Car	43⅞	44¼	43⅞	44¼	+1
155	155½	100	Pullman Co.	155	155	155	155	+ ½
1¼	1⅜	100	Quicksilver	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	− ⅛
2⅛	2⅜	100	Quicksilver pf.	2½	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅝
29	29	400	Railway Steel Spr.	28½	29	28½	28⅞	+ ⅝
21⅞	22¼	3,066	Ray Con. Copper	22	22½	22	22	..
165⅞	166	45,200	Reading	166	166⅝	165⅝	166	+ ⅝
89	90	70	Reading 2d pf.	90	90	90	90	..
23⅛	23⅝	680	Rep. Iron & Steel.	23	23½	23	23¼	+ ⅛
86¼	87	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	86½	86½	86½	86½	+ ⅛
3¼	3¾	250	Rock Island Co.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	− ⅛
10	10⅜	700	Rumely, (M.) Co.	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
28½	30	100	Rumely (M.,) Co. pf.	29	29	29	29	+1
2½	3	200	St. L. & San F.	2½	2¾	2½	2½	+ ⅛
10½	..	300	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	9	10½	9	10½	+ ½
5½	..	400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	5	5	5	5	+1
21⅜	22¼	333	St. L. Southwestern.	22	22	21⅞	21⅞	− ⅛
19⅝	20	100	Seab. Air Line.	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	+ ⅛
54	54¼	400	Seab. Air Line pf.	54½	54⅝	54½	54½	+ ⅛
186	187	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	187	187	187	187	+ ⅝
28	30	200	S.-S. S. & I. Co.	28	28	28	28	+2
92⅜	93	9,600	Southern Pacific	93¼	93⅝	92⅞	92⅞	..
24½	24⅞	1,550	So. Railway ext.	25	25	24⅞	24⅞	+ ⅛
79	79⅝	200	So. Railway pf. ext.	79	79½	79	79½	+ ⅛
39	39⅛	110	Standard Milling	39½	39½	39½	39½	+ ⅛
64½	65¾	100	Standard Mill. pf.	65½	65½	65½	65½	+ ⅛
34½	34⅝	2,750	Studebaker Co.	34	35½	34	34⅝	+ ⅛
91⅜	91⅞	400	Studebaker Co. pf.	91	92	91	91⅝	+1⅛
35¼	35½	2,700	Tennessee Copper	35½	35⅝	35½	35½	+ ⅛
140⅞	142⅜	1,000	Texas Co.	142⅜	142⅝	141	141	+ ⅛
42½	42¾	950	Third Avenue	42⅜	42⅝	42½	42½	+ ⅛
105	106	100	Twin City R. T.	105½	105½	105½	105½	+ ⅛
157¼	157½	16,400	Union Pacific	157¼	157⅝	157½	157½	+ ⅛
83⅝	84½	100	Union Pacific pf.	84	84	84	84	+ ⅛
47¼	48	100	United Cigar Mfrs.	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	+1½
96⅜	97	4	Un. Dry Goods pf.	97	97	97	97	+1
43	43¼	300	United Rys. Inv. pf.	42¾	43	42¾	43	..
59¾	61	100	U. S. Rub. & Imp. Co.	60	60	60	60	..
58⅝	59	212	U. S. Rubber	59	59	59	59	+ ⅛
102⅝	102⅞	500	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	103⅛	103	102⅞	102⅞	+ ⅛
61¼	61⅜	42,500	U. S. Steel.	61¼	61⅝	61¼	61⅜	+ ⅛
109½	110	400	U. S. Steel pf.	110	110	110	110	+ ⅛
58	58⅛	7,400	Utah Copper	58⅛	58⅛	57⅞	58	+ ⅛
28⅝	29¼	400	Va.-Car. Chemical.	29⅛	29⅞	29¼	29½	− ⅛
100	102⅝	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	101½	101⅝	101½	101½	+ ¼
40	56	100	Va. Iron C. & C.	45	45	45	45	..
1	1¼	100	Wabash	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛
23½	23⅝	200	Western Maryland.	23½	23½	23½	23½	+1
62¼	62⅝	600	Western Union Tel.	62½	62½	62½	62⅜	+ ⅜
75¼	75½	2,500	Westingh. E. & M.	75¼	75⅝	75¼	75¼	− ⅛
97½	100	200	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	98	98	98	98	+ ⅝
116	117⅝	100	Woolworth pf.	117	117	117	117	..

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	96	97¼	Pan 2s, r.	..	..
2s, c. 1930	96¼	96⅜	1938	96¼	..
3s, r. 1918	101	101⅜	Pan 3s, r.	..	..
3s, c. 1918	101	102	1961	100	101⅛
4s, r. 1925	108	110⅜	Pan 3s, c.	..	..
4s, c. 1925	109⅛	..	1961	100	102
Pan 2½s, r. 1936	96¼	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	102	104	Col F & I pf.	126	130
Am Ag Ch pf.	94	95	Crex Carp.	70	80
A B S pf.	96½	99	Cub-Am S.	..	80
A B S & F pf.	85½	90	Do pf.	84	84
Am Cities.	31	34	D & Co pf, ex div.	93¼	93½
Am Coal.	88	100	Del & H.	150	152½
Am Cr Fr.	84	86	D & R G.	11	13
Am Cot O pf, ex d.	93½	..	Do pf.	20	23
Am Exp.	102½	104	D M & Ft Dodge.	8	10
A H & L.	..	4¼	Do pf.	9	..
Do pf.	21	21½	Det Ed.	112½	114
Am L pf.	27	30	Det & M.	85	..
A Loc pf.	99	100	Do pf.	85	..
Am Malt.	3¾	4	Am S S & A pf.	4	5
Am Snuff.	158	165	Do pf.	8	11
Do pf.	106	106	Erie 2d pf.	36½	38
Am Steel F'dries.	31	35	F M & S.	14	15
Am S Ref pf.	111	114	Gen Ch.	160	171
A T & C.	57½	60	Helme (G W) Co.	150	165
Am Tob pf.	106½	108	Do pf.	108½	126
Am Wool.	16¼	17¾	Homest'ke.	116	120
Am Wr Pa pf.	12	13	Hock Val.	126	..
Assets R.	15	20	Homest'ke.	116	120
Atl C L.	123½	125½	Inger-R	110	..
Bald Loc.	47¾	49¾	Do pf.	92	..
Do pf.	107⅞	109	Int. Arms.	13	19
Batop M.	⅞	1	Do pf.	13	25
Br Sh Co.	45	50	Int H pf.	116¾	116
Do pf.	90½	92½	Int H Car.	105	106
B R G.	126	127½	Int Paper.	9	9⅛
Bruns Ter.	6	7⅛	Int St P.	6	7
B R & P.	105	113½	Do pf.	18	20
Do pf.	116¼	138	Iowa Cent.	6	7
Butt'k pf.	27	28	Do pf.	13	19
Canada So.	57	60	K C, Ft S & M pf.	73¼	77
Cent L pf.	100⅜	101	Kan C So.	60	61⅜
C R R of N J.	300	325	Kayser (J) & Co.	90	92½
Chi & Alt.	5	9¼	Do 1st pf.	107	109
Do pf.	12	12½	Ker & M.	4	6
C, I & L pf.	50	80	Do pf.	38	..
C & N W pf.	175	185	Kresge (S S) Co.	96¼	99
Chi. St. P, M & Om.	125	130	Do pf.	102	104
Do pf.	134	140	Lack Steel.	90½	89
C, C & St L.	23	25	L E & W.	5	8
Do pf.	51¼	52	Do pf.	15	20
Clett-P.	97	99	L & M pf.	115	117½
Col & So.	22½	23	Long Isl'd.	28	34
Do 1st pf.	35	41	L-W Bla.	30	32½
Do 2d pf.	31	35	Do 1st pf.	100	108
			Do 2d pf.	93	93½
Pitts S pf.	83	87			
Pr St Car pf.	101¼	102½			
Ry Sec.	111	113½			
R R Sec I C stk c.	..	78			
Ry St Spr pf.	94	98½			
Rdg 1st pf.	88	88¼			
Rock I pf.	4¾	5			
St L & S F, C & E.	3	10			
St L & S W pf.	..	50			
Sears-R pf.	126½	125			
S-S S & I pf.	81	87			
Sc R M & O eftf.	71	85			
Texas Pac.	15½	16½			
T P L Tr.	98	105			
T, St L & W pf.	7	12			
Do pf.	12¼	16			
T C R T pf.	125¼	..			
Und Type.	75	80			
Do pf.	108	112			
U B & P pf.	5	6			
Do pf.	20	22½			
Un Clg M pf.	102	103			
Un Dry G.	80	85			
U Rys In.	16	17			
U S C I P.	9¾	11			
Do pf.	37¼	40			
U S Exp.	71	75			
U S Ind A.	15	30			
Do pf.	82	84			
U S R 2d pf.	70	87			
Vand R R.	85	..			
Va R & P.	50	50½			
Vul Det.	6	11			
Do pf.	21	85			
Wabash pf	5½	4			
W P Exp.	86½	89			
W Md pf.	..	58½			
W E & M 1st pf.	120	123			
Weym-B.	215	300			
Wheel pf.	110	120			
W & L E.	3½	4½			
Do 1st pf.	13	16			
Do 2d pf.	5	8			
Wis Cent.	40	44			

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Receipts and expenditures:

	May 14.	Month.	Fiscal Y'r.
Customs	$920,204	$9,655,783	$257,430,289
Int. rev. ord.	1,010,900	11,170,504	267,818,593
Corp. & inc. t.	121,857	1,077,812	7,679,048
Miscellaneous.	129,468	2,414,906	45,964,590
Total rcts.	2,181,080	24,318,809	578,892,531
Expenditures.	3,102,899	29,186,741	618,104,951
Deficit	920,998	4,864,932	39,312,420

SPLIT OVER OIL QUOTATIONS

Trouble on Curb Market May Affect Association's Election.

The rift which opened several months ago between the big dealers in Standard Oil securities and commission brokers has widened until there promises to be a sharp contest between the factions for control of offices in the Curb Association when the annual election is held next month. The trouble arose over the matter of quoting prices in individual sales on the Curb. The dealers opposed the admission of Standard Oil shares to a place on the daily quotation sheet last Winter, and ever since they were voted down by other members of the association there has been much friction.

The dealers, who had the business in oil stocks pretty well in their own hands before the shares were quoted on the Curb, have been working for some time against the recording of individual transactions. Their influence in the Board of Representatives of the Curb Association, it was said yesterday, was responsible for a letter which was written to the Bennett Press, which reports the sales, demanding that a change should be made. The board desired that only the high, low, and last prices should be reported, with the total sales for the day. The decision of the Curb authorities, in the form of a resolution, was posted on the Curb yesterday.

The brokers who buy and sell the oil shares on a commission basis only sided with the Bennett Press. They favored a report of every sale in the oil crowd, asserting that only in this way could a close margin be maintained between bid and asked prices. The dealers have said that, in their opinion, the increase of speculation following general trading in the oil-stocks in Broad Street has worked harm to investors. The commission men replied to this that all that bothered the dealers was the fact that they saw a lot of good business getting away from them.

The Bennett Press, it was learned last night, will continue to report consecutive sales. A further stipulation contained in the order of the Board of Representatives was that a unit of five shares should be considered as a basis of recording the high, low, and last prices. The Curb Association as a whole has favored a unit of trading for some time, and the new regulation was looked upon as a step toward a real "reform" of trading in the Standard Oil stocks.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reported so far for the first week of May show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being stated separately:

Seven roads	$1,985,800	—$24,013
Twenty-two roads	9,510,742	—1,103,174
Twenty-nine roads	11,496,542	—1,079,161

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE for April—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	$407,922	$379,728	$380,902
Net	87,385	*135,205	15,140
10 r os. gross.	6,636,672	6,325,

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Pressure continues high over the East and South and great central valleys and is low over the Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions. This distribution has resulted in moderate temperatures and generally fair weather over the greater part of the country, although there were scattered rains on the South Atlantic Coast, the Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions and on the California Coast.

Generally fair weather will continue Saturday and Sunday throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States, the upper Ohio Valley, and the region of the Great Lakes.

In the lower Ohio and Mississippi valleys generally fair weather Saturday will be followed by showers Sunday, while over the Plains States, the Rocky Mountain and Plateau region the weather will be unsettled Saturday and Sunday, with showers and thunderstorms.

No important temperature changes are indicated for any part of the country during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be light west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, mostly northeast and east.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate temperature; light, variable winds.

Western New York—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	53	56	4 P. M.	54	65
6 A. M.	51	52	6 P. M.	52	64
9 A. M.	54	59	9 P. M.	53	58
12 M.	54	64	11 P. M.	53	56

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 56; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 59.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 54; at 8 P. M. it was 60. Maximum temperature, 66 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 52 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 50 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 29 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.15 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.15 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
10:30—3 E. 13 St.; L. Blyce	Slight
P. M.	Loss.
12:05—Front of 181 E. 87 St.; Bradley Contracting Co.	Slight
1:15—887 Madison Av.; Rose Smith	Slight
1:20—521 E. 11 St.; Annie Kirth	$1,500
3:10—Ft. W. 47 St. and D. Street Co.	Slight
4:15—326 W. 100 St.; not given	Slight
4:25—203 W. 144 St.; John Hines	Slight
6:59—613 E. 187 St.; S. Tenscalonelle	Slight
7:20—1,645 Madison Av.; J. Schwartz	$15
7:30—8 Burling Slip; Mark Press	$1,500
8:20—115 W. Houston St.; Aaron & Silberstein	Slight
8:40—78 Eldridge St.; Annie Cohen	Slight
8:40—2,215 8 Av.; Anne Krieger	$1,500
8:45—405 6 Av.; not given	Slight
8:45—63 W. 56; Max Alexander	Slight
10:50—1,412 Washington Av.; J. Lipscitz	Slight

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BERGMAN, JACOB, (Jan. 8, 1914;) net estate, $68,108; bank, $48,216; bonds and mtges., $39,291; 2 bonds St. Louis & San F. R. R., $1,460.

BRICE, ANDREW, (May 22, 1913;) net estate, $147,618; 165 E. 80 St., $15,000; two lots in Intervale Av., near Freeman St., Bronx, $12,500; bank, $6,331; stocks and bonds, $131,061; stocks, 350 shares U. P., 500 U. S. Steel com., 100 U. S. Steel pf., 400 Am. Cop., 100 Corn Products Co., 52 W. U. Tel. Co.

BROOKS, GEORGE G., (Apr. 9, 1912;) net estate, $25,928; bank, $165; insurance, $12,222; notes, $8,065; personal, $375; 400 shres Bramhall-Deane Co. stock, $15,872; At. Mut. Ins. Co., scrip, $2,547.

BROWN, ALFRED S., (Sept. 25, 1906;) supplemental report reduces net personal estate to $73,554 by allowing deduction of $10,000 for claim held against estate by decedent's widow.

BULGER, MARGARET, (Oct. 25, 1912;) net estate, $172; bank, $510.

BUNKE, RATJE, (Oct. 10, 1912;) net estate, $208,801; 410 E. 141 St., $34,000; 420 E. 141 St., $34,000; 23 Fairmount Pl., $25,000; 427-433 E. 164 St., $45,000; 440-442-444 E. 102 St., $35,000; 446-448-50 E. 102 St., $28,000; 408-410 E. 110 St., $14,500; total realty less mtges., &c., $198,589; bank, $10,683; notes and mtges., $23,731; stocks, $1,220.

FELL, ORRIN EDGAR, (Aug. 7, 1914;) net estate, $14,308; bank, $842; personal, $100; insurance, $10,010; stock, $3,975; 5 shares Am. Light & Traction com., 25 shares Kelly-Springfield Motor Truck Co.

FUERST, MARTHA, (Aug. 17, 1913;) net estate, $1,557; bank, $1,992; jewelry, $50.

GLEASON, MARY, (Oct. 26, 1913;) net estate, $9,411; 1,253-1,255 Edison Av., Bronx, $3,500; 1,234-1,230 Edison Av., Bronx, $5,400; bank, $1,200.

GORDON, MARY SMYTHE, (May 13, 1913;) net estate, $9,888; bank, $11,549; personal, $1,554.

KUBO, ISABELLA, (May 6, 1913;) net estate, $5,101; bank, $5,685.

LEARNED, JANE E., (April 27, 1910;) supplemental report increases net estate to $350,947 by addition of 2,000 shres of New York Central stock, valued at $719.

McCARTY, MARY, (May 21, 1911;) net New York estate, $4,300; bank, $5,000.

MALONEY, MARY, (June 7, 1911;) net estate, $467; bank, $800.

MESA Y HERNANDEZ, TIRSO, (Nov. 28, 1906;) net estate, $1,437,571; stocks and bonds, $1,654,186; real and personal, $3,163; live stock, $4,375; furniture, $7,807; auto, $3,500; claims, $7,875; sugar, $21,000; rents due, $8,920; bonds, $75,000 West Shore Railroad, $38,000 Michigan Central Railroad, $25,000 Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, $72,000 New York, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, $30,000 Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, $80,000 New York City, $225,000 Narcissa Sugar Company; stock, 500 shares Western Railway of Havana, stock in United Railways of Havana.

MULCAHY, FRANK J., (Aug. 19, 1912;) gross estate in New York, $12,500; land at Briarwood Lane and Acyrcad Avenue, $2,500; 600 acres of land at Jamaica Estates, L. I., $10,000.

NATHANSON, ISIDOR, (June 30, 1913;) net estate, $4,471; bank, $1,497; commissions due as salesman, $2,044; insurance, $2,217; jewelry, $25.

OGDEN, WALLACE, (Nov. 5, 1912;) net estate, $1,649; bank, $2,468; household and personal, $141; stock, $818; 10 shares Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, 200 Tri-Bullion Smelting and Development Company, 1 New York Society Library.

PRINGLE, CHARLES S., (Jan. 9, 1914;) net estate, $3,639; bank and stocks, $6,240.

SCHLEUTERMANN, ALBERT, (March 1, 1913;) net estate, $7,014; bank, $6,540; liquor business at 1,627 Second Avenue, $1,700.

SCRWAB, GUSTAV H., (Nov. 12, 1912;) net estate, $657,065; 31 West Forty-seventh Street, $75,000; 80 acres at Scarborough-on-Hudson, $116,700; one-ninth interest in land at Sedgwick Avenue and 170th Street, Bronx, $3,444; bank, $952; household effects, $6,700; notes, $7,078; insurance, $16,206; stocks, $21,089; interest in Deichs & Co., $446,943.

SHEA, JOHANNA, (Feb. 1, 1914;) net estate, $1,859; bank, $2,116.

STRONG, HELEN FRISBIE, (Nov. 1, 1913;) net estate, $405,691; bank, $1,793; jewelry and personal, $9,081; stocks and bonds, $404,102; 702 shares American Light and Traction Company preferred, 943 American Light and Traction Company common.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BABCOCK, MARIA, (April 21;) $500 personalty to Almira S. Babcock, sister.

DALTON, ADA M., (Feb. 19, 1913;) $482 personalty to Sydney Dalton, son.

HAVILAND, CHARLES T., (Jan. 13;) personalty of unestimated value to Florence Haviland, wife.

HERVEAUX, LEON D., (March 14;) more than $1,000 realty to Lucy Jennie Herveaux, wife.

HILDRETH, FLORENCE, (April 1;) $10,000 personalty to Clarence Hildreth, grandson; specific bequests and one-third of residuary estate each to Florence H. Fischer and Violet Victoria Hyams, daughters; one-third of residuary estate to Mary H. Steinman, daughter.

LOWENFELD, JOSEPHINE, (April 11;) $5,000 realty and $1,500 personalty; uncomputed amounts to Samuel and Abraham H. Weisberger, sons, and Rose Berg and Matilda Ghertler, daughters; $200 each to Cora and David Ghertler and Philip, Aaron, and Beulah Berg, grandchildren.

MARS, J. EUGENE, (March 19;) about $500 realty to Alice Mars, wife.

SKILLMAN, WILLIAM J., (Feb. 21;) $1,062 personalty; $500 to Ernest D. Skillman, son; $400 each to Mary H. Hatch, daughter, and Willett R. and Lionel G. Skillman, sons; $200 each to Arthur D. Skillman, son; Maurice Skillman, grandson, and Katharine, Eileen, and Eleanor Skillman, granddaughters; $100 each to Laurence and Roy Skillman, grandsons; $185 each to Charles L. and John S. Skillman, grandsons.

STRYKOWER, ABRAHAM, (May 4;) $5,500 personalty; about $500 and life interest in about $4,000 to Sadie Strykower, wife; about $50 and contingent interest in $1,400 to Joel Raphael Strykower, son; contingent int. in $2,600 to Ethel Laura Strykower, daughter.

WEINBERGER, BERNHARD, (Jan. 4;) estate of unestimated value to Susanne Weinberger, wife.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
ROME.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Rotterdam, May 15.
SS St Louis, at Southampton, May 15.
SS Olympic, at Plymouth, May 15.
SS Ockenfels, at Colombo, May 13.
SS Pannonia, at Naples, May 14.
SS Baltic, at Queenstown, May 15.
SS Kaiser Auguste Victoria, at Cherbourg, May 15.
SS Calliphe, at La Plata, May 14.
SS Mineric, at Hogo, May 12.
SS Teakwood, at Pembroke, May 12.
SS Hungarian Prince, at Santos, May 13.
SS Prins Willem I., at Madeira, May 13.
SS Volumnia, at Shanghai, May 13.
SS Ivernia, at Madeira, May 15.
SS America, at Gibraltar, May 15.
SS Taurus, at Fernambuco, May 15.
SS Curaca, at Punta Arenas, May 15.
SS Duncluthe, at Punta Arenas, May 15.
SS Chiniu, at Valparaiso, May 15.
SS Dorothy, at Valparaiso, May 15.

Sailed.

SS Vaterland, from Southampton, May 15.
SS Moltke, from Palermo, May 14.
SS Italia, from Palermo, May 15.
SS Argentina, from Trieste, May 9.
SS Ultonia, from Lisbon, May 14.
SS Oruba, from Barbadoes, May 13.
SS Crofton Hall, from Callao, May 13.
SS Kansas City, from Dublin, May 14.
SS Biskargi, from Sagunto, May 14.
SS Cincinnati, from Southampton, May 15.

Passed.

SS Wildenfels, for New York from Calcutta, passed Perim.
SS Arcadian, New York for Southampton, passed Ushant.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.
Hawaii (v a San Francisco)—Sierra...May 21
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—Chicago Maru.....May 21
Tahiti, Margrusas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) via San Francisco—Moana...May 22

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—A retiring board is appointed to meet at San Francisco from time to time for the examination of such officers as may be ordered before it. Detail for the board: Brig. Gen. J. P. Wisser, Col. John L. Chamberlain, Inspector General; Col. H. S. Wallace, Q. M. C.; Lt. Col. W. P. Kendall, Med. Corps; Maj. W. F. Truby, Med. Corps, and Recorder; Capt. H. J. Brees, 1st Cav., aid de camp. Maj. R. Brooke and Capt. J. W. Ruhlen, M. C., as medical examiners and witnesses before the board.

Capt. J. Prentice, C. A. C., 71 to 151 Co.

These officers of the Med. Corps to the evacuation hospital, Galveston: Capts. C. H. Connor and G. P. Peed.

1st Lt. M. M. Eckert, M. R. C., to active duty at Ft. Wood, N. Y.

1st Lt. H. G. Sharpe, 8th Inf., before retiring board at San Francisco for examination.

C. A. C. transfers—Capts. R. H. Jordan, 133 to 146 Co.; S. C. Cardwell, from 146 to 133 Co.

2d Lt. F. A. Englehart, C. A. C., as member of board appointed May 11, vice 1st Lt. T. A. Clark, C. A. C., relieved.

1st Lt. J. H. Lawson, M. R. C., as member of the board appointed May 1, vice Maj. E. A. Truby, M. C., relieved.

Col. E. Swift, 8th Cav., from assignment to that regiment, June 14, to the United States, and report to the Adj. Gen. for further orders.

Col. C. W. Taylor, Cav., unassigned, is assigned to the 8th Cav., June 15.

Leave—Capt. E. Croft, Inf., rect. officer, two days.

Navy Orders.

R. Adm. W. McLean, commiss'd, from March 10, 1914.

R. Adm. C. F. Pond, commiss'd, from Feb. 13, 1914.

Capt. T. Washington and Com. J. P. Morton, commiss'd, from April 9, 1914.

Jr. Lt. J. Parker, Jr., to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Surg. J. S. Taylor, Training St., Great Lakes, Ill., to the Illinois.

Naval Const. F. G. Coburn, E. G. Kintner, and A. H. Van Keuren, commiss'd from April 30, 1914.

Chief Pharmacist R. F. S. Puck, commiss'd from Feb. 24, 1914.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Cleveland at Acapulco, Solace at N. Y. Yard, Mayflower and Rocket at Washington, Des Moines and Dolphin at Tampico, Reid, Flusser, and Preston at Charleston, Butte at Tunalga.

Sailed—Beale and Jarvis, Vera Cruz for Tampico; Mexico, (chartered,) Vera Cruz for New Orleans; Galveston, Chingwangtao for Nagasaki; Mars, Portsmouth, N. H., for Hampton Roads; Tacoma, Warrington and Henley, Tampico, to sea.

The Intrepid has relieved the Marblehead as receiving ship at the Navy Yard, Mare Island, Cal.

The flag of the Commander, Fourth Div., Atl. fleet, has been temporarily transferred from the Connecticut to the Des Moines.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The mental test for probation officer will be held on May 28, and 786 candidates have qualified. On the same day the written examination for inspector of public works will be held at Terrace Garden and at 24 Lafayette Street. There are 508 candidates.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has extended the time for receiving applications for electrician, X-Ray, up to and including May 28.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination, at the New York Custom House, for dental interne, for men only, on June 3, to fill a vacancy, at $600 per annum, with maintenance, in the Government Hospital for the Insane, Washington. The department says that it reserves the right to terminate the appointment at the expiration of one year of service if it is deemed advisable to do so. In addition to many interesting cases presented, the dental interne is given an excellent opportunity for study and for doing experimental and research work in the pathological, histological, and other laboratories of the institution. Competitors will be examined in letter writing, anatomy and physiology, chemistry, materia medica, and therapeutics, dental pathology, oral surgery, operative dentistry, prosthetic dentistry, bacteriology, histology and hygiene, and orthodontia. Applicants are required to be graduates or senior students of regularly incorporated dental colleges. The names of senor students will not be certified for appointment until they have furnished proof of actual graduation. Age, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

MUNICH. SEASON 1914 MAY TO OCTOBER

Richard Wagner and Mozart Festival
Prince Regent Theatre
PARSIFAL
The Ring of the Nibelung. The Mastersingers of Nuremberg. Tristan and Isolde.
July 31st — September 15th
Royal Residence Theatre
Figaro's Wedding — Cosi fan tutte. — Don Giovanni — The Elopement from the Serail.
Royal Court Theatre
The Magic Flute.
July 31st — September 15th
Programmes and tickets: Official Bavarian Tourist Office

Permanent Exhibition Ground of the City of Munich
Under the auspices of His Majesty King LUDWIG III
Gas Exhibition
Comprising its development, together with its industrial and private uses
JULY AND AUGUST.

Marionette Theatre
The old Play of Dr. FAUST.—Small Classical Operas.
(Dolls by Munich artists)
May 15th — September 15th
Programmes and tickets: Official Bavarian Tourist Office

Munich Annual ART EXHIBITION
Royal Crystal Palace
June — October
Munich Artists' Association

International Secession Exhibition of Fine Arts
Munich, Konigsplatz
May 15th — October 31st

OFFICIAL BAVARIAN TOURIST OFFICE, Ltd.
FORMERLY SCHENKER & CO.—MUNICH—16 PROMENADEPLATZ
CORRESPONDENTS OF THOS. COOK & SON.
Automobiles for Hire. — Daily Motor Car Excursions in and around Munich. — Excursion to the Bavarian Royal Castles and the Bavarian Highlands of the Dolomites.

MUNICH LEADING HOTELS:
HOTEL BAYERISCHER HOF
HOTEL CONTINENTAL
HOTEL LEINFELDER
PARK HOTEL
HOTEL REGINA PALAST
HOTEL RUSSISCHER HOF
HOTEL VIER JAHRESZEITEN

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:45|Sun sets..7:11|Moon rises..12:54

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:32	1:28	7:00	7:27
Governors Island	12:37	1:58	7:41	8:13
Hell Gate	2:47	3:48	9:21	9:53

Arrived—Friday, May 15.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, May 9.
SS Cedric, Liverpool, May 7.
SS Ancona, Palermo, May 2.
SS Caserta, Palermo, May 2.
SS Amanda, Baracoa, May 10.
SS Inverclyde, Bremen, April 28.
SS Storbond, Maracas, May 9.
SS Taunton, Sama, May 9.
SS Kentucky, Gibraltar, April 28.
SS El Siglo, Galveston, May 9.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, May 12.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, May 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Provence	Havre	May 9
Kaiser Franz Josef I.	Algiers	May 6
Frederik VIII.	Copenhagen	May 4
Alamo	Galveston	May 9
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 13
Texas	New Orleans	May 9

DUE TO-MORROW.

California	Glasgow	May 9
San Giorgio	Palermo	May 2
Laconia	Naples	May 5
Genesee	Liverpool	May 2
Thessalonika	Patras	April 27
Exeter City	Swansea	April 30
Nickerie	Trinidad	May 9
Regina d'Italia	Naples	April 28
Conrad Mohr	Shields	May 2
Colorado	Hull	May 1
City of Savannah	Savannah	May 4

DUE MONDAY.

Lapland	Antwerp	May 9
Amerika	Southampton	May 10
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	May 9
Rochambeau	Havre	May 9
Minnetonka	Southampton	May 9
Bergensfjord	Bergen	May 9
Germania	Horta	May 10
Dunstan	Barbadoes	May 11
Brazos	San Juan	May 13
Albingia	Inagua	May 14
Bermudian	Bermuda	May 16
Calamares	Port Limon	May 13
El Sol	Galveston	May 12

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Imperator, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	3:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Frinz Ethel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Strathroy, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Tennyson, Bahia	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Saramacca, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
George Washington, Bremen		1:00 A.M.
Finland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow		12:00 M.
Patria, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London		10:30 A.M.
Yaguez, San Juan		12:00 M.
Santa Clara, Havana		12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Jefferson, Norfolk	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

*Kronprincessin Cecilie, Bremen		1:00 A.M.
Lusitania, Liverpool	2:30 A.M.	6:00 P.M.
Carpathia, Gibraltar	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hamburg, Gibraltar	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mayaro, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Siam, Uruguay	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Caserta, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam		1:00 A.M.
Port Antonio, Port Antonio		10:00 A.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

*Mails close at 9 P. M. Monday.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 15.

SS Laconia, Fiume to New York, was 780 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due 17th, afternoon. Cunard Line.

SS Frederik VIII., Copenhagen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 12:32 P. M.; due 19th, forenoon. Scandinavian-American Line.

SS Colorado, Hull to New York, was 302 miles E. at noon; due 16th, afternoon. Wilson Line.

SS Kaiser Franz Josef I., Trieste to New York, was 490 miles E. at noon; due 16th, afternoon. Austro-American Line.

SS Provence, Havre to New York, was 658 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 19th, late, or early 17th. French Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Frieda, Sabine to New York, was 158 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Camaguey, Vera Cruz to New York, was 160 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 35 miles W. of Sand Key at 8 A. M.

SS Brilliant, Baton Rouge to New York, was 124 miles E. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 111 miles E. of Jupiter and at 24.

SS John D. Archbold, New Orleans to New York, was 2 miles N. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 118 miles E. of Sabine Bar at 7 A. M.

SS Larimer, Port Arthur to New York, was 190 miles E. of Sabine Bar at noon.

SS Nickerie, Port of Spain to New York, was 250 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 120 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 188 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 11 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 21 miles N. of Jupiter at 6 P. M.

SS Calamares, Limon to New York, was 1,186 miles S. at 8 P. M.

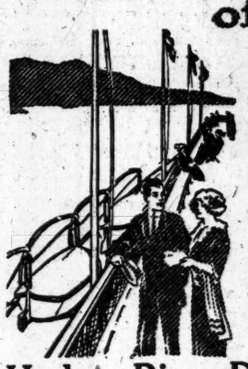
Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. May 18, SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 19, SS Ivernia.
Greece—Close at 12 M. May 19, SS Thessaloniki.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 19, SS Carpathia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. May 18, SS Ryndam.
Italy—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 19, SS Hamburg.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

In the Highlands of the Hudson

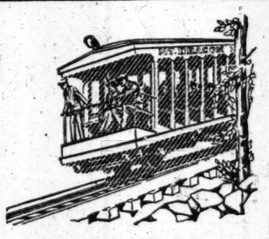


May calls you to the Open—the Day Line takes you there. Don't miss the most wonderful one day's outing in the world.

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Special Decoration Day trips to Kingston Point and return, Strs. Hendrick Hudson and Washington Irving.

Hudson River Day Line DESBROSSES ST. PIER NEW YORK



ON SUNDAY

Take boat foot Franklin St. 9 A. M. or West 129th St. 9:30 A. M., sail up the Hudson on palatial steamer Homer Ramsdell to Fishkill, and from there enjoy that marvelous trip on the inclined railway

UP MOUNT BEACON

Bring the boys and girls, too. Only quiet, refined people for companions. Same steamer home, and back in good season.

$1.00 FISHKILL AND RETURN.

A whole day's pleasure in the open air. Music and a good restaurant aboard, with luncheon at moderate prices. No bar. Just the trip to pass a delightful Sunday. *Don't Miss It*

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Special Up Hudson Trips.
2½ Hours at Highland Falls
1 Hour at Newburgh
Fare SUNDAYS, MAY 17-24,
50Cts. Round Trip
Lve. Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; W. 129th St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M. Restaurant and bar under Company's management.
SPECIAL MUSIC.

"The Public be pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.65
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.75
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free. Outside Rooms, $1.00. Wireless Equipment. Uptown Office—Broadway & 23d St. 'Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.40 BOSTON $2.40
Worcester, $2.40; Providence direct, $1.50.
O'nside Two-Birth Staterooms, $1.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway; Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Battery Pier, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.

SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON
Steamer every Sunday morning for Yonkers, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany, and Troy. Music, dancing. Dining service a la carte.

To POUGHKEEPSIE and RETURN SAME DAY
$1.00 ROUND TRIP
Steamer Trojan or Rensselaer leaves New York, Pier 32, N. R., 10 A. M., every Sunday. leaves W. 132d St. Pier 10:30 A. M.

Steamer for Albany every night at 6 o'clock, Pier 32, N. R.; W. 132d St. Pier, 6:45 P. M.

Special Trips, Decoration Day.
Hudson Navigation Company
PHONE 9400 SPRING

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.; Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.

New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 3:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. of Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices, and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5121.
The New England Steamship Co.

Up the Hudson
Albany—Troy—and the North.
Steamers "Berkshire" (New) "C. W. Morse"—"Trojan" and "Rensselaer" in commission.
Music. Dining Service a la Carte.
Pier 32, N. R.—Daily 6:00 P. M. W. 132d St. Pier 6:30 P. M. For Troy:—6:45 P.M. For Albany:—Sundays 10:00 A.M. W. 132nd St. Pier 10:30 A.M.
SPECIAL TRIPS DECORATION DAY.
"The Searchlight Route"
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
Phone 9400 Spring.

MANHATTAN LINE
To ALBANY
Fare 1.00 ROUND TRIP $1.50. GOOD 10 DAYS.
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 125th St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9236 Spring.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Passenger service Mon., Wed., Fri., Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 5:30 P. M. Freight Service Daily. 'Phone 1097 Spring.
SAUGERTIES BOAT leaves Pier 43, foot of Christopher St., Mons., Weds., & Fridays 6:30 P.M.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK. County of Albany.—THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, Plaintiffs, vs. THE METROPOLITAN SURETY COMPANY, Defendant.

Sirs:

Please take notice that, pursuant to Sec. 158 of the General Corporation Law, John F. Yawger, as Receiver of The Metropolitan Surety Company, filed his account as such Receiver covering the period from June 30, 1913, to May 1, 1914, in the office of the Clerk of the County of Albany, and a duplicate thereof, together with the vouchers, with Hon. Thomas Carmody, the Attorney General of the State of New York, on the 12th day of May, 1914, and that said Receiver will make application to the Supreme Court, County of Albany, at a Special Term thereof appointed to be held in and for said County, at the City Hall, in the City of Albany, on the 18th day of June, 1914, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard:

1. For an order of this Court directing said Receiver to pay such dividend as the Court may deem proper, pro rata to all the creditors whose claims have been allowed herein.

2. That this Court determine whether any creditor shall be preferred in any respect over other creditors.

3. That the said account of the said John F. Yawger, as Receiver of the Metropolitan Surety Company, be judicially settled, and the amount of the said John F. Yawger's commissions and additional allowance, as Receiver of the Metropolitan Surety Company, be determined.

4. For an order of this Court directing that the bond heretofore given by John F. Yawger, as Receiver herein, be reduced to such sum as this Court may deem proper, after the dividends provided for upon this application have been paid out by the said Receiver.

5. For such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated New York, May 12, 1914.

EDWARD R. FINCH,
Attorney for John F. Yawger, as Receiver of the Metropolitan Surety Company, office and Post Office address 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To
Hon. THOMAS CARMODY, Attorney General of the State of New York, The Capitol, Albany, New York.
Hon. FRANK HASBROUCK, Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York, Albany, New York.
AMERICAN SURETY COMPANY, surety on the official bond of John F. Yawger, as Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York City.
ARTHUR J. McCLURE, Esq., Attorney for John H. McClement, as Chairman of the Stockholders' Protective Committee, 61 Broadway, New York City.
All stockholders and creditors and parties claiming to be creditors of The Metropolitan Surety Company, and all owners or holders of policies of insurance or agreements of indemnity or guaranty issued or entered into by The Metropolitan Surety Company.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of APPEL HAT CO., Alleged Bankrupt.

Please take notice that personal property belonging to the alleged bankrupt, consisting of ladies' hats, materials used in the manufacture thereof, including large quantity of velvet, feathers, and straw braid, &c., also machinery and fixtures, will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 621 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of May, 1914, at 10:00 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 20th and 21st days of May, 1914, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, May 14, 1914.

HERMAN WEISS, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,461.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE 14TH STREET STORE, bankrupt.

To the creditors of The 14th Street Store of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1914, the said The 14th Street Store was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 37 Nassau Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1914, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Notice is further given that at said meeting or the adjournments thereof any or all of the following business may be transacted:

(a.) Application may be made at said meeting by the attorneys for the petitioning creditors for compensation if they be so authorized to do by order of this court.

(b.) Application may be made for payment of any necessary or proper expenses of the proceeding, including compensation to all persons entitled thereto.

(c.) Applications may be made for orders authorizing the Trustee to be appointed to compromise, adjust, contest, or otherwise dispose of any claims in favor of or against the bankrupt, including any such disposition of the claims of Simpson Crawford Company, Merchants' Express Company, Rothenberg & Company, L. A. Price, and claims of landlords against The 14th Street Store as may be approved by the court.

(d.) Applications may be made at said first meeting be made for the payment of dividends to creditors and generally for such orders and decrees as may be proper or advisable with reference to any or all matters relating to the administration of the assets and affairs of said bankrupt, and such orders and decrees will be made at said first meeting or any adjournments thereof in reference to any or all of said matters as may be deemed proper or advisable.

Any or all of said applications may be made and any or all of said orders will be made either at said first meeting or any adjournment or adjournments thereof without further notice to creditors.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
May 15th, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS STERN, Bankrupt.—No. 19,012.

To the creditors of Morris Stern, of the City, County, and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1914,

FAVORS COURT HOUSE SITE.

Committee That Made Original Selection Will Speak for New One.

At the hearing on the proposed change of the Court House site which will be held by the City Planning Committee of the Board of Estimate on Tuesday afternoon, support of the new plan will be forthcoming from the committee of civic associations which was called in two and a half years ago by President McAneny to assist in the selection of a site. As a result of their labors the site which it is now thought better to modify was chosen, but they are now in favor of shifting the Court House to the east of Centre Street.

Charles Stewart Davison of the New York County Lawyers' Association is Chairman of this committee, and among the other organizations represented on it are the Bar Association, the City Club, the Citizens' Union, the Architectural League, the Parks and Playgrounds Association, the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, and the Municipal Art Society.

Arnold W. Brunner, ex-President of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, who has made a special study of the laying out of cities, speaking yesterday of President McAneny's new plan, said that it seemed to him to be a considerable improvement on that originally formulated, as it presented an excellent opportunity for the grouping of public buildings, so as to develop a dignified and worthy civic centre.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired: Patrol Monroe Merritt, 40 Prect., at $432 a yr. Appointed Dec. 23, 1901.

Temporary Assignments: Patrol to Det Div., W. B. Kirk, 14 Prect; Morris Grossman, 55 Prect.; John Dondero, 36 Prect.; W. L. Ihnken, 80 Prect.; W. C. Hilderbrandt, 81 Prect.; Louis Ross, 170 Prect; and F. D. J. Pickett, 63 Prect. for 5 days; Samuel Dribben, 143 Prect.; Julius Cohen, 145 Prect., and J. N. Gassmann, 146 Prect. for 10 days; C. R. Wackerly, 167 Prect. for 5 days. To Manhattan Headquarters: Act. Det. Sergts. (first grade) R. F. Oliver and J. A. Watson, 2 Prects. for 10 days. Act. Det. Sergts. (second grade) Stephen Birmingham, 5 Prect; S. P. Gorman, 29 Prect., and R. A. Fennelly, 157 Prect. for 10 days.

Leaves (without pay): Patrol W. H. Foley, 15 Prect., day; James Horan, 63 Prect., 38 days; Herman Hollman, 16 Prect., 1 day.

Restored to Duty: Patrol. Henry Stake, 66 Prect., on May 14.

Fire Department.

Death announced: D. E. Hogan, Eng. 15, at 813 Henry St., B'klyn, on the 14th. Funeral on the 18th; members of Eng. 15 as funeral escort.

Leaves without pay: J. E. Byrne, Eng. 270, 12 hrs.; A. F. Ryan, Eng. 229, 12 hrs.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education has requested the Board of Estimate to recommend to the Board of Aldermen that six additional positions of inspector of masonry and carpentry, at $1,500 a year, be established for the Department of Education.

Instruction to the class in the Magdalen Home, which class is an annex to Public School 52, Manhattan, will be continued during July and August.

Room not needed for elementary school purposes in the new addition to Public School 20, Richmond, will be set aside as an annex to the Curtis High School.

Hattie E. Blumberg and Annie W. Hochfelder have been appointed as teachers of continuation classes.

The Board of Education has granted permission to "The Friends of 51" to place a Lincoln Gettysburg Address and memorial tablet in the auditorium of Public School 51, Manhattan.

City Supt. Maxwell has been authorized to employ twenty additional teachers for statistical work during July.

Permission has been granted to Morris E. Siegel, a teacher in Public School 12, Richmond, to attend the convention of the National Association of Employing Lithographers at Atlantic City June 4 and 5.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; light to moderate e. winds.

Fla.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably local showers in the Peninsula; moderate variable winds.

Ala., Miss., and La.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; mod. n. e. and e. winds.

East. Tex.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.; moderate e. winds.

West. Tex.—Cloudy Sat.; probably showers and warmer in the Pan Handle. Sun. fair.

Utah.—Thundershowers Sat. Sun. fair.

Okla.—Showers, warmer Sat. Sun. cloudy.

Ark.—Cloudy, probably showers in w. portion. Sun. showers.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair in e., cloudy in w. Sat. Sun. unsettled; probably showers.

Ohio—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; light variable winds.

Ind.—Fair Sat.; warmer in n. Sun.; cloudy; light to moderate variable winds.

Ill.—Fair Sat.; warmer in n. e. Sun. cloudy, probably showers in s. and w.; light variable winds, becoming moderate north.

Lower Mich., Upper Mich., and Wis.—Fair Sat. Sun. cloudy; light variable winds, becoming moderate s.

Minn.—Fair Sat. Sun. cloudy; moderate s. winds.

Iowa—Fair in e.; cloudy in w. Sat. Sun. unsettled; probably showers.

Mo.—Cloudy Sat., probably showers in w. Sun. showers.

N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Neb.—Cloudy, probably showers Sat. and Sun.

Kan.—Showers Sat. Sun. cloudy, probably showers in e.

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH. Union Services. 125 West 57th Street.

Dr. WOELFKIN at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School, 9:45; Bible Classes, 9:40 A. M. Friday, Prayer Meeting, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. REV. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor preaches, 11, "Christian Joy." 8, "Mending Men."

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 83d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. Pastor I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D. Broadway and 79th Street.

Dr. Haldeman will preach both Morning and Evening.

11 A. M.—"HAS GOD A PURPOSE IN THIS WORLD CONCERNING MAN; OR, IS EVERYTHING GOING BY CHANCE? DOES MAN LIVE AND END LIKE THE BEAST? IS HUMAN LIFE NOTHING BETTER THAN HOPELESS, POINTLESS ANIMALISM FROM FIRST TO LAST?"

8 P. M.—" WHY DID JESUS CHRIST COME INTO THIS WORLD? DID HE COME TO TEACH THE IMMORALITY OF WEALTH, AND THE DUTY OF MAN TO SHARE HIS PROPERTY WITH HIS FELLOW-MAN; OR, IS THE IDEA THAT JESUS CHRIST WAS A SOCIALIST WITHOUT FOUNDATION IN SCRIPTURE?"

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 104th. Rev. E. S. Holloway, 11, "Life's Hardest Lesson." 8, "The Christian in Adversity."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 31st St. REV. A. H. FRANCIS, D. D., Pastor will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Union Bible Class, 9:45. Rev. E. R. Eaton, Ldr.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 146th St. and Convent Av. Rev. HARRY P. DITCHETT, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M., "Shut the Door." 8 P. M., "The Celestrial City."

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

First Church, Central Park West and 96th St. Second Church, Cen. Park West and 68th St. Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Avenue. Fourth Church, 600 West 181st Street. Fifth Church, Madison Avenue and 38th St.

Church of the New Jerusalem.

NEW CHURCH, (SWEDENBORGIAN,) 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. THE REV. JULIAN K. SMYTH, PASTOR. Service 11 A. M. The Pastor will preach.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th Street. Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. 8 P. M.—Address by Dr. Sidney L. Gulick, under the auspices of the New York Peace Society, Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, 76th St. Dr. STIMSON, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Disciples of Christ (Christian).

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Present Day Religion. No Evening Service.

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE, CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY, at 10:45. HON. WM. H. TAFT, "INTERNATIONAL PEACE." ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, Fifth Av. and 43d St. Saturday, 10:30 A. M., Sermon by Dr. Enelow. "A Religious Attitude." All are welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d. Dr. Rosenenyder.—Service 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

MADISON AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, Corner 60th St. Rev. CHARLES L. MEAD, D. D., Minister. 10 A. M., Bible Classes for Men and Women; 11 A. M., Sermon by the Pastor, "The Thirst for God"; 8 P. M., Sermon by the Pastor, "A Clarion Call." At the evening service Dr. Mead will give an address before the Epworth League, followed by installation of officers. All strangers welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., west of Col. Av. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.—Rev. M. K. W. Welch. Special Music in the Afternoon.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Av. and 86th St. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., PASTOR. 11 A. M.—Children's Day. Special Service. 8 P. M.—Dr. Goodell, "The Challenge of Youth."

New Thought.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST, Princess Theatre, West 39th St., near 6th Av. Speaker REV. DR. W. JOHN MURRAY. Subject—" The Atonement."

MR. HORATIO W. DRESSER WILL SPEAK at St Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie at 5:00 P. M. Sunday, May 17th. Subject: "A Victorious Will."

Mr. Dresser will conduct these services every Sunday during May.

CONCENTRATION CLASSES, Wednesday, 3 and 8 P. M.—MARIE ALICE CLARK'S New Thought Studio, 122 West 95th St. No charge.

HAPPINESS TALKS, Wednesdays at 8.—Mrs. MARGARET CUTTING IVES, 60 West 10th St. No charge.

HENRY FRANK, Leslie Hall, B'way and 83d, Sunday, 11, "If Jesus Came to Rockefeller's Church."

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH SERVICES, BERKELEY THEATRE, 44th St. & 5th Av. MARY E. T. CHAPIN. 11 A. M.—" When We Come Into Our Own." 8 P. M.—An Address by Mrs. Chapin.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St.—Sunday, 11 A. M. Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., bet. B'way and 7TH AV., Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Afternoon subject: "A BROAD OR A NARROW LIFE—WHICH?"

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St. Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., Pastor, Preacher to-morrow. Rev. DOUGLAS MACKENZIE, D. D. Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Presbyterian.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St. Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 24th St. Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.

The pastor will preach 11 A. M., Dr. Montgomery at 8 P. M. Choral service.

NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN, 128th St. and Seventh Av.—11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Rev. GEORGE W. ARMS, JR.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE—ELEVENTH STREET. HOWARD DUFFIELD, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROADWAY AND 78D STREET. Rev. ROBERT MACKENZIE, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers, { WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY.

Dr. Merrill will preach at 11 and at 4 o'clock. Primary department of the Bible School meets at 9:40.

NOON SERVICE EVERY WEEKDAY, 12:30-12:50.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, cor. 10th Street. Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END. Amsterdam Av., at 105th Street. Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "Jesus Touched Him," Repeated by Request. 8 P. M.—Dr. Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction, will speak. Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Dr. Jonathan C. Day of the Labor Bureau, will speak. Friday, 8 P. M.—Moving Pictures. Admission Free. Offering.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. ANDREW J. Alterburry, D. D., } Pastors. Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., } Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 11 A. M. Rev. WALTER LOWRIE, D. D., at 8 P. M.

Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, 174th St., near Broadway. The Rev. DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D. D., will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 10 A. M.—The Litany. 11 A. M.—Chaplain H. P. Silver, of West Point. 4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. J. Howard Melish, Colonel Second Service of First Battalion, Naval Militia.) Thursday, May 21, ASCENSION DAY, Holy Communion at 7:30 A. M. and Choral 11 A. M. Daily services, 7:30 A. M., 12 M., 4:30 P. M., (Choral except Monday and Saturday.)

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., the Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion 8 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rector at 11 A. M. Choral Evensong at 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway and 71st St. Services, 8 A. M., 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. Preacher, 11 and 8 o'clock, Rev. Stanley Brown-Serman.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH is on 16th St., east of 3d Av. Services at 8, 11, and 8. ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, Madison Av. and 71st St. Holy Communion 8. Sunday School, 9:45. Morning service, 11. Afternoon service, 4.

ST. MARK'S-IN-THE-BOUWERIE, Tenth Street and Second Avenue. Rev. Dr. Berman Guthrie, Rector. Services, 8:00; 10:30, 11:00 A. M.; 4:00, 8:00, 8:00 P. M.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M., Holy Communion. 11—Morning Service and Sermon. (Rector.) 4—Evensong and address. (Rector.) 8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

THE ASCENSION, 57TH AVE., 10TH ST., Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, Rector. 11. Rector. 4. Rossini's Stabat Mater. 8. Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks, "Christianity: The Scientific Basis of Political Reform."

Protestant Episcopal.

TRINITY CHURCH. Sunday Services:

7 and 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 10:30 A. M., Morning Prayer. 11 A. M., Litany, Sermon and Holy Communion. 3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon. 8 P. M., Shortened Evensong and Sermon.

Weekday Services:

8:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M. Short service for business people daily, (except Saturday,) at 12 M. CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

Reformed.

HAMILTON GRANGE REFORMED Church, Convent Av. and 149th St. (nr. Amst. Av.) —PAUL SEIBERT LEINBACH, D. D., Minister. All Seats Free.—Everybody Welcome. 11 A. M.—" A Program of Destruction." 8 P. M.—" What Is Your Character?"

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, Madison Av., corner of 57th St. 11 A. M., 4:30 P. M., Rev. CHARLES R. BROWN, D. D., President of Yale University Divinity School.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Ave. and 123d St. Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach, 11 A. M.—"An Open Secret." 8 P. M.—" Each for Himself."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS. 5th Av. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Quartet accompanied by organ, harp, and violin. Church School and Bible Classes, 9:45 A. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister. Rev. Thomas McClary Nichols will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 55th St. and Madison Av., Rev. D. Stevens, D. D., Rector. Services, 10 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship at 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., New York, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist.

FIRST GERMAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, —Services in English, Sundays, 8 P. M. Good speaker and psychics. Admission free. Pabst Grand Circle, 59th & Columbus Circle.

PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCH SOCIETY of New York, Inc.—Spiritual meetings Sunday, 8 and 8 P. M.; admission free; all welcome. and Wednesday, 8 P. M., at Tuxedo Building, 59th and Madison Av.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL HEADQUARTERS, 2,228 Broadway, (79th St.)—Sunday, 8:15 P. M. promptly. Subject: "World Unity," by Miss Elizabeth Knopf. Admission free.

Unitarian

ALL SOULS' UNITARIAN, 4th Av. and 20th St. Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Minister. Rev. WM. LAURENCE SULLIVAN, Associate Minister. Mr. SULLIVAN will preach. Subject: "THE UNQUENCHABLE SOUL." Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, (Unitarian,) Park Av. and 34th St. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, Minister. 11 A. M.—SPECIAL SERVICE IN DEDICATION OF NEW ROBERT COLLYER MEMORIAL WINDOW. Mr. HOLMES will preach. All are invited.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner 121st Street. Services at Eleven. "MAN NATURALLY BAD" Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

Universalist.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY. Central Park West and 76th St. Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M., "MAKING AND BREAKING A HOME."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN, "How to Develop Personality." West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. & 8th Av., 4 P. M.

Other Services.

A lecture giving definite information about Heaven. "WHERE IS HEAVEN?" PROF. C. T. EVERSON, 8 P. M. Free. Heights Lecture Hall, 181st St. and Audubon Av.

COSMOLOGICAL MEETINGS are held at 600 West 181st St. every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Music. All welcome. Dr. Rivero.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 8th Av. and 44th St., Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Preaching at 10:30 A. M. by the pastor. Subject, "The Christ of Pentecost." 7:45 P. M. by Rev. Walter Turnbull, M. A.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th St.—HELEN TEMPLE BRIGHAM speaks morning and evening. Evening theme: "Life Continued."

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 West 80th.—Swami Bodhananda, "Origin, Purpose, and Goal of Life," 8 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational.

CLINTON AVENUE CHURCH, Clinton and Lafayette Avenues. Rev. NEHEMIAH BOYNTON, D. D., Rev. MORRISON RUSSELL BOYNTON, Ministers. Public worship, 10:30 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Dr. Boynton will preach both morning and evening. Morning subject: "APPOINTED to SERVICE." Evening subject: "JINGO PATRIOTISM." Everybody welcome.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS. Morning subject, "The Heroic Note in Jesus" In the evening Dr. Russell H. Conwell in exchange with Dr. Hillis.

Presbyterian.

LAFAYETTE AV., BROOKLYN, Corner South Oxford, (5 blocks from Subway Terminal.) The Rev. Charles Carroll Albertson, D. D.; The Rev. James Forsyth Riggs, Jr., A. M., Ministers. Dr. Albertson preaches at 10:30 and 7:45. Evening address: 89th anniversary American Tract Society.

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR (Unitarian,) Pierrepont and Monroe Pls., Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. JOHN H. LATHROP. Service at 11.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Decisions.

Vonlengerke & ano. vs. CNY., applt.; Martinelli vs. Woods et al., applts.; Pritchett vs. Richman, applt.; Ewell, applt., vs. Southard & ano., Uvalde Asphalt Paving Co. vs. CNY., applt.; Euthorn, applt., vs. American Fidelity Co.; Mulqueen, applt., vs. Interbor. Rapid Transit; Ottoway, applt., vs. Mosely; Farrar vs. Williams, impld., Kingsley et al., impld., applts.; Warner Automobile Co., applt., vs. Edwards.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

People vs. Parisi, applt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

People ex rel. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., applt., vs. Walsh, Deputy Controller, (Sterling Creek and Fox Rodge cases.)—Motion for rearrangment denied, $10 costs.

Hall, applt., vs. Hyle, trustee, et al; Hyle, trustee, &c., vs. Hall & ano., applts.—Motion for leave to perfect appeal, &c., denied, $10 costs in one action.

Hoffman, applt., vs. Murray.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

People vs. Sternbach, applt.; Colt, applt., vs. Dermarest Co., respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed, with costs, and $10 costs of motion.

The court went into recess until June 1.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

Bertha Strauss et al., respondents, vs. Martha J. Hoch, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, with costs to appellant to abide event.

Elizabeth Fearon, respondent, vs. N. Y. Life Insurance Co., appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

Finn L. Fossume et al., appellants, vs. James M. Requa, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

William J. Klndgen, as rec., &c., appellant, vs. Letitia M. Craig et al., impleaded with Laura E. J. Craig, respt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion remitted to Special Term for further proceeding in accordance with opinion.

Frank L. Bigelow, individually, &c., respondent, vs. Julie H. Percival, individually, &c., impleaded.—Judgment affirmed, with costs upon the opinion of Greenbaum, J., at Special Term.

Marcus Contracting Co., respondent, vs. Weinbros Real Estate Co., appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of such costs.

Joseph Leiner, an infant, &c., appellant, vs. R. Hoe & Co., respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Simplex Automobile Co., respondent, vs. Louis M. Kahnweiler et al., appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

Star Company, respondent, vs. The Press Publishing Co. et al., appellants.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

In re The City of New York, retitle to waterfront on North River, between W. 18 and 23d Sts.

Saul J. Baron, appellant, vs. Andrew Albright, Jr., impleaded, &c., respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Isaac Pelser, applt., vs. Edwin L. Kalish et al., as trustees, &c., et al., impleaded, &c., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to plaintiff to serve an amended complaint on payment of costs in this court and in the court below.

Jacob Harris, as admr., &c., applt., vs. Ella S. Reed, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

Wilbur S. Lemmon, applt., vs. Wallace Reid, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Robert A. Leclar, respt., vs. Jackson Motor Co., applt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs.

Jose Santiago, respt., vs. Southern Pacific Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed, with new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

The People, &c., respt., vs. Frank Salvatore, applt.—Judgment affirmed.

John Bernardo, Jr., an infant, &c., respt., vs. The New York Edison Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

Alexander J. Bruen, respt., vs. Thomas L. Reynolds, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Mary Murphy, respt., vs. Colonial Life Insurance Co. of America, applt.—Determination and judgment modified as directed in opinion; and as so modified affirmed, without costs.

George R. Comrie, applt., vs. Anna M. Kleman et al., as exrs., &c., et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

In re James A. G. Affleck et al., as successor trustee, &c.—Decree reversed and matter remitted to Surrogates' Court, with directions to allow half commissions to the trustees' appellant, on the authority of matter of Baldwin, 157 App. Div., 897, affirmed 200 N. Y. 601. Settle order on notice.

Morris J. Solomon, applt., vs. The Bank of New York, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint on payment of costs in this court and in the court below.

Thomas E. Wing, as substituted trustee, &c., respt., vs. G. Franklin Stringer, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Isaac J. Cohn, applt., vs. Tanner Motor Car Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event.

Kraus-Baum Company, respdt., vs. Moses Hausman, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

George Slatter, applt., vs. C. F. Bond Co., respdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

The People, &c., respdt., vs. John Bodner, applt.—Judgment affirmed.

The Taylor Packing Co., respdt. vs. William Y. Bolitho, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $10 costs.

In re The Public Service Commission, re W. H. Mendel.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied, with $10 costs.

People ex rel. Allen W. Evarts et al., applts., vs. The Municipal Court, &c., et al., impleaded with Emily Watts), respt.; the same applts. vs. The Municipal Court, &c., et al., impleaded with James R. Watts, respts.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Fanny Light, applt., vs. Louis Fischer et al., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted to extent indicated in opinion.

Clara S. Barclay, as Trustee, &c., respt., vs. Reginald G. Barclay, applt.—Order so far as appealed from reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and the motion granted, with $10 costs.

In re Gertrude L. Hoyt, applt., vs. Archibald R. Watson as Corporation Counsel, &c., respt., in re Attorney Street.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $50 costs.

James H. Driscoll, respt., vs. Marguerite F. Vammill, as exrx., &c., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted to extent indicated in opinion.

Hoisting Machinery Co., applt., vs. Scofield Engineering Co. et al., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted to extent indicated in opinion, with $10 costs.

In re Benjamin F. Maged, an attorney.—Respondent censured.

In re Bernard K. Kaminer, an attorney.—Respondent censured.

In re Holmes Jones, an attorney.—Respondent disbarred.

In re Jacob Rouss, an attorney.—Motion to dismiss proceeding denied and matter referred to official referee.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Maynard< Radcliffe—Emanuel Hertz. Bos(<Fuentes—Maxwell Lustig. Matter of Bliss—Henry E. Ketcham. Turley<Delehanty—Edward Lauterbach.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Wels<Zerwich—Harry Fromberg.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J. Vivian<Robert—John H. Judge.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Birdie Berliner—Samuel Liebman—Samuel Selinger. Greenwich Sav Bank<Minsker Realty Co—Samuel C Herrman. Seamen's Bank for Savings<Felix Bertine—Charles H Voorhees. Central Steam Laundry Co<Henry Klefer—Jacob Katz.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

First Nat. Bank of Detroit, respdt., vs. Harry E. Hollins et al., defts., Rafael R. Gavin, applt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals and to certify a question of law, denied, without costs.

Isaac Fragner, respdt., vs. Harry Fischel, applt.—Motion granted, without costs on condition that within two days the appellant deposit to the credit of this action the sum of $13,500.

In re the application of the Public Service Com'n, &c., Gravesend Av. Route, (Route No. 49.)—Motion to confirm the report of the Commissioners granted.

Lancaster Beach Imp. Co., applt., vs. CNY, respdt.—Motion denied, without costs.

The People ex rel Josiah J. White, relator, vs. Hon. Norman S. Dike, a Kings County Court Judge, respdt.—Motion denied.

Alfonso Cosomano, respdt., vs. David Frank et al., copartners, &c., appits.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, without costs.

John H. Clausen and Harry Clausen et al., respdts.—Judgment affirmed, without costs.

John D. Coleman, applt., vs. Simpson, Hendos & Co., respdt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

Daniel Conahan, respdt., vs. Terry & Tench Co., applt.—Order modifying the order of examination reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with direction that the plaintiff appear for examination upon ten days' notice to his attorneys.

Peter Leo Hawhoim, respdt., vs. Whale Creek Iron Works, Inc., appit.—Order reversed and verdict unanimously reinstated, with costs.

Henry Hyatt, applt. vs. N. Y., O. & W. R. R. Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, with costs.

Edward Kohres, as admstr., &c., of Elizabeth Kohres, deceased, respdt., vs. CNY, applt.—Judgment and order reversed, and judgment directed dismissing plaintiff's complaint, with costs of the action and of this appeal.

John C. Kennahan, respdt., vs. CNY, respdt., and Long Island Star Publishing Co., applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs to the plaintiff-respondent only.

Patrick McCabe, applt., vs. B'klyn Heights R. R. Co.—Judgment of the County Court of Kings Co. reversed and a new trial ordered, costs to abid the event.

Kate Patterson, respdt., vs. CNY and the B'klyn Heights R. R., applt.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs, as to the appellant the City of New York. Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event, as to the appellant the B'klyn Heights R. R. upon the ground that in the absence of evidence by plaintiff that the car should have been stopped after the motorman had notice of the impending danger, no question of fact was raised which justified the court in submitting the question of said appits. negligence to the jury.

The People ex rel. Frank H. Baran, relator, vs. Rhinelander Waldo, as Police Com., respdt.—Determination annulled, and relator reinstated, without costs or disbursements.

The People of the State of N. Y. ex rel., J. Benedict Roach, respdt., vs. Harry A. Hanbury, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Roswadow Young Men's Asso., respdt., vs. Samuel Langweil, as President, &c., applt.—Judgment affirmed by default, with costs.

Fred Strahlandort, applt., vs. The Long Island R. R., respdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Robert S. Tiernan, respdt., vs. George L. Havens, applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Suffolk County reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide the event.

William H. West, by Nellie Mack, his guardian ad litem, respdt., vs. New York Telephone Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event, on the ground that the verdict of the jury was against the weight of evidence on the questions of plaintiff's freedom from contributory negligence and defendant's negligence.

John C. Whritenour, respdt., vs. Edgar Combs, applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Nassau County affirmed, with costs. No opinion.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Kapper, J. Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Surrogate's Court.

Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

Civil. No day calendar.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Pringle<Rosner et al.—Edward F. Moran.

Receiver Appointed.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J. Herman Feld< Jacob Hirsch et al.—Aaron W. Levy.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Prices in the wheat market rose ⅝ to 1c per bushel during the early operations, but late in the day sagged off, and at the close were irregular, ranging from net unchanged to ⅜c higher. Broomhall estimated world's exports, exclusive of North America, at 7,600,000 bushels, which, with Bradstreet's American figures, pointed to a total of 11,330,000 for the week, compared with 13,632,000 last week, and 15,096,000 last year.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.04¾, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 2 red, $1.06¾, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.04¾, free on board afloat; No. 1, Manitoba, $1.04, free on board afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

May.....	..	..	$1.04	$1.03
July.....	96¼	95¾	95¾	96

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, MAY 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 170th St, 100x 139 Delmar Realty Corporation to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, (mtg $35,000,) May 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Henry Morgenthau Co. to F. M. & S. Corporation, 117 W. 115th St, b. and s., May 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 174th St, 50x100; Henry Morgenthau Co. to Delmar Realty Corporation, 135 Broadway, May 11; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway.$1

BRADHURST AV, w s, 173.2 ft s of 145th St, 18.2x—x18x80.3; Maximilian J. Jahelka to Charles W. Lindsley, Pompton Lakes, N. J., (mtg $6,000,) May 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, n w corner of Emerson St, 125x150; Hannah Friedman to William P. Allen, Rye, N. Y., (mtg $30,000,) May 15, all liens; address William P. Allen, 10 Wall St.....$100

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 67.8 ft s of 32d St, 22x80; Wilmore Realty Co. to Alpha Holding Co., 165 Broadway, May 15, (mtg $27,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

PARK AV, w s, 75 ft n of 103d St, 25.11x80; Eleanor Frank to Charles Bakal, 1,762 3d Av, May 15, (mtg $14,000;) attorneys, Rosansky & G., 41 Park Row.....$100

SOUTH ST, 84, n s, 17.9x74.5x18.1x74.7, n e s of South St, 83 and 85, lot in rear, 54.5x 90x65.7x90; Sout'i St, 85, n s, 17.9x74.7x18.1x 74.9, n e s; Owners' Building Company to Edward S. James, 97 Hamilton Place, (mtg $166,000,) all liens, May 15; attorney, Samuel A. Herzog, 239 Madison Av.....$100

STANTON ST, 62, n s, 25± ft e of Eldridge St, 25.4x75; Harry Goldstein to Thomas J. Keane, 28 East 180th St, (mtg $25,000,) A. T., May 15; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St.....$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 299.4 ft n of 145th St, 19.6x100; Greystone Holding Co. to Lizzie J. Waugh, Coney Island, N. Y., May 14; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway.$100

107TH ST, s s, 150.8 ft e of 6th Av, 42.2x92.3; Joseph Koppel to Defiance Real Estate Corporation, 135 Broadway, Jan. 7, (mtg $117,500;) attorney, S. L. Cohen, 135 Broadway.....$1

107TH ST, n s, 204.4 ft e of 10th Av, 30x92; John H. Tietjen and others to James S. Harrison, Inc., 445 West 16th St, May 15, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

20TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 25x91.11; Katharine T. Moore to Casimir de R. Moore, 100 East 38th St, subject to 21 years lease from Feb. 1, 1908, May 1; attorneys, James M. Wells Sons, 191 9th Av.....$100

22D ST, n e side, 58 ft n w of 8th Av, 21x 84.4; Casimunde R. Moore to Katherine I. Moore, Scariborough, N. Y., subject to 21 years lease from Nov. 1, 1893, May 1; attorneys, James N. Wells Sons, 191 9th Av..$1

25TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 10th Av, 125x98.9; Warner Realty Company to Edward J. Milne, 301 West 106th St, (mtg $90,000,) all liens, May 7; attorney, R. J. Horner, 185 Madison Av.....$1

26TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of 9th Av, 100x98.9; Gerdes Realty Co. to International Real Estate Co., 15 William St, (mtg $104,000,) May 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

49TH ST, 138 West, s s, 274.6 ft e of 7th Av, 25.6x100x irregular; Charles G. Brakmar to George W. White, Jr., 77 West 89th St, or 15 Maiden Lane, ½ part, (mtg $31,000,) May 11.....$1

56TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Bertha Kaufman to Jonas Well, 21 East 82d St, and another, b. and s., all liens, May 14; attorneys, Well & Mayer, 5 Beekman St.....$100

56TH ST, 439 West, n s, 25x100.5; Jonas Well and others to Bertha Kaufman, 1,496 Lexington Av, b. and s., all liens, May 8; attorneys, Well & Mayer, 5 Beekman St.....$100

69TH ST, n s, 175 ft e of Avenue A, 41x 100.4; Jacob Morris to Nathan Kean & Co., 503 East 69th St, May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Nathan Kean & Co. to Lenox Hill Settlement Association, 446 East 72d St, May 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

72D ST, 55 East, n s, 280 ft e of Madison Av, 19.8x102.2x irregular; Margaret R. Bradshaw to Louise F. Henry, 50 East 58th St, (mtg $21,000,) n. g. r., all liens, May 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

72D ST, 164 to 168 West, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 59x102.2; Michael F. Loughman to Western Holding Co., 507 5th Av, May 15, (mtg $385,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

83D ST, n s, 428.9 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x 80; Mildred Waring to Harold L. Naughton, 662 Madison St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, April 22; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St..$1

93D ST, s s, 119 ft e of West End Av, 17x 100.8; Mary E. Reed to Richard H. Johnston, 417 Riverside Drive, (mtg $17,000,) May 15; attorney, Charles M. Russell, 50 Church St.....$1

95TH ST, 231 East, n s, 25x100.8; Berend C. Gerken to Marie I. Bloomfield, 1,404 Park Av, (mtg $11,000,) May 12; attorneys, Lurie & H., 35 Nassau St.....$100

111TH ST, n s, 426 ft e of 7th Av, 14x100.11; 111th St, 455 ft e of 7th Av, 25x100.11; Rental Mortgage Securities Corporation to Helen M. Dames, 532 Flatbush Av, Brooklyn, May 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Land Map Realty Corporation to same, May 15, (mtg $20,500;) attorney, same.....$100

112TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 50x 100.11; Alpha Holding Co. to Wilmore Realty Co., 115 Broadway, May 15, (mtg $84,400;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

115TH ST, 20 East, s s, 281.3 ft e of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11; Bernard Lichtenstein to Anna L. Garrabrant, Mount Hope, N. Y., (mtg $16,000,) all liens, May 8; attorney, Paul A. McGolrick, 261 Broadway.....$1

125TH ST, 551 West, n s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 25x99.11; Samuel H. Hunter to Anna L. Garrabrant, Mount Hope, N. Y., all liens, (mtg $27,000,) May 6; attorney, Paul A. McGoldrick, 26 Broadway.....$100

126TH ST, 237 West, n s, 300 ft w of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Foreclosure, May 13; Alfred L. Rose, referee, to J. Leland Wells, Amityville, L. I., May 15; attorneys, Martin & Howe, 205 Broadway.....$3,000

129TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x 99.11; 129th St, 425 ft e of 7th St, s s, 25x99.11; Fannie D. Welch to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, May 1; attorney, Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway.....$1

133D ST, 91 East, n s, 113 ft w of Park Av, 27x99.11; Willy Ebrenhaue to Anna L. Carrabrant, Mount Hope, N. Y., all liens, (mtg $16,500,) May 5; attorney, Paul A. McGoldrick, 261 Broadway.....$100

163D ST, 535 to 541 West, n s, 210 ft e of Broadway, 155x99.11; Placid Realty Co. to Berent C. Gerken, 67 East 87th St, (mtg $142,000,) May 11; attorneys, Whaley, Whaley, F., 27 William St.....$100

8D AV, 1,442, w s, 54.4 ft e of 81st St, 25x 100, all of this; 8th Av, 169, w s, 92.2 ft n of 18th St, 22.2x100, all of this, subject to right, title, and interest; Charles Wollinsky to Rachel Wolinsky, 92 St. Nicholas Av, all liens, Sept. 15, 1913; attorney, A. Rosenblum, 320 Broadway.....$1

4TH AV, s w corner of 30th St, 90x—; 440 Fourth Avenue Co. of New York to 440 Fourth Avenue Corporation of Massachusetts, 40 Wall St, May 12, (mtg $750,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$100

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 966, s e s, 20.6x65.8x19x73; Lizzie Stengele to John F. Fetzger, 2,012 Quarry Road, May 14, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; John F. Fetzger to Lizzie Stengele, 2,012 Quarry Road, May 12, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, John F. Fetzger, 966 Boston Road.....$100

BRUNNER AV, e s, 90.11 ft s of Bussing Av, 50x100; Agnes Agnew to Henry Selnfel, 1,509 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, May 12; attorney, T. L. Schwartzman, 44 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1

CEDAR AV, being Lot 220, map of Laconia Park, 25x100; Tripoli Realty Co. to Gordon Boyd, 515 West 110th St, May 14, (mtg $600;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CENTRAL AV, e s, 51.5 ft n of Mount Hope Place, runs w 6.7 ft n e s of Jerome Av 9.10 x e 3.5 to beginning; Edwin Blumenstiel and others, executors, to Charles W. Lindsley, Pompton Lakes, N. J., attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$15

SAME PROPERTY; Charles W. Lindsley to Edmund Coffin, 13 West 57th St, May 12; attorney same.....$1

CENTRAL AV, e s, 51.5 ft n of Mount Hope Place, 76.4x irregular; Charles W. Lindsley to Edmund Coffin, 13 West 57th St, May 12, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

COLLEGE AV, s e s, at n e s of 170th St, 112.6x60x114.11x50; Ethel Entwistle to William I. and Irene C. Brown, 2,789 Valentine Av, May 14; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.....$100

CORSA AV, or Lane, n s, at centre line of Laconia Av, contains 43 928-1,000 acres; Arthur W. Sheafer and others to Laconia Land Corporation, 299 Madison Av, April 16, (11 deeds;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CROTONA PARK NORTH, n s, 177 ft e of Prospect Av, 50x97.6x50x98; Ethel Entwistle to William I. and Irene C. Brown, 2,789 Valentine Av, May 14; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.....$100

FOX ST, e s, 150 ft s of Westchester Av, 43.9x105.6; 182d Street Realty Co. to Katie Beaman, 553 Westchester Av, May 14, (mtg $41,500;) attorney, H. G. Guttman, 3,190 3d Av.....$1

GATES PL, e s, 588.6 ft n of Mosholu Parkway North, 9.3x47.1x76.2x50x100; Meyer Gatling Investing Co. to Winnifred W. Gatling and others, 317 W. 84th St, April 27; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St.$1

GRANT AV, 991, w s, 45.2x80.8x45x84.3; E. D. Bolton, referee, to Mosdyck Co., 42 Broadway, May 14; attorney, Dean, T. & McB., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

INTERVALE AV, e s, 144.3 ft n of 165th St, 50x100; Pincus Lowenfeld et al to 1824 Street Realty Co., 111 Broadway, May 14, (mtg $5,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

JEROME AV, w s, 50 ft s of Gerard Av, 50x200; George W. Archer to Abraham Oppenheimer, 22 Clark Place, May 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 300 ft s of 172d St, 75x100; John O'Leary to O'Leary Realty and Construction Co., 991 East 167th St, May 13, (mtg $50,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 228 to 230, map of Laconia Park, 75x 100; Tripoli Realty Co. to Charles E. Buckingham, 600 West 127th St, May 14, (mtg $1,275;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

LOT 108, map of 163 lots of the estate of Mary J. Radway; Ethel Entwistle to William I. and Irene C. Brown, 2,789 Valentine Av, May 14; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.....$100

NORTH ROAD, n s, plot begins 5 ft from n boundary line of land of Country Club Land Association at a point 45 ft n e from n w corner of Lot 36, being w part of Lot 36, map of Country Club Land Association, containing one acre; Janet S. Hoyt to Franklin C. Hoyt, Westchester, N. Y., May 13; attorneys, F. M. Weiss & Co., 120 Westchester Square.....$100

PLEASANT AV, w s, 300 ft s of 2d St, 40x 100; Veritas Realty Co. to John Torney and another, May 17, 1905, (mtg $2,000;) attorney, Lawyers' Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

RATTLESNAKE CREEK, centre line, adjoining n s of land of Phebe L. Willis, 68x 128x66x134; Sarah A. Smith to Ella B. Mercer, Town of Westchester, N. Y., April 4, 1892; attorney, Thomas H. Hodge, Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$150

SAME PROPERTY; Ella B. Mercer to John Mercer, 160 Mill Lane, Eastchester, N. Y., May 9, (mtg $600;) attorney, Thomas H. Hodge, Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 200 ft s of 172d St, 75x100; James T. Barry to Sherpe Building Co., 1,958 Crotona Park East, May 15, (mtg $10,800;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

VYSE AV, s w corner of 173d St, 35x100; Sherpe Building Co. to James T. Barry, 1,149 Boston Road, May 14, (mtg $40,000;) attorney, Lawyers' Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

135TH ST, s s, 113.2 ft e of Cypress Av, 99.10x irregular; also 138th St, s s, 218 ft e of Cypress Av, 100x irregular; Samuel Strasburger et al to David L. Well, 305 West 118th St, part, Aug. 23, 1910; attorneys, Strasburger, E. & S., 74 Broadway.....$1

176TH ST, n e s, 545.5 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 100x150; Smada Realty Co. to J. W. R. Realty Co., Inc., 3,114 3d Av, May 14, (mtg $10,000;) attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St.....$100

184TH ST, 17 W, n s, 16.3x80; Realty Realization Corporation to W. H. Meagher, 17 W. 184th St, May 1, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

211TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of White Plains Road, 36.7x87.10; Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Richard Doyle, committee, 404 Sackett St, Brooklyn, May 14; attorneys, Austin, McL. & M., 135 Broadway....$3,000

235TH ST, n s, 173 ft e of Onida Av, 25x 100; Chase W. Halley, referee, to Adelaide R. Kavanagh, 410 East 237th St, May 8, (mtg $3,560;) attorneys, Huntress & Co., Webster Av and 233d St.....Omitted

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 170th St, 100x 120; F. M. & S. Corporation to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St, May 14, prior mtg $160,000, due June 15, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$20,000

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 174th St, 50x100; Delmar Realty Corporation to Martha B. Mosher, 1,939 7th Av, May 14, prior mtg $60,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway....$12,000

BANK ST, s s, 40 ft w of 4th St, 20x42; Ella M. W. Scarsi to Eleanor Walker, trustee, 258 West 74th St, May 4, due May 14, 1917; attorney, Edward H. Kelly, 271 Broadway.....$1,750

BLEECKER ST, e s, 50 ft n of Jones St, 25x 75; Lorenzo Claffone to Joseph Liborati, 376 West Broadway, May 15, (prior mtg $22,500,) due as per bond; attorney, R. & H. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$2,000

ESSEX ST, e s, 125 ft s of Rivington St, 10x 60; Nettie Kerner et al to Mathilda Sobol, 325 East 84th St, May 13, due as per bond; attorney, S. S. Kogan, 302 Broadway.$12,000

NORFOLK ST, 30, e s, 25x100; Chebra Schaare Tefilla Anscher Kobriner to Esther Stark, 30 Norfolk St, prior mtg $23,000, May 14, 2 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Warshaw & B., 116 Nassau St.....$1,000

PARK AV, w s, 75 ft n of 103d St, 25.11x 80; Charles Bakal to Simon Frank, 100 West 119th St, May 15, (prior mtg $11,500,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lese & Connolly, 35 Nassau St.....$2,500

SHERMAN AV, n s, 100 ft w of 204th St, 50x150; Vermilya Realty Co. to Martin M. Stone and another, 867 East 23d St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $42,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., May 15; attorney, Albert Zimmerman, 206 Broadway.....$8,000

STANTON ST, n s, 47.5 ft e of Ridge St, 26x 100; Maier Klarman to August Ruff, 52 West 120th St, May 15, due as per bond; attorney, John C. Ruff, 309 Broadway.....$5,000

WEST END AV, 700 West; Katharine L. Jockel to Caroline Betz, 921 East 179th St, mtg $16,000,) 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

31ST ST, n s, 122 ft e of 4th Av, 22x98.9; Japan Paper Co. to Allan Marquand et al., executors, Princeton, N. J., May 13, (prior mtg $30,000.) 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, George Waddington, 37 Wall St.....$5,000

54TH ST, n s, 95 ft e of 6th Av, 13x100.5; John A. Parker to Helen M. Kelly, guardian, 2 West 55th St, May 15, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$28,250

72D ST, n s, 280 ft e of Madison Av, 19.8x —; Louise F. Henry to Bankers Trust Co., trustee, 16 Wall St., May 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,000

72D ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x 102.2; Western Holding Co., Inc., to Michael F. Loughman, 225 West 86th St, May 15, (prior mtg $385,000,) 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$110,000

87TH ST, s s, 97.6 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 108x100.8; West Side Construction Co. to Benjamin Mordecai, 319 West 105th St, May 14, prior mtg $325,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway.....$30,000

93D ST, s s, 119 ft e of West End Av, 17x 100.8; Richard H. Johnston to Mary E. Reed, 282 West 93d St, May 15, (prior mtg $17,000,) due Nov. 1, 1932, 4½ p. c.; attorney, C. S. Reed, 84 Chambers St.....$17,000

124TH ST, s s, 281.3 ft w of Lenox Av, 18.9x 100.11; Frank H. Hines to Henry V. Dexheimer, Leonia, N. J., May 15, prior mtg $11,175, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Fred V. Mayforth, 99 Nassau St.....$1,000

127TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 29.11x 99.11; Eugene Driscoll to Consumers Brewing Co., 1,011 Avenue A, May 14, three years; attorneys, Holm, W. & S., 35 Nassau St.....$5,000

161ST ST, s s, 300.6 ft e of Broadway, 16x 90.11; William H. Spicer to Henry Siebert, Jr., Corporation, 562 West 161st St, May 14, prior mtg $17,500, due as per bond..$3,500

183D ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 170x74.11; Placid Realty Co. to Abel King and another, 148 East 65th St, May 14, (prior mtg $120,000,) 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St.....$7,000

Bronx.

BEAUMONT AV, 2,338 to 2,344, e s, 2 lots, each 50x100, (2 mtgs, each $28,000;) William Slattery Construction Co. to N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, May 14, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$56,000

SAME PROPERTY, 2 mtgs, each $5,000; same to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another, 2 prior mtgs, each $28,000, each May 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Jule A. Cahn, 921 Hamilton Av, Yonkers, N. Y., prior mtg $66,000, May 14, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$2,500

GOODRIDGE AV, w s, 246.7 ft s of 250th St, 101.8x114.8; George A. Wyeth to Delafield Estate, 27 Cedar St, May 15, &c., as per bond; attorney, J. R. Delafield, 27 Cedar St.....$4,000

GRANT AV, 991, w s, 45.2x84.3; Mosdyck Co. to Ignatius Mueller, 231 Floyd St., Louisville, Ky., May 14, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Dean, T. & McB., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

JEROME AV, w s, 50 ft s of Gerard Av, 50x100; Abraham Oppenheimer to Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway, May 15, due, &c. as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$5,000

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 337.6 ft s of 172d St, 37.6x100; O'Leary Realty and Construction Company to New York Trust Company, 26 Broad St, May 14, demand, 6 per cent; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Insurance Company, 160 Broadway.....$22,500

LOT 73, map of William O. Giles; Margaret and Hugo Koch to Everett Harrison, Montclair, N. J., April 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, P. Huddy, 41 Park Row.....$1,200

LOT 411, map of Van Nest Park; Antonio Sconza and another to John J. Buckley, Eastern Boulevard and Ferry Lane, prior mtg $7,500, May 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John J. Buckley, Eastern Boulevard and Ferry Lane.....$1,200

LOT 524, map of Van Nest Park; George Czwaczka to Joseph V. Jenik, 1,828 Unionport Road, May 14, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.....$300

PROSPECT AV, n w cor. of 166th St, 80x 100; Angel Construction Company to Comity Mortgage Company, 40 Wall St, May 15, 1 year, 6 per cent.; attorney, S. G. Thomas, 40 Wall St.....$67,500

PROSPECT AV, w s, 80 ft n of 166th St, 120x100; same to same, May 15, 1 year, 5½ per cent.; same attorney.....$37,500

TREMONT AV, s s, 44.1 ft e of Washington Av, 23.9x93.5; Moses Lowenstein to Merchants Realization Co., Inc., 116 Nassau St, May 14, 4 months, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Newman & R., 116 Nassau St.....$3,000

VALENTINE AV, n e corner of 187th St, 100x135; Theta Realty Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 14, (no, &c. as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$10,000

VALENTINE AV, s e corner of 187th St, 25x irregular; Theta Realty Co. to Elizabeth Dwyer, 507 Tinton Av, May 14, due, &c. as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

8TH ST, n s, 230 ft e of Avenue D, 25x108, Unionport; Walter J. White to Charlotte A. Saunders, 938 Longwood Av, May 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. E. Godfrey, 198 Broadway.....$4,000

136TH ST, n s, 231.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 50x100; Alice H. Quick to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St, May 15, due, &c. as per bond; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row.....$3,500

170TH ST, n e s, 445.5 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 100x150; J. W. R. Realty Co., Inc., to Greenwich Mortgage Co., 391 East 149th St, May 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St.....$40,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Smada Realty Co., 391 East 149th St, May 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$10,000

184TH ST, 17 West, n s, 16.3x80; William H. Meagher to Realty Realization Corporation, 1,400 5th Av, May 1, insallments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

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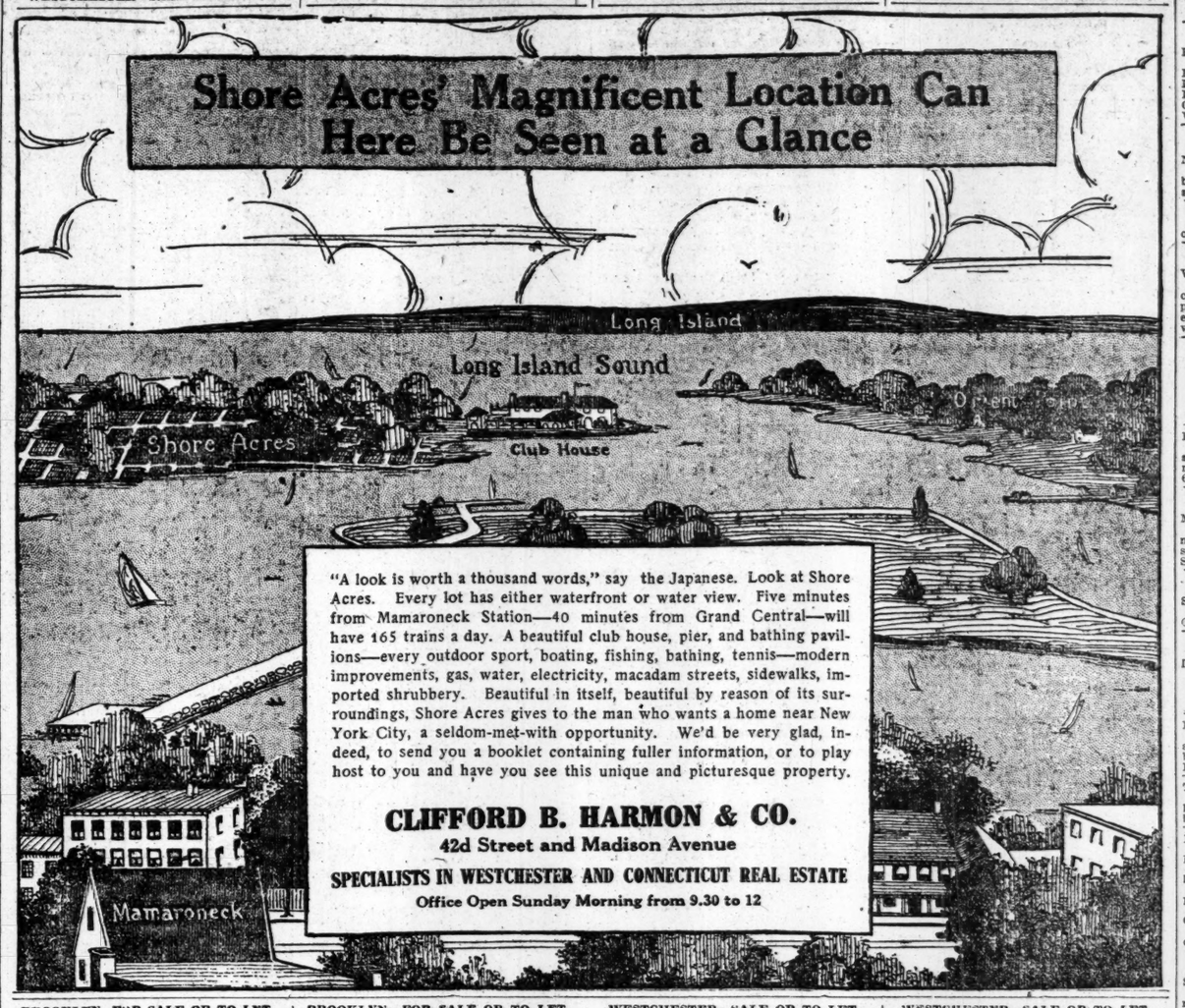

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EIGHT ROOMS AND THREE BATHS; WELL FURNISHED; ALL ROOMS LIGHT AND AIRY; BEAUTIFUL VIEW OF RIVER; LARGE LIBRARY OF BOOKS, PIANO, &C.; WILL SUBLET FOR SUMMER MONTHS. APPLY APT. 8E, 318 WEST 100TH ST.

Riverside Drive, Near 116th St.—Attractive front apartment; overlooking river; delightfully cool; seven rooms, two baths; will sublet for Summer fully furnished, silver and linen included; terms reasonable. Apply Room 1,012, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 3060.

158TH ST., 634 WEST.—Beautiful suite of rooms, for gentlemen; near Riverside;; rooms connecting bath; electric light; handsomely furnished; references. Phone Audubon 4397.

Beautiful, new five (5) room apartment, two (2) baths; completely furnished; linen, silver, baby grand piano; eleventh (11th) floor; river view; very reasonable. 574 West End Av.

Riverside Drive, near 127th St.—Seven light, cool rooms; 4 bedrooms; unsurpassed view of Hudson River and Claremont grounds; bargain price to desirable tenant. Armstrong, 548 Riverside Drive.

Ambassador Court, (520 West 124th St.)—Five large, beautifully furnished rooms to sublet for Summer or longer; new building; elevator; telephone. Apply Apartment 22.

Delightful two-room kitchenette apartment, Columbia neighborhood, for Summer months, $40; electricity, telephone; every convenience, 509 W. 121st, Apt. 103, or see Superintendent.

Party leaving for Europe, would sublet completely furnished apartment, three rooms and bath; terms reasonable; references. Apply Superintendent, 15 Fort Washington Av.

WEST END AV., 412.—Attractively furnished, cool corner apartment; view Hudson; all outside rooms; piano; every convenience. Ferguson.

HOTEL MARLTON,
3 WEST 8TH ST.
Special Summer Rates. 2 and 3 room apartments, also single rooms.

To Sublet for Summer Months.—Completely furnished seven light rooms, two baths, in modern elevator apartment; desirable location; references. 37 West 93d St. Apt. 10.

Very desirable, newly furnished apartment, 7 rooms, just off Riverside Drive, on 86th St., to sublet, either furnished or unfurnished. S. T. Benton, 330 West 85th St.

SUBLET, FURNISHED.
Two 2-room—one 3-room apartment.
HOTEL WALTON.
104 West 70th St.

89TH, 52 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; delightfully cool; furnished, unfurnished; electricity, telephone; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

Convent Av., 470, West 151st.—Three desirable outside rooms; handsomely furnished; complete; elevator; moderate; exceptional opportunity. Apt. 4-1.

To Sublet.—Charming 7-room apartment, overlooking Hudson; terms moderate. Call Cromwell, office Broadway and 137th; mention Apt. 62A.

Tastefully furnished modern 6-room apartment; all outside rooms; finest view in city. Morningside Dr. 106, Apt. 51, cor. 121st.

Nicely furnished three rooms and bath; modern, high-class, elevator apartment; June to October. 520 W. 124th. Budd.

Completely furnished 7 rooms, 59th St., opposite Park; moderate rent until October. George Gresham, 31C Hudson St.

June to October, two beautifully furnished apartments, suitable three adults; strictly high class. Apply 6B, 435 West 119th.

To Sublet—Three-room kitchenette apartment, 434 West 126th St. Phone Mgr. Hotel Royal, 684 Morningside.

Two exceptionally cool rooms for Summer; bath, kitchenette; elegantly furnished. 226 West 97th St.

Apartment, beautifully furnished, to sublet; overlooking park. Apply Janitor, 22 West 59th.

70th, 345 West.—Furnished, 5 rooms, bath; modern elevator apartment; sacrifice, $55.

Eight-room furnished apartment overlooking Hudson, for Summer. 445 Riverside Drive.

SUBLET six-room apartment; all outside; immediate possession. M., 251 West 81st.

47th, 16 West.—Desirable two-room kitchenette, bath; ample closets; Summer rates.

Sublet five-room apartment for July and August. Seely, 523 W. 121st.

East Side.

Seven rooms, 2 blocks from 5th Av., in central location; library, piano; unusual opportunity; terms reasonable. 104 E. 31st.

40th St., 142 East.—High-class apartment; sublet until October; 6 unusual rooms, bath; attractively furnished. Apartment 37.

Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE.—Six completely furnished, light rooms, bath, separate toilet; heat, hot water, electric light, telephone; $48. 509 6th St.

Bronx.

166TH ST., COLLEGE AV.
THREE AND FOUR ROOM APARTMENTS; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; HOT WATER, TELEPHONE, &C.

Apartments Wanted — Unfurnished
Thirty cents a line.

Apartment wanted on Washington Heights; five light rooms, bath, and hot water supply; parquette floors; best references; state price. N 353 Times Downtown.

Board Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG MAN, single, wishes board with private family; apartment on west side; state terms; references exchanged. L 89 Times.

Lost
Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST.—Between 114th St. and 88th St., on Broadway, or in Riverside Park, May 8, gold bar pin, white enamel surface, with five pearls set in. Finder will be liberally rewarded if returned to Apartment 2H, the Hamilton, 420 Riverside Drive.

LOST—On or near Williamsburg Bridge, a canvas golf bag with covered top, containing 10 clubs and wearing apparel. Suitable reward for immediate return to Room 1,906, 60 Broadway. Telephone, Rector 1715. E. P. Chalfant.

LOST—Saturday, May 9, on 10th and Amsterdam Av. car, gold coin holder and gold pencil; monogram "J. A. F." on coin holder; reward. Mrs. Jennie Frisbie, 601 West 160th, Apt. 5 C.

LOST — An amethyst pin surrounded with diamonds, Throop Av. and McDonough St. Suitable reward if returned to Mrs. McCormick, 89 Keap St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Umbrella, left in Riker's drug store, 157th St. and Broadway, on Wednesday afternoon; suitable reward. Apt. E3, 614 West 157th St.

LOST—Engraved gold brooch pin, cross attached, on Broadway; reward, Ridges, Telephone Greeley 5433.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin, Sunday; $50 reward or $10 for ticket if pawned. Return to Box N 214 Times

LOST—Pigskin wallet, on Thursday night; suitable reward for return of papers. Hundley, 56 West 45th St.

LOST.—Lady's small gilded letter purse, 6th Av. surface car line. Liberal reward. L 106 Times.

LOST — School class ring, engraved "J. Love"; reward. June Love, 121 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—Thursday, silver and blue enamel bracelet watch; reward. Tel. River. 8771.

$1,000 REWARD
for the return of jewelry taken on April 30 from the premises of Mrs. E. G. Hutt, 246 West End Av.

$100 REWARD
for watch bracelet, gray enameled, and diamond extension links, lost Tuesday, between 66th St. and Battery. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Lost and Found. Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Boston bull; name Larry; name is printed on collar; around 107th St. and Amsterdam Av. Finder please return to 201 West 107th. Reward.

LOST—Thursday morning, white fox terrier, with brown spots and long tail; answers name Bey; liberal reward. Wilson, 323 West 50th.

LOST—Broadway and 28th St., brindle bull, white front; reward. Mahn, 1,169 Broadway.

LOST.—White bull pup, brindle ears, screw tail; reward. Phone Morningside 9662.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST.—Desirable double and single rooms; home cooking; telephone; references.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent table board; telephone.

21ST, 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent table.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms, board.

53D ST., 37-52.—Suite with private bath; other rooms; board optional; references.

A.—MADISON ARMS,
144 MADISON AV. VERY ATTRACTIVE.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

167H, 20-22 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath: $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large or small rooms, adjoining; quiet; good board; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single, private bath; excellent cooking; table guests.

53D, 57 WEST.—Two rooms; southern exposure; private bath; reasonable; references. Plaza 5713.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large small rooms; good board; Summer rate; telephone.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; excellent cooking; near Park; accessible location.

68TH, ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, connected; private bath; table guests; Summer rates.

73D ST., 181 WEST.—Ideal location; near parks, river, Subway, "L" express; homelike accommodations.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable room; table board; between Subway and elevated; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms, single, double; homelike, refined environment; excellent table.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms; cool for Summer; excellent table; prices reasonable.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms; excellent table; select neighborhood; easy transportation.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, front room, bay window, suitable two; private house.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions" with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, (64 Riverside Drive.)—Desirable, large room; suitable couple or 3 young men; low rates for Summer. Schuyler 8632.

79TH, 133 WEST.—Exceptionally cool double room, with bath; meals optional; table guests.

79TH, 162 WEST.—Desirable, cool rooms; large, small; private house; references; select neighborhood.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—Riverside Drive; Central Park; cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium front room, 2d floor, adjoining bath; refined; references.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8397.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special price Summer guests.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH ST., 174 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; electricity; reasonable; table guests accommodated.

86TH ST., 23 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, board; Summer rates; Southerners accommodated.

86TH, 51 WEST.—Attractive rooms, refined home; table and all appointments, first-class.

87TH ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; refined, convenient neighborhood; references required.

95TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable medium room; large closet; running water; reasonable; board; references.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Private; accommodate few without board; cuisine Francaise; references.

104TH, 128 WEST.—Suite of two, three light, cool rooms; running water; bath; $16 two; single room $7; excellent table; porch. 8,825 Riverside.

105TH ST., 300 WEST.—Beautifully equipped, new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; six beautiful bathrooms.

113TH, 623 WEST.—Quiet and efficient service; Southern cooking; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Adjoining single rooms, overlooking Columbia University grounds; exceptional table.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, also small rooms, with good board.

142D, 632 WEST.—Handsome suite; single; overlooking Hudson; excellent table; private house.

Hotel LaGrange, 411 West 57th St.—Outclassing others charging double; Summer rates, double rooms, (board two,) $15; single, $7.50; Southerners.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE 106, (Apt. 74-76.)—Sunny, open rooms overlooking Morningside Park; separate tables; excellent chef; terms moderate. Phone 8518 Morningside.

PRIVATE FAMILY will accommodate business man or woman. (Central Park West). Breakfast and dinner; $10 weekly; references. L 91 Times.

Rockhurst, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson; country, city; high elevation; homelike; adults. Lesley.

Brooklyn.

618 ST. MARK'S AV., near Bedford.—Alcove room; private bath; first-class board.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Country Board.
Thirty cents a line.

Westchester County.

Limited number of children carefully supervised on 50-acre estate along the Hudson, within New York City limits, June 10 to Sept. 10; rates moderate. Phone 367 Kingsbridge. Address Miss L. Freidrich, Riverdale-on-Hudson, N. Y.

CENTRE ST., 64, (New Rochelle.)—Light and comfortable rooms in private house; excellent location; near station and Sound; first-class meals near by. New Rochelle 3294.

Long Island.

Perfect home, bathing free; table best; refined people only; private family; reasonable. Phone 746-M Flushing. Mrs. Dunn, 15th Av., near 27th, Beechhurst, L. I.

New York State.

Beautiful country residence, poultry, fruit farm; home comforts; modern apartments; mountain location; 90 miles; $9 to $12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

New Jersey.

LENOX MANOR.
A fine private residence now maintained for those who desire, not a boarding house, but a home without its cares. The furnishings, private bathrooms, table, and garage all deserve notice. Reached in forty-five minutes via Hudson Tunnels and Lackawanna. 75 Lenox Ave., East Orange. Telephone 5075.

Orange, N. J.—The New England; 5 minutes from Highland Station; refined, homelike accommodations.

Pennsylvania.

WOODLEIGH, TOWANDA, PENN. — Ideal modern home; proprietress trained nurse; excellent food, special diets; massage, baths; fine scenery; fishing, boating, tennis, automobile, horses; no appearance of sanitarium; booklet. Address Miss Elizabeth Lamb.

New England.

KIRCHNER FARM,
Hinsdale, Mass.
On Lake Ashmere; pleasant rooms; table supplied from farm; tennis, boating, fishing; references; booklets. Jennie K. Laurence.

Old Homestead Dairy Farm, Moodus, Conn.; deep lawn, milk, eggs, vegetables; home cooking; quiet and restful. Mrs. A. M. Cook.

Country Board Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

Young couple with two-year-old child, want board for July, near bathing, within about one hour New York City; must have power boat or automobile; will pay $200. Y 215 Times Annex.

BOARD WANTED in country, commuting distance, man and wife, June 1st to Sept. 1st; rates, particulars, De Lemos, 140 5th Av.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH, 72 EAST, ST. DENIS HOTEL, Broadway and 11th St., facing Grace Church; Summer rates, $5, $6, $7 weekly; bath, telephone, electric light; elevators. Stuy. 4200.

15TH, 105 EAST, (Opposite Union Square Hotel; Subway Express; Apt. 9A.)—Furnished room, adjoining bath; telephone, electric lights, elevator; handsome fireproof building; business man.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large and small, comfortable rooms; running water; $4 up.

36TH, 38 EAST.—Large newly furnished rooms; very reasonable to permanent business people.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, running water; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

60TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large, airy rooms, suitable for one or two; shower bath.

69TH, 204 EAST.—Nicely furnished parlor floor; running water; private house; telephone.

76TH, 43 EAST.—Beautiful, light, airy rooms; conveniences; Summer rates; breakfast; telephone.

76TH, 126 EAST.—Front and back parlor, together or separately; water; telephone.

108TH ST., 70 EAST.—Attractive, large room in private house; all conveniences. Harlem 2703.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 175.—Splendid large rooms, private bath; hallroom; breakfast; transient; reference.

West Side.

9TH, 28 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; conveniences; ample closets; hot water continuously; references.

10TH, 54 WEST.—Light, well-kept room; running water; telephone.

11TH ST., 21 WEST.—Airy, comfortable front room; exceptional location; refined surroundings.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

37TH, 27, 37, 45, 47 WEST.
Handsomely furnished double, single rooms; private baths, electric lights; $3, $10; phone.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; also small room; hot and cold water; bath; electricity, telephone; gentlemen only; references.

53D, 60 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with, without bath; breakfast; moderate. 7295 Plaza.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; table guests; first class.

55TH, 103 WEST, (Apartment 2.))—Neatly furnished room; perfect light, cleanliness; moderate; gentlemen; references.

55TH ST., 49 WEST.—Large rooms, alcove, bedroom, private bath, shower; newly furnished and decorated; gentlemen; references.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Attractive Summer rooms for business men; conveniences; references. Call necessary. Plaza 1772.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all modern improvements; Subway, "L"; references. Hammond.

67TH, 153 WEST.—Handsome large room; private bath; half price for Summer.

68TH 21-23 WEST.—Elegant double, single rooms; electric light, private baths; select; phone; $3.50, $4, $8, $9, $10.

68TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; select location. Col. 2303.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. 'Phone 10241 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant, tailor, barber; house surgeon; Subway and L half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week, $1 per day.

68TH ST., 54 WEST.—Private family; exceptional accommodations; two, three gentlemen; refined home; excellent location; convenient; breakfast optional. Columbus 7658.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; running water; telephone; reference.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Large, airy, bay window room; dressing room adjoining.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Immaculately kept, large, small rooms, well ventilated; inside room.

70TH, 124 WEST.—Beautiful large room, bath; phone; comfortable; Summer rates; reference.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Doctor's office; private bath; other large rooms; newly furnished; decorated.

71ST ST., 280 WEST.
Elegantly furnished, large, cool rooms, suitable two gentlemen or couple; running water, telephone; Summer rates; Subway express.

71ST, 282 WEST, Corner West End.—Attractive large room, dressing room; running water.

72D ST., 255-265 WEST.—Second floor rooms; single room; Summer arrangement; reasonable.

72D ST., 268 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath, kitchenette, front parlor, other rooms.

73D ST., between Broadway and West End Av.—Room for gentleman; private family. X 372 Times.

73D, 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; newly decorated; southern exposure; references.

73D ST., 151 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, adjoining bath; telephone; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; cool; Summer rate; select; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large or small; private bath; reasonable; references.

76TH, 107 WEST.—Attractive room; clean bed; phone; Southern; doctor's office; references.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Small, medium, and large light and airy rooms; reasonable; telephone.

76TH ST., 123 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, suitable physician or couple; references.

76TH ST., 56 WEST.—Room, bath; room, use bath; telephone; private residence.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Nice, bright furnished rooms; gentlemen only; first-class location.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished rooms; single and double; convenient Subway; breakfast. Tel. 9059 Schuyler.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large room with or without private bath; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Large, cool room, shower bath, running water, at reduced price Summer months; phone, all conveniences.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large cool rooms; centrally located; $6-$8.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Delightful large front room; southern exposure; near Subway; references.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful room; private bath; housekeeping privileges; Subway; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, pleasant room; private bath; also medium room; reasonable.

80TH ST., 144 WEST.—Parlor floor; private bath; suitable professional; also attractive large room.

80TH ST., 126 WEST.—One large room, private bath; small room; use and appreciate.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Desirable, cool room, adjoining bath; business people; Subway, "L"; reasonable.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms; large, small; Summer rates; private house; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 118 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, connecting, private bath; reasonable, homelike; private house.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—New house; large, small rooms; kitchenette; concessions. Davis.

84TH ST., 268 WEST, (Riverside.)—Connecting cool front rooms; elevator apartment; light housekeeping; telephone.

84TH, 143 WEST.—Parlor and bed room; private entry; telephone; kitchen privilege. Craven.

84TH, 51 WEST.—Beautiful rear parlor, with extension; medium room; Summer rates.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Private house, handsomely furnished; large rooms, small rooms; references.

85TH ST., 134 WEST.—Two exceptionally cool rooms; private bath; others; running water; convenient.

85TH ST., 205 WEST.—Artistic double room, apartment; women; references. Schuyler—5580. Barcus.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Handsome large room; private family; gentlemen; references.

89TH ST., 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Desirable, attractive, airy single and double rooms; electricity; reasonable.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, suitable two; shower baths; reasonable; references.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large or small, well kept rooms; convenient; Summer rates.

92D ST., 7 WEST.—Handsome front suite; kitchenette; adjoining bath. 1,424 Riverside. Apartment 62.

94TH, 146 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private house; references; reasonable. Riverside 569.

94TH ST., 173 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining shower bath; gentlemen, business people; 'phone; Subway.

94TH ST., 330 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private family; gentlemen; modern; reasonable; elevator. Apartment 34.

94TH ST., Off Broadway.—Front room, elegantly furnished; private house; private family. Tel. 5064 Riverside.

95TH, 19 WEST.—Attractive front; back parlor floor; separate; two desirable rooms. Riverside 7363.

96TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable, large, front room; private house; table board. Riverside 1435.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private family; unusually attractive, well-furnished room; bath; telephone.

99TH ST., 244 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cool, spacious room; modern elevator apartment; convenient transportation. Butters.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, small rooms; electricity; bath; breakfast if desired.

101ST, 230 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, with lavatory, facing Broadway; reasonable. Stofel.

102D, (just off Broadway.)—Private family offers large, well-furnished room; adjoining bath; convenient location; $5. Riverside 4529.

102D ST., 254 WEST.—Private house, near Subway; attractive, single room, adjoining bath.

102D ST., 303 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Attractive large room; running water, bath, telephone.

103D ST., 112 WEST.—Sunny room; lady; kitchen privileges; no other roomers; electric light; $3; elevated, Subway. Miller. Riverside 8890.

104TH ST., 222 WEST.—Elegant light room; comfort; gentlemen. Phone Sherwood.

106TH ST., 206 WEST.—Attractive rooms; running water; suite two rooms; piano. Apartment 21.

107TH ST., (2,787 Broadway.)—One room; suite of two; all conveniences. Riverside 1702. Nulson.

111TH, 515 WEST.—Comfortable size single room, $4; elevator, Apartment 14.

112TH ST., 522 WEST.—Outside; newly furnished; gentlemen; permanent; Summer rates. Morning 6770. Merkley.

112TH, 504 WEST, (Cathedral Heights.)—$4; New Englanders; reference. Fifth Apartment south.

112TH, 533 WEST.—Large, outside room; gentleman; Summer rates. Morningside 6528. Morse.

112TH, 509 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, outside room; $3; women only; elevator. Tessier.

114TH, 312 WEST.—Attractive, light, cool rooms; no other roomers; telephone; $2.50-$3. Alger.

115TH ST., 357 WEST, (Columbia District.)—Trained nurse will let one, two outside, adjoining bath; business couple, nurse; modern elevator house; kitchen privilege; 116th "L" Apt. 6E.

117TH ST., 129 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms; double or single; with private family; convenient to "L" or Subway; comfortable; phone.

118TH, 400 WEST, (Columbia.)—Excellent rooms, double and single; elevator; electricity; shower. Camp.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—2 attractive rooms; lavatory between; furnished; light housekeeping; overlooking Morningside Park.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Small, beautifully furnished apartment; also single room; reasonable. Grant.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Large, southern exposure, front room; gentleman; no other roomers; eighth floor; exceptionally fine building; breakfast optional. 7700 Morningside. Walsh.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Apt. 51; handsome single, double; fine view; just right for Summer.

121ST, 501, (Morningside Heights.)—Delightful Summer location; near Riverside Drive; opposite Columbia University; attractively furnished, sunny front rooms, southern exposure, single or double; $6, $7; single, $4 week; sunny side room, single or double, $5, $6; rear room with kitchenette, $350; parlor for callers; meals entirely optional, at cost, in co-operative dining room, very reasonable; elevator, steam, gas, electricity, hot water; Broadway subway. Telephone Morningside 8790. Miss Williams.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Columbia grounds opposite; large living room, small kitchen; bath adjoining; very desirable; complete housekeeping; single room also; restaurant, reception room. Yeoman.

122D, 520 WEST.—Comfortable single room with board; excellent table. Kerker.

122D, 523 WEST, Near Columbia.—Single and en suite outside rooms, $3 up. Sherman.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large corner room; also other rooms. Morningside 4880. Apt. 51.

123D ST., 512 WEST., COLUMBIA COURT. Living room, bedroom, kitchen, elevator, southwestern exposure, awning. Rand. Telephone 9030 Morningside.

137TH, 601 WEST.—Fine large, well furnished front room; private bath; suitable two; private family; near Subway. Apartment 64.

138TH, 612 WEST.—Large front room; adjoining bath; private house; suitable for two gentlemen.

158TH ST., 646 WEST.—Desirable rooms for gentleman; first class; private house; Subway.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside room; quiet place for permanent, well-bred tenant. Apartment 5D.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

BROADWAY, 2,643, (100th.)—Desirable room for gentleman in private family. Becker.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room for refined party; reference. Fisher.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Cool, attractive rooms; business woman's artistic elevator apartment. Apt. 54.

For Men.—Hotel Service, Elevator, Baths. Summer Rates, $6, $7, $8 Weekly. Private Baths, $10.

MONTICELLO HOTEL, No. 35 West 64th St.

HOTEL MARKWELL, 49TH ST., 220 WEST. Double outside rooms, $1; with bath, $1.50; 2 rooms and bath, $2.50. Phone Bryant 1917.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, (corner 135th.)—Cool outside room, southern exposure, facing Hudson; elevator, electric light; gentlemen. Apt. 66.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 808, (corner 151st St.)—Attractive room, private house; cool; Summer rates; select; references.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; 91st Subway; excellent location; Summer rates.

Bronx.

FRANKLIN AV., 1,071,

WADLEIGH GIRLS PLAY AGAIN

'A Midsummer Night's Dream' Given by Pick of the School.

Following competitive performances of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" on April 23 and May 8 by girls of the Wadleigh High School at 215 West 114th Street, the students who were picked as the best actresses in each cast again presented the play last night in the auditorium of the school. The performance will be repeated to-night and will bring to an end the festival performances of the school in honor of the 350th anniversary of the birth of Shakespeare.

Last night's performance, as were the two competitions, were attended by City Superintendent of Schools Maxwell and several members of the Board of Education. The judges who picked the winners from the casts of the two previous performances were Samuel E. Judd, Miss Anna P. MacVay, Miss Alice H. Bruere, Miss Elizabeth E. King, and Miss Adele M. Woodward.

Several ties were announced. Alice Pean, who played the rôle of Bottom in the second production, tied with Lillian Breyer, who had the same part in the first performance. As Miss Pean was also the winner of the rôle of Snug, the joiner, she elected to play the latter part last night and Miss Breyer was seen as "Bottom."

Rachel Volk and Jennie Breslau tied for honors in the rôle of Puck Robin Goodfellow, and the matter was settled by Miss Volk appearing in the part last night, while Miss Breslau will play it to-night.

The play was elaborately staged under the direction of Jennie Erskine Murray, who also acted as coach. Miss Maude Adams and her stage manager, A. Fawcett, also assisted in the initial production, and Miss Adams lent the schoolgirls many properties.

Minor characters, such as the attendants, fairies, and the wood nymphs, were played by Victoria Ross, Ruth D. Pemble, Helen F. Reès, Dorothy Lloyd, Isabelle Beck, Ella Mahnke, Grace Brown, Nettie Kaplan, Jennie Breslau, Lillian Gold, Cora Campbell, Margaret Clement, Ruth Cader, Jennie Rabbino, Bertha Dicker, Rebecca Coolman, Eva La Pierre, Estelle Hurewitz, Sophia Atkins, Mathilda Sorg, Grace Halla, Minnie Kupferman, Emmie Hyams, Helen Rhelmer, Gertrude Ginsburg, and Marie Steinhauser.

$2 MY PRICE

Introducing a very clever straw that is neither conspicuous nor exaggerated; it is an even balanced, high crown hat, made of English improved sennit. The high lustre, raised petal braid usually seen only on $4.00 hats.

The strong feature about my hats has always been the quality, and a glance at the beautiful hats displayed in my windows proves that this season is no exception.

Hatter Samoff

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GUYOT

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SUSPENDERS

Standard Style (cotton) ... 50¢ a pair ...

Full Dress silk weaves $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and more

AT ALL RELIABLE STORES

COL. BENAVIDES IS PERU'S PRESIDENT

Elected by Congress and Forms a Cabinet with Gen. Muniz Minister of War.

HAD DEPOSED BILLINGHURST

Republic Quiet and Its Citizens Are Apparently Satisfied with the New Administration.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIMA, Peru, May 15.—Congress today elected Col. Oscar Benavides Provisional President of Peru. Don. Roberto E. Legula, who was First Vice President under deposed President Billinghurst, was defeated. The new Cabinet was sworn in at 6 o'clock, with Gen. Muniz as Minister of War.

All is quiet here and apparently the public is satisfied.

By The Associated Press.

LIMA, Peru, May 15.—The new Congress was installed to-day, and elected as President of the republic Col. Oscar Benavides, who headed the rebels in attacking the palace in February and taking prisoner President Billinghurst, who later was exiled.

The new Cabinet is composed as follows:

Minister of War—Gen. PEDRO MUNIZ.

Minister of Foreign Affairs—Dr. GAZZANI.

Minister of the Interior—LUIS MENENDEZ.

Minister of Justice—HILDEBRANDO FUENTES.

Minister of Finance—Dr. LUIS F. VILLARAN.

Minister of Public Works—Dr. CAPELLO.

Quiet is reported throughout the republic.

Col. Benavides has been at the head of the junta of six, elected by an extraordinary session of the Peruvian Congress on Feb. 4 to govern that country until general elections could be held. The extraordinary session of the Congress was called immediately after the former President, Señor Guillermo Billinghurst, was deposed and thrown into prison. The junta was recognized by the United States as a provisional Government.

TEN DIE IN EXPLOSION.

Detroit Rubber Factory Wrecked by Mixture of Chemicals.

DETROIT, Mich., May 15.—Ten men, most of them chemists, were killed by an explosion of acid and chemicals in the mixing room of the Mexican Crude Rubber Company here to-day. Four other employes, removed from the débris, were taken to a hospital, and all may die. Two other men were less seriously hurt. The building, a one-story concrete structure, was almost obliterated. Other buildings within a radius of a mile were damaged. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

The dead are: Edward Christopher, William McCoy, C. Larsen, A. Hotchkins, Victor R. Burns, William P. Niles, José Casso, Gorton Latta, Emon Aman, and George Gleggoria.

Just what caused the explosion probably will never be known. In the mixing room was a large vat of molten rubber prepared by a secret process. Without a second's warning the building was torn to pieces. Every man who was in the mixing room was killed. Masses of cement and concrete were found several blocks from the scene of the explosion.

SHELDON B. SHAW A SUICIDE

Shoots Himself in Bathroom—Had Been Ill.

Sheldon B Shaw, a real estate operator, 50 years old, who had offices at 149 Broadway, committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting himself in the temple with a revolver in the bathroom of his apartment at 46 West Ninety-third Street. His act, according to his wife, was due to poor health.

Mr. Shaw arose at 8 o'clock, and while his wife was at breakfast she heard a shot. She ran screaming to the street and attracted Sergt. Walsh and Patrolman Ruoff. They summoned Dr. Tobin of Polyclinic Hospital. In the meantime Mrs. Shaw became hysterical and had to be attended.

Mrs. Shaw said that her husband had been complaining of nervousness lately.

TO TEST MRS. FRIED'S SANITY

Niece of the Late B. Altman, to Whom He Left Income of $50,000.

Supreme Court Justice Blanchard appointed a committee yesterday to inquire into the sanity of Mrs. Henrietta Fried, a niece of the late Benjamin Altman, and the beneficiary, under his will, of a $50,000 trust fund.

Mrs. Lulu F. Heymann, another of Mr. Altman's nieces, and the beneficiary under his will of a $200,000 trust fund, asked that the inquiry be held without Mrs. Fried's attendance, but Mrs. Fried's husband, Dr. Eugene H. Fried of 17 West 111th Street, fought the application and scored the motives of his relatives by marriage. Justice Blanchard decided in favor of the husband and ordered that Mrs. Fried attend the inquiry.

Mrs. Lulu F. Heymann filed the original application for the appointment of a Sheriff's jury to examine Mrs. Fried. When Justice Blanchard appointed the committee she urged that the inquiry should be held in Mrs. Fried's absence on the ground that it was unjustified, improper, and unwarranted by her condition.

Dr. Fried replied that his wife's condition was not as serious as his wife's relatives tried to make out. "The same persons who instituted these proceedings," Dr. Fried said, "caused Mrs. Fried to be brought to New York last October to have a process served upon her in the probate of her uncle's will. And these same persons are directly interested in the property rights of my wife."

"For family reasons," Dr. Fried continued in his affidavit, "I have not brought this matter into the courts, but now that it is in court, and is practically the last opportunity for that freedom and care and attention she should have, I beg the court to give my wife the benefit of every process of the laws for her protection.

"I feel that my relatives by marriage have motives other than the welfare of my wife. Their entire record is one of hostility to me. The history and details in so far as they affect her will be submitted to the jury at her hearing and I desire her presence then."

Mr. Altman's provision in his will for Mrs. Fried read:

"I give and bequeath to William Fleishman and Etta Fleishman Fried, children of my deceased sister, the sum of $50,000 each; but in respect to the sum so given to Etta Fleishman Fried, my will is that the same be held during the life of said Etta in trust, to invest and to pay the entire net income thereof to the said Etta during her lifetime; and upon her death I give and bequeath the capital of said fund to her children. If she leaves no issue surviving her, I give and bequeath the same to Lulu Fleishman Heymann."

The committee which will inquire into Mrs. Fried's sanity is composed of Warren Leslie of 165 Broadway, Dr. Harry H. Weist of 30 West Sixty-fourth Street, and Dr. Moses J. Jackson of the Hotel Brunswick. Florence J. Sullivan is the attorney for Dr Fried and Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft are counsel for Mrs. Heymann.

Dr. Eugene H. Fried lives with his mother at 17 West 111th Street. He said last night:

"My wife and I have no children. Our only child died shortly before my wife was sent to Dr. Amos J. Givens's sanitarium at Stamford, Conn., thirteen years ago. I saw her last in October, 1912. Her hair was almost white, and she was so changed I hardly recognized her."

Doff that Derby. The sun's rays will shine on no smarter straws than those labelled "Young."

Light, cool, dressy and comfortable—with a shape to suit *your* face. $2, $3 & $4.

Young's Hats

ONE BETTER MADE

Here's the Straw for YOU!

Smart—snappy—stylish.

The newest high *taper crowns* in a large variety of braids.

$1.50

Why pay $3 when the same quality and styles prevail at our stores for $1.50?

Ask to see our Imported English Boaters

There's a good reason!

Kaufman

"Manhattan's Men Hatter"

40 Stores—All Principal Cities

We Prepay Parcel Post Charges on Mail Orders.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx $30 Silk Lined Blue Serge Suits

$21.00

TODAY is the last day of this week, and today you have your last chance to get one of these $30 silk lined Blue Serge Suits for $21.00.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open till 11 P. M.) | Broadway at 29th St. (Open till 7 P. M.) | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open till 11 P. M.)

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SPRING SHIRTS

$1.50 to $10.00

Impress this trade mark on your mind. Hundreds of patterns from which to select. It is a guarantee of quality, service and in new and unique colorings, tailored in the mark of TROY'S BEST PRODUCT. every conceivable style and cloth.

Shirts with RED-MAN LABEL $1.50 | Specials | Shirts with IROQUOIS LABEL $2.50

EARL & WILSON

MAKERS OF RED-MAN COLLARS.

FOR the fellow that enjoys a wide brim straw—get out and get under the "West End." It's brimful of comfort and defies Old Sol. It's the usual three-dollar quality at $2.

See Fashion Show in my windows. Mail order charges prepaid.

Truly Warner Hatter, to Mr Goodrosses

They're $ Two $— Morning, Noon and Night.

At my stores everywhere.

$ TWO $

MEET Cousin Jack—my new peg-top straw. At the clubs, at the dances—wherever swell fellows get together you'll see "Cousin Jack." It's the usual three-dollar quality at $2.

See Fashion Show in my windows. Mail order charges prepaid.

Truly Warner Hatter, to Mr Goodrosses

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

These theatres have no dealings with THE TYSON CO. The best seats can be obtained at Box Offices.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TO-DAY & Wed. 2:20. Limited number of performances JOHN & ETHEL DREW BARRYMORE in VICTORIEN SARDOU'S Comedy, A SCRAP OF PAPER

HUDSON West 44th St. Mats. To-day & Wed. Evs. 8:30. A Detective Comedy of Laughs and Thrills—THE Dummy

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees To-day & Wednesday 2:20. JULIAN ELTINGE in his great success | THE CRINOLINE GIRL

New Amsterdam W. 42d St., near B'way Henry W. Savage offers "Musical Delight of the Season." SARI Evs. at 8:20. Matinees To-day & Wed. 2:20.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. MISS ANGLIN In "LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN" THE SEASON'S DRAMATIC TRIUMPH.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE Cohan's BEST PLAY

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Potash & Perlmutter

FRI. EVE., MAY 22, SAT., MAT., MAY 23. Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE. Box Office Sale Opens Monday FOR BOTH PERFORMANCES ALL STAR Lambs' Gambol THE MILLION DOLLAR SHOW

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. All Seats Reserved. 25c. & 50c. Special School Children's Mat. Sat. 10:30 A. M. UNIVERSAL MOTION PICTURES Present KELLERMANN | ANNETTE NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

FULTON 46th St., just west of Broadway. 25c TWICE DAILY 2:30 & 8:30. 50c Webb's Electrical SINGING Pictures TALKING

WALLACK'S—TO-DAY MAT. 2:15. EVG. 8:15. The Mask & Wig Club (University of Pennsylvania) 26th Annual Performance. "THE ROYAL ARMS" A musical comedy in 2 acts.

HIPPODROME

6 Av., 43-44. Daily Mat. 2:15. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8:15. LAST 2 WEEKS PINAFORE

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evenings 8:15. MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:15. Greatest of all Winter Garden Shows, Whirl of the World. Sunday Night Concert. Best Bill in New York.

44th St. Thea., nr. B'way. Lew Fields, Prop. | Evenings 8. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2. Spring Prices: Balc. 50c.; Mezz. $1; Or. $1.50-$2. THE MIDNIGHT GIRL With George Macfarlane.

LYRIC, 42d, W. of B'way, 2, 4, 7, 9 P. M. GEN. VILLA in BATTLE Chihuahau-Juarez-Torreon Including the History of His Life.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. TOO MANY COOKS The Year's Biggest Laugh Hit.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT The Charming Companion to Grumpy.

BOOTH Theatre, 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:15. PETROVA as PANTHEA with Milton Sills "Sensational Play."—Acton Davies.

LITTLE 44th St., West of Broadway. Evs. at 8:45. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:30. WINTHROP AMES presents GRACE GEORGE Isabel Irving, Zelda Sears, Sydney Booth, Conway Tearle, Ferdinand Gottschalk THE TRUTH by CLYDE FITCH All Seats at All Performances $2.00.

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. | HIGH JINKS 6th Month with Stella Mayhew. Longest Run of Any Musical Comedy

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs 8.20. Mats. To-day & Tues. 2:20. KITTY MACKAY

48TH ST. THEA. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Thurs. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY MATINEE THURSDAY $1.50.

CORT 48th St., East of B'way. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2.20. LAST 3 WEEKS | Laurette Taylor "PEG O' MY HEART."

Jardin de Danse 8:30 P.M. to 2 A.M. Matinee Teas Sats. ONLY TALK OF THE TOWN—REUNITED—FAMOUS AND FASCINATING Heavenly Twins DOLLY BROADWAY'S Rozsika & Yansci BIGGEST SENSATION In Marvelous Dances with CARLOS SEBASTIAN. OTHER STARS & NOVELTIES.

MAY 9-16 BABY SHOW FOR BETTER BABIES—PRIZES—DEMONSTRATIONS GRAND CENTRAL PALACE 10 AM to 11 PM ADMISSION 10¢ CHILDREN FREE

Republic W. 42d St. Daily at 1:30, 3:30, 7:30, 9:30. 10c-15c-25c. "PROTECT US!" A Frank Treatment of Prevailing Sex Evils.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day. BOB MANCHESTER'S CRACKER JACKS

Senorita Anitua, Grand Opera Singer, Native of MEXICO Sings Sun., 8 P.M. Grace Methodist, W. 104, nr. Col.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences

A Great Lecture

Commander Evans

Of the British Navy on

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Marvelous Moving Pictures

Opera House, Academy of Music

Saturday, May 16, 3 P. M.

Tickets at Box Office, 25 cts., 35 cts., 50 cts., 75 cts., $1.00.

Brooklyn Academy of Music Phone 6060 Prospect. ABORN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO. NEXT WEEK "Rigoletto" "Cavalleria" AND "Pagliacci"

Nights and Saturday Mats., 25c. to $1.00. Wednesday Mat., 25c., 50c. and 75c. Seats Now for All Performances.

DE KALB De Kalb Avenue and Broadway TELEPHONE 4300 BUSHWICK. GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER. Bargain Mats. Wed. and Sat., 25c. and 50c. Next Week EDISON TALKING PICTURES

ACADEMY OF MUSIC (Brooklyn Institute) Last Week. Twice Daily, 3:30 & 8:15. The Photo Play Sensation. VICTOR HUGO'S "LES MISERABLES" MATINEES, 25c. UP; NIGHTS, 35c. UP.

At Brighton Beach, N. Y. OCEAN PARKWAY STATION. HOTEL SHELBURNE FRONTING THE OCEAN. OPEN ALL YEAR. American & European Plans. Rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath.

Attractive Rates to Families and Season Guests.

200 rooms, 75 private baths, hot and cold running water in each room; 30 minutes from the heart of New York; all the comforts of a luxurious hotel, at moderate cost. Sun Parlor Overlooking Ocean.

UNUSUALLY LOW RATES OVER DECORATION DAY. From Dinner Friday, May 29, until after Breakfast Monday, June 1, room, including meals on the American Plan, at a total cost of $9. Two guests in one room, $17.

SPECIAL WEEK END RATES

22 Years at This Address MEANS Something. MODERN DANCES

Trot, Tango, Hesitation, Maxixe, One-Step, etc. *Correctly Interpreted. Properly Taught. Quickly Learned by the REMEY Method.*

6 PRIVATE LESSONS $5.00

Open 10 a. m. to 11 p. m. Separate floor for Private Lessons. Expert lady and gentlemen teachers. Waltz, Two-Step, etc., guaranteed for $5. 4 class lessons, $1.

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MISS LILLIAN LANG, Successor to E. FLETCHER HALLAMORE. Expert lady and gentlemen instructors. 64 E. 34TH ST. TEL. MURRAY HILL 6534 (Next Door to Hotel Vanderbilt.) 2770 BROADWAY. TEL. RIVER. 417. (Southeast Corner of 107th Street.)

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MORGAN D. STERN STUDIOS, "Where Society receives its Dance tuition." Col. 7144. Broadway & 57th St.

Miss Lewis EXCLUSIVE STUDIO Miss Bobby Burns. Murray Hill 883. 18 Park Ave., nr. 34th St.

BENA HOFFMAN, 56 EAST 34TH STREET Murray Hill 2625. Modern Dances. Parlows Gavotte. No assistants.

To-Night!

Before the play—Dinner at Churchill's. A dinner that will put you in a delightful mood for Thespian enjoyment.

After the play—Supper at Churchill's. One that will make you laugh at the question, "Is life worth living?"

Churchill's cuisine tempts the appetite and satisfies it—by the delicacy of food, the quality of service.

Also—*Special Dinner*, six to nine, $1.25. It affords a delightful demonstration of the culinary accomplishment that amount of money can effect. In the opinion of the discriminating, it is unequalled.

Cabaret Unique

Twenty Acts—Every Evening—Seven to One. Under the supervision of *Miss Edna Chase* and *Enrico Muris*, whose nightly exhibition of the modern dances has delighted guests, Churchill's Ballroom is the favorite rendezvous of the elite for

DANCING

Our *Special Luncheon* 75c. with distinctive music, twelve to two, has established a new standard in restaurant service in view of its superiority for the price. A la carte service of the same excellence as prevails at night is also offered for luncheon. Luncheon guests are cordially invited to make use of our Ballroom. Our *Afternoon Tea Dances* are exceedingly popular.

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MORE THAN A RESTAURANT—A BROADWAY INSTITUTION

BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET

CAFE BOULEVARD

To eat with benefit, one must eat with pleasure. You do both at the CAFE BOULEVARD—because of the supreme quality and flavor of the food.

60c. LUNCHEON OR DOLLAR DINNER — Tempting and satisfying to the most exacting appetite—the best the market offers, prepared in accordance with the inimitable CAFE BOULEVARD standard.

GRILLE Many say the most attractive in New York. DANCING During the Dinner or After the Play.

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COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST.

DINNER, $1.00 (Every Evg. 6 to 9) Maryland Dinner, $1.25

Mr. Sloane & Miss Field in Dances Nightly at 10:30.

AFTERNOON TEA DANCES DANCING 1 P. M. TO CLOSING

SHANLEY'S BROADWAY-43-44 Sts. Superior Six-Course Luncheon 75c MUSIC

RECTOR'S ORIGINAL ARGENTINE TANGO BY LA PALARICA—SOUTH AMERICAN DANCERS. 20 Other High-Class Artists. 48th St., Broadway & 7th Ave. BEST Service in coolest, handsomest dining room in N. Y.

MANSFIELD STUDIOS.

247 West 42d St. Bryant 4674. Select, not a public dance hall. Est. 1904. Waltz, two-step, one-step, hesitation, maxixe, etc., taught by experts.

3 Strictly Private Lessons, $5.00. 3 Strictly Private Lessons in Class, $6.00.

Each pupil has a private room with instructor, there being no one to laugh at you or criticise your mistakes. 5 Group Lessons, $6.00. Not class lessons. Each room has 4 pupils; each pupil an individual instructor; this is the type of instruction that the majority of schools call strictly private. No public classes. Special terms to private classes of four or more. Further information, call, write or 'phone.

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14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

MAXIXE—TANGO

ONE STEP, HESITATION AND ALL MODERN DANCES TAUGHT PRIVATELY FROM 10 TO 10. PROF. A. ALBERT SAATO, Broadway, 86th to 87th St. Tel. 2480 Schuyler.

DONOVAN'S 301 West 58th St. Modern Dances

Trot, Tango, Maxixe, One-Step, Hesitation, and all latest steps quickly taught. Private lessons $1. Open 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.

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LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE UPTOWN HOTEL.

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Large, Quiet Rooms with Bath for transient or permanent residence.

All the comforts of New York City's BEST Hotels at one-third less price

Dancing in Grill Room after 9 P. M.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. A PAIR OF SIXES

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. "Bright Libretto, Lively Score."—Tribune. Raymond Hitchcock IN HIS NEW MUSICAL PLAY "The Beauty Shop"

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET

CANDLER Thea., West 42d St. Tel. 6344 Bry. George Kleine's Photo Drama. ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15 (Incl. SUNDAY). 25 & 50c.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON 15c IT IS WORTH

If presented at the box office of the BIJOU THEATRE Broadway and 30th Street. Between 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. To-day or any day this or next week you will receive a 25c. orchestra seat for 10c. to witness the world's greatest Photo-drama PROTECT US

Now playing to thousands of people daily both at the Republic and Bijou Theatres.

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. TO-NIGHT at 8:30 with THE KING OF PHOTO-DRAMAS HALL CAINE'S THE CHRISTIAN Mats. 25c-50c. Evs. 25c to $1. All Seats Reserved.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Opens ALICE LLOYD, MONT. GOMERY & MOORE, Mary Nash, George Damerel and JACK WILSON.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—Marie Lloyd, Henry E. Dixey, Adele Richie, Princess Zallah, "Why Girls Go Wrong." Moving Pictures of Ex-Police Lt. Becker, and 10 Others.

EDEN Kinemacolor hourly. Extra Attractions. WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. MUSEE. Exposition of the 4 New York Gunmen.

Actors' Fair OPENING TO-NIGHT 8:30. WHITE RATS' CLUBHOUSE, 227-229-231 W. 46th St., near B'way. ADM. 50c.

1,000 Players—1,000 Stunts 8:30 Sharp To-night. Coronation of Queen, followed by full programme. Commencing 11:30, supplementary Programme. All Stars from Broadway Shows. Opening to-night, 8:30, in Gay Ginks till Mitchel Curfew.

SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS THE DELLA ROBBIA ROOM The VANDERBILT Hotel MISS VIRGINIA ROOT, Lyric Soprano. Dinner-de-Luxe seven to nine o'clock Two dollars and fifty cents

VIOLIN RECITAL By GRAHAM HARRIS. Mr. SIDNEY D. LOWE at the piano, To-day, 3:30 P. M., at the COUNTRY LIFE EXPOSITION, In Grand Central Terminal. No charge for admission.

PROCTOR'S 5th Av. B'way, 28th St. 11 to 11-10 15 25 | Last Times To-day with Maurice Costello, Other Features. Mr. Barnes of N.Y. Big Sunday Concerts. 23d ST.—58th ST.—125th ST. Vaudeville De Luxe & Photo Plays.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK OPPOSITE WEST 130th ST. FERRY. OPENS TO-DAY

VITAGRAPH Broadway & 44th St. 2:30 & 8:30 P. M. MR. BARNES OF N. Y.—LOVE, LUCK & GASOLENE & PICTURES OF ARMY—SILENT COMEDY

STRAND B'way, 47th St. Continuous 13 hours to midnight. 10-15-25c. A. CONAN DOYLE'S "House of Temperley." Strand Orch. & Quartette. Nxt wk, "Home Sweet Home"

Rotogravure Supplement to The New York Times, May 17, 1914

"THE FIRST BORN"—By Frederick W. Elwell

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The New York Times

Rotogravure Supplement Sunday, May 17, 1914

THE FIRSTBORN

By Frederick W. Elwell

From the Royal Academy Exhibition, 1913

AT the 1913 exhibition of the Royal Academy there was one picture which perhaps more than any other attracted the attention of both the connoisseur and the man who "knows what he likes." Such pictures are rare. But the fact that Frederick Elwell's "The Firstborn" told a human story, and told it with sympathy, with delicacy and understanding, all under the control of an excellent technique, did much to account for its universal appeal.

Mr. Elwell, who is a young English painter living in Yorkshire, has become deservedly popular abroad through these story-telling pictures, mainly because of his success in balancing evenly in them the little romance or the homely incident which he has to reveal and the artistic effect which he wishes to create. Although two other pictures represented him at last Spring's Academy, it was "The Firstborn" which held the attention of every visitor to the exhibition.

By special arrangement, The Times has been enabled to present this appealing picture to its readers through the medium of its new process of printing, the rotogravure. Although it would seem that the very life of the picture would vanish utterly were Mr. Elwell's soft and subtle color scheme subtracted, yet the substitution of the velvety brown shadows and the exquisite tones which are obtainable under the new German process of picture-printing are an amazing revelation of the possibilities of rotogravure. One can still feel the warmth of the morning sunshine that slants across the bed, and realize the texture of the hanging above the little group of three. It might almost be said that Mr. Elwell's power of delicate characterization is heightened rather than obscured by the absence of the original color.

It is now four years since the sensation created in Europe by the Easter number of the Freiburger Zeitung which was printed by this process that combines intaglio engraving with modern photography. While intaglio etching is as old as etching itself, and the photogravure methods upon which the present rotogravure is based have been known and used to a limited extent for the past forty years, the genius who harnessed the method to the rotary press revolutionized the whole art and enormously enlarged for the newspaper the field of picture-printing.

The presses by which The New York Times has introduced this marvelous process to the American public were made in Germany and but recently installed in The Times Annex.